
Cybersecurity, Energy, and Intelligence Tradeoffs in IoT

Invited Lecture, Sponsored by TEQIP-III, Govt. of India
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Saraju P. Mohanty
University of North Texas, USA.

Email: smohanty@ieee.org **Website:** <http://www.smohanty.org>

The Big Picture

Population Trend – Urban Migration

“India is to be found not in its few cities, but in its 700,000 villages.”
- Mahatma Gandhi

- 2025: 60% of world population will be urban
- 2050: 70% of world population will be urban



Source: <http://www.urbangateway.org>

Issues Challenging City Sustainability



Pollution



Water Crisis



Energy Crisis



Traffic

Smart City Technology - As a Solution

- **Smart Cities:** For effective management of limited resource to serve largest possible population to improve:

- Livability
- Workability
- Sustainability

At Different Levels:

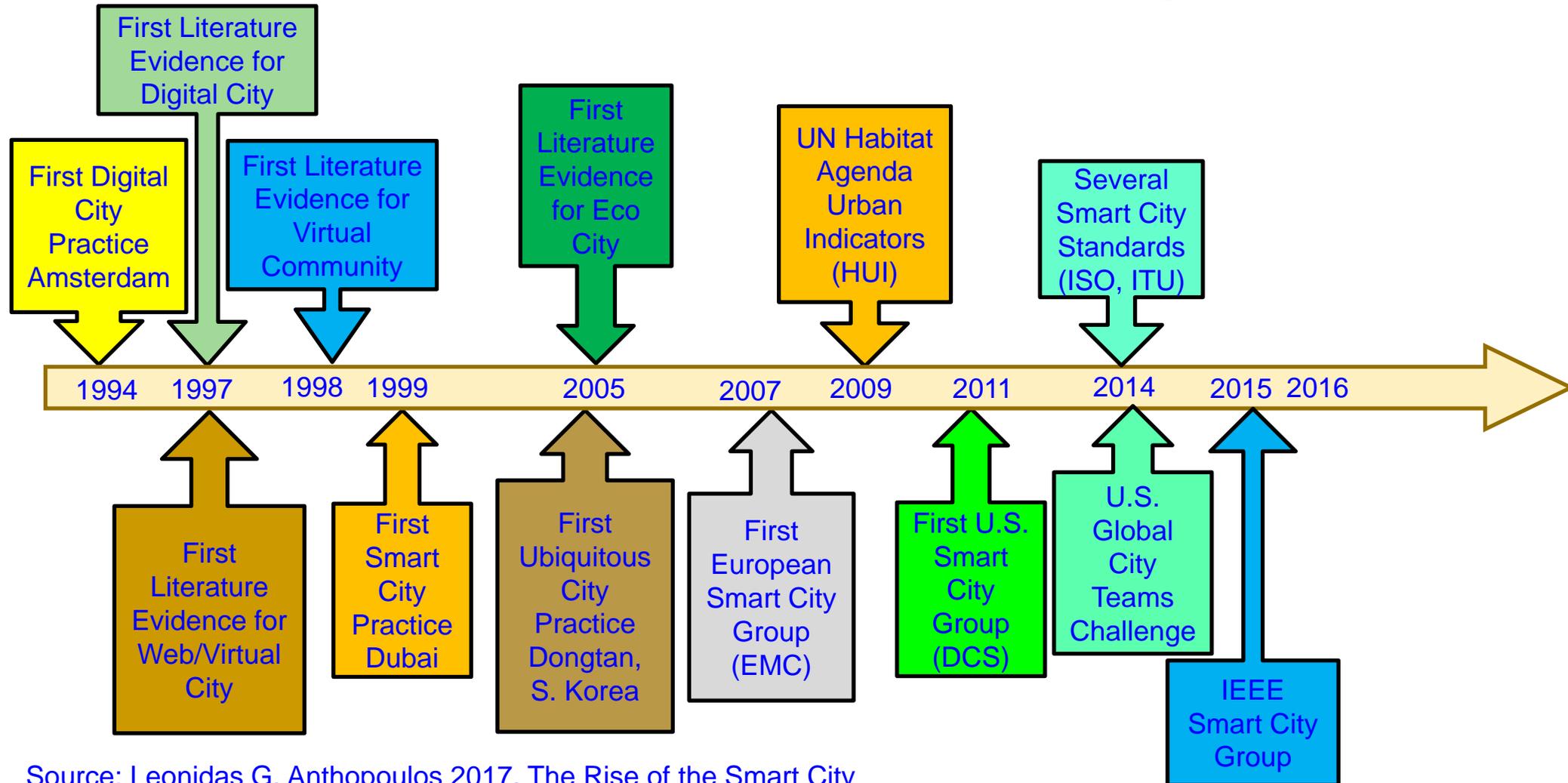
- Smart Village
- Smart State
- Smart Country

➤ **Year 2050: 70% of world population will be urban**



Source: S. P. Mohanty, U. Choppali, and E. Kougianos, "Everything You wanted to Know about Smart Cities", *IEEE Consumer Electronics Magazine*, Vol. 5, No. 3, July 2016, pp. 60--70.

Smart Cities - History



Source: Leonidas G. Anthopoulos 2017, The Rise of the Smart City

Smart Cities Vs Smart Villages

City - An inhabited place of greater size, population, or importance than a town or village

-- Merriam-Webster

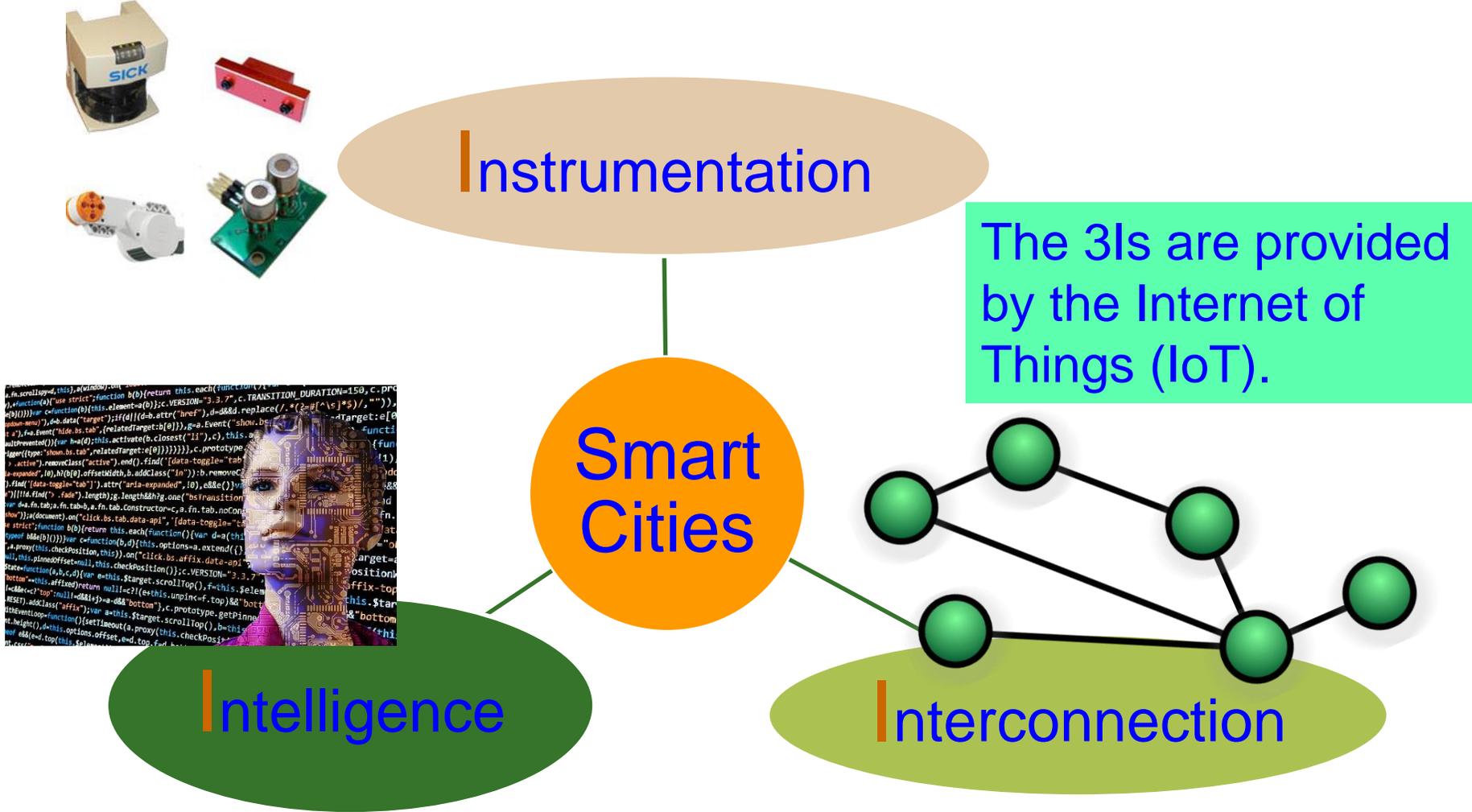
Smart City: A city “connecting the physical infrastructure, the information-technology infrastructure, the social infrastructure, and the business infrastructure to leverage the collective intelligence of the city”.

Source: S. P. Mohanty, U. Choppali, and E. Kougianos, “Everything You wanted to Know about Smart Cities”, *IEEE Consumer Electronics Magazine*, Vol. 5, No. 3, July 2016, pp. 60--70.

Smart Village: A village that uses information and communication technologies (ICT) for advancing economic and social development to make villages **sustainable**.

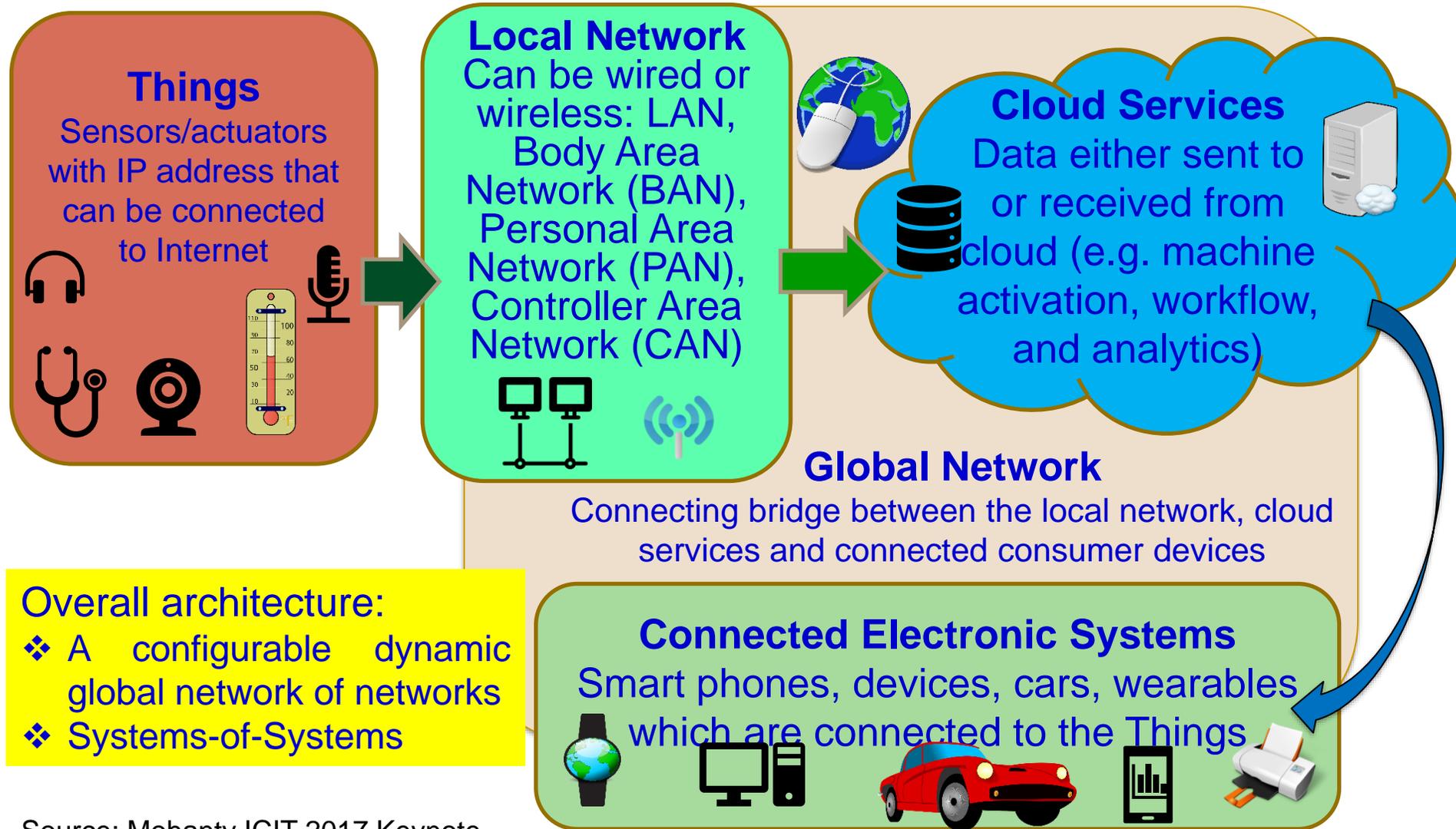
Source: S. K. Ram, B. B. Das, K. K. Mahapatra, S. P. Mohanty, and U. Choppali, “Energy Perspectives in IoT Driven Smart Villages and Smart Cities”, *IEEE Consumer Electronics Magazine (MCE)*, Vol. XX, No. YY, ZZ 2021, DOI: 10.1109/MCE.2020.3023293.

Smart Cities - 3 Is



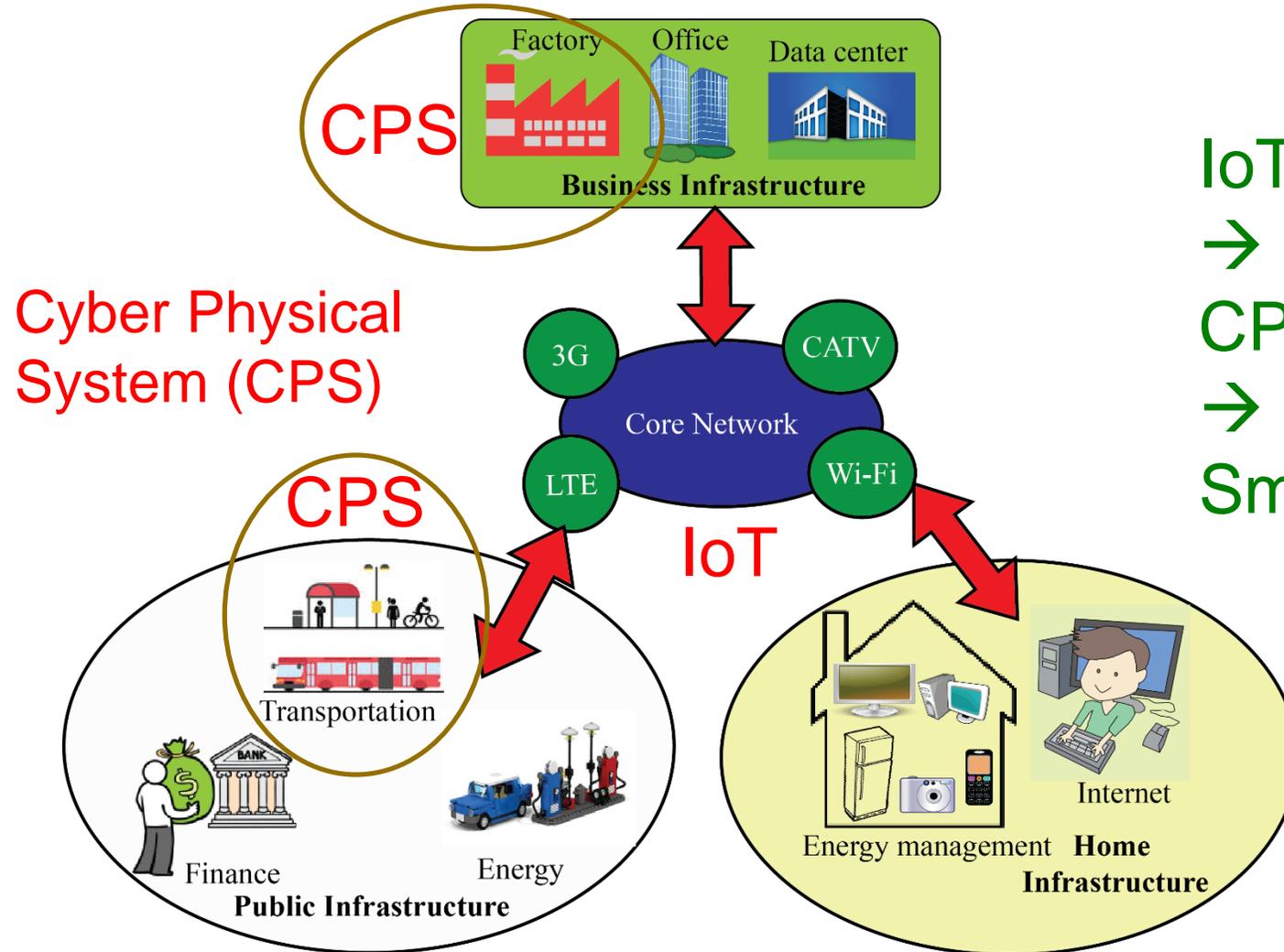
Source: Mohanty ISC2 2019 Keynote

Internet of Things (IoT) – Concept



Source: Mohanty ICIT 2017 Keynote

IoT → CPS → Smart Cities or Smart Villages

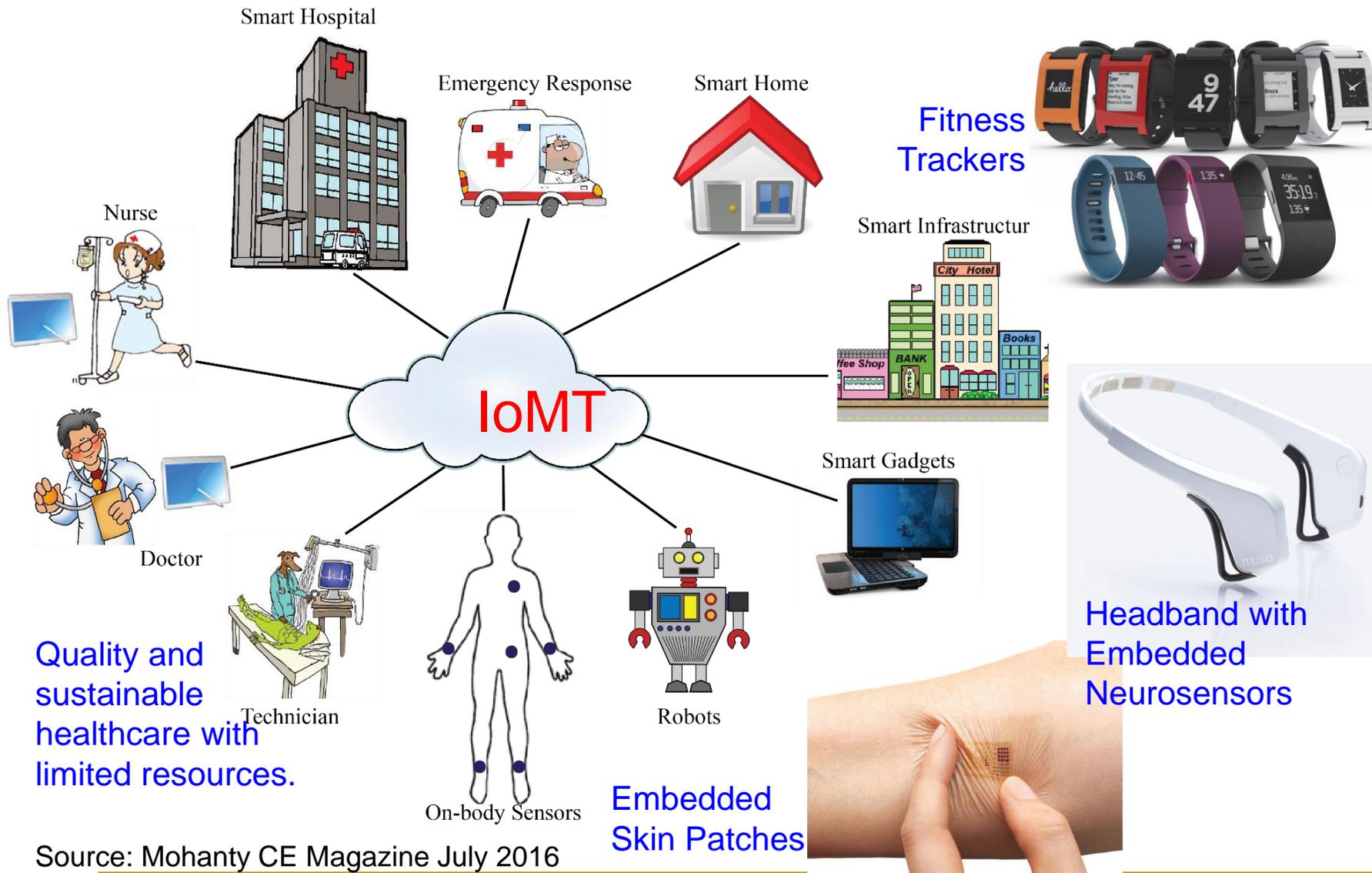


IoT
→
CPS (Smart Components)
→
Smart Cities or Smart Villages

IoT is the backbone

Source: S. P. Mohanty, U. Choppali, and E. Kougianos, "Everything You wanted to Know about Smart Cities", *IEEE Consumer Electronics Magazine*, Vol. 5, No. 3, July 2016, pp. 60--70.

Smart Healthcare



Quality and sustainable healthcare with limited resources.

Source: Mohanty CE Magazine July 2016



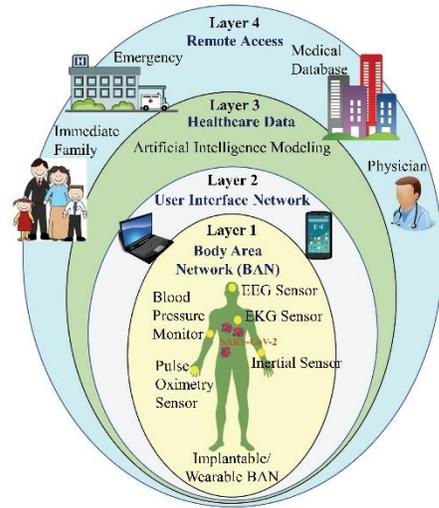
Healthcare Cyber-Physical System (H-CPS)

IEEE
Consumer

Electronics Magazine

Volume 9 Number 5

September 2020

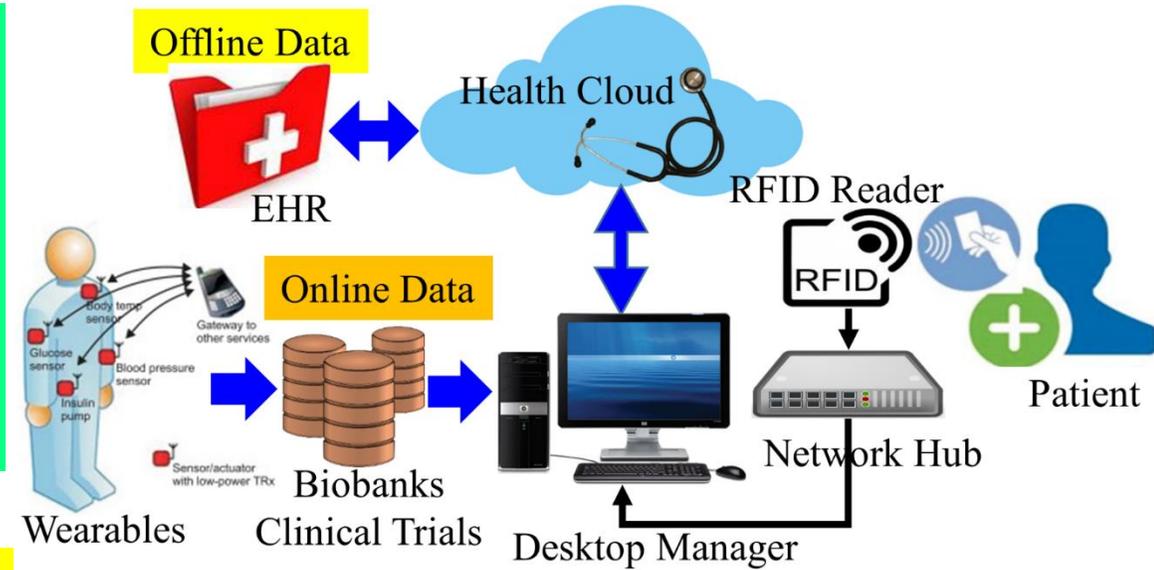


Healthcare Cyber-Physical System (H-CPS)

Internet-of-Medical-Things (IoMT)

OR

Internet-of-Health-Things (IoHT)



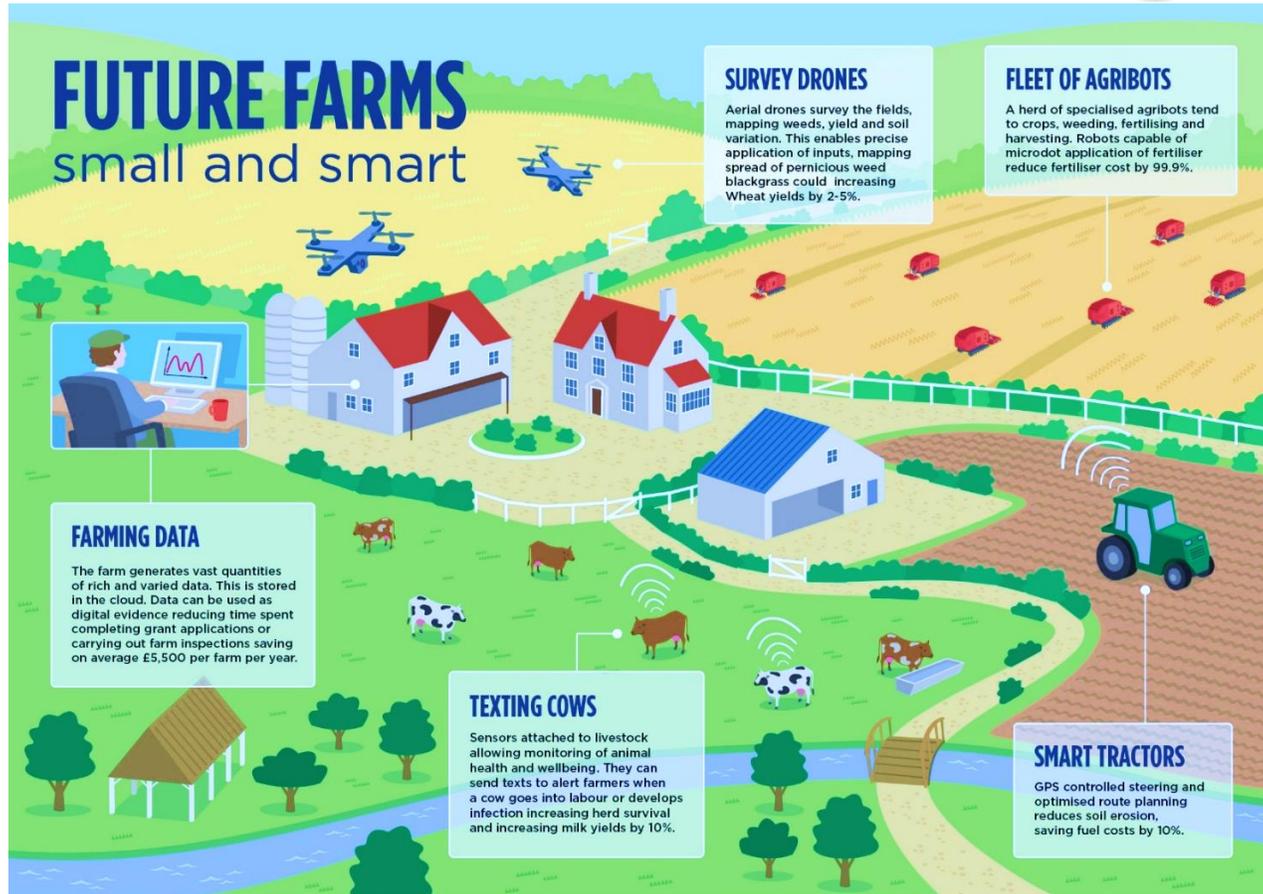
Requires:

- ❖ Data and Device Security
- ❖ Data Privacy

H-CPS ← Biosensors + Medical Devices + Wearable Medical Devices (WMDs) + Implantable Medical Devices (IMDs) + Internet + Healthcare database + AI/ML + Applications that connected through Internet.

Frost and Sullivan predicts smart healthcare market value to reach US\$348.5 billion by 2025.

Smart Agriculture



Source: <http://www.nesta.org.uk/blog/precision-agriculture-almost-20-increase-income-possible-smart-farming>

Smart Agriculture/Farming Market Worth \$18.21 Billion By 2025

Sources: <http://www.grandviewresearch.com/press-release/global-smart-agriculture-farming-market>

Climate-Smart Agriculture
Objectives:

- Increasing agricultural productivity
- Resilience to climate change
- Reducing greenhouse gas

<http://www.fao.org>

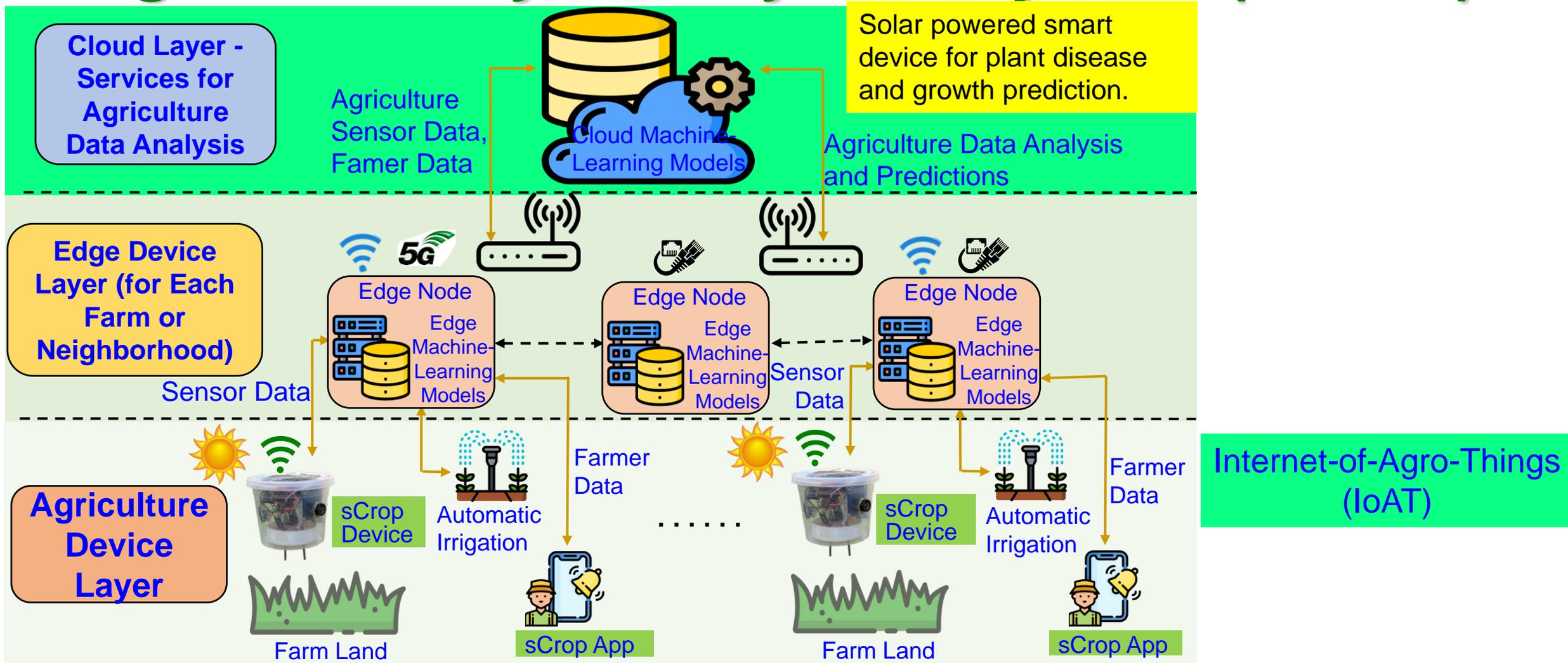
Internet-of-Agro-Things (IoAT)

Automatic Irrigation System



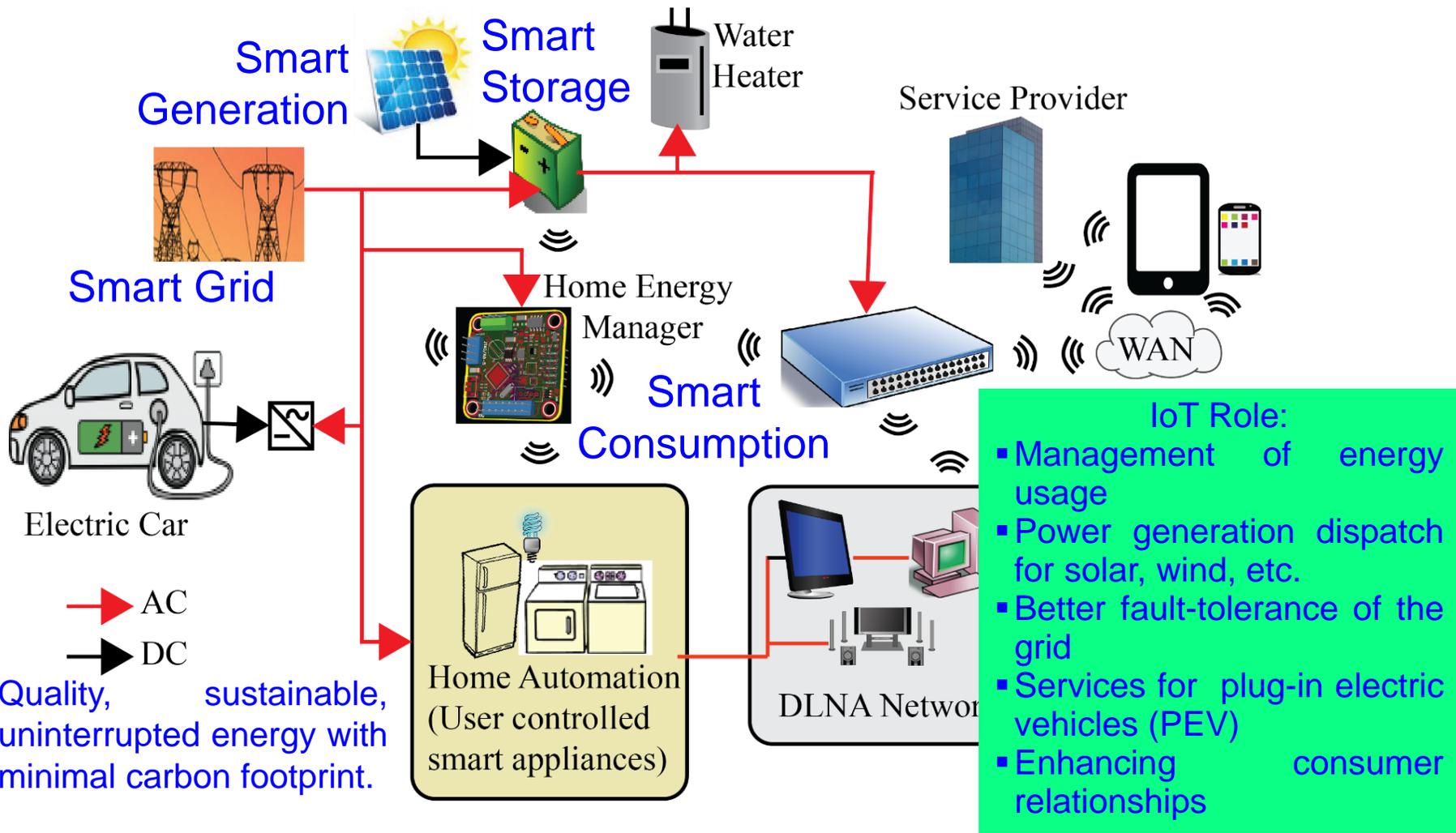
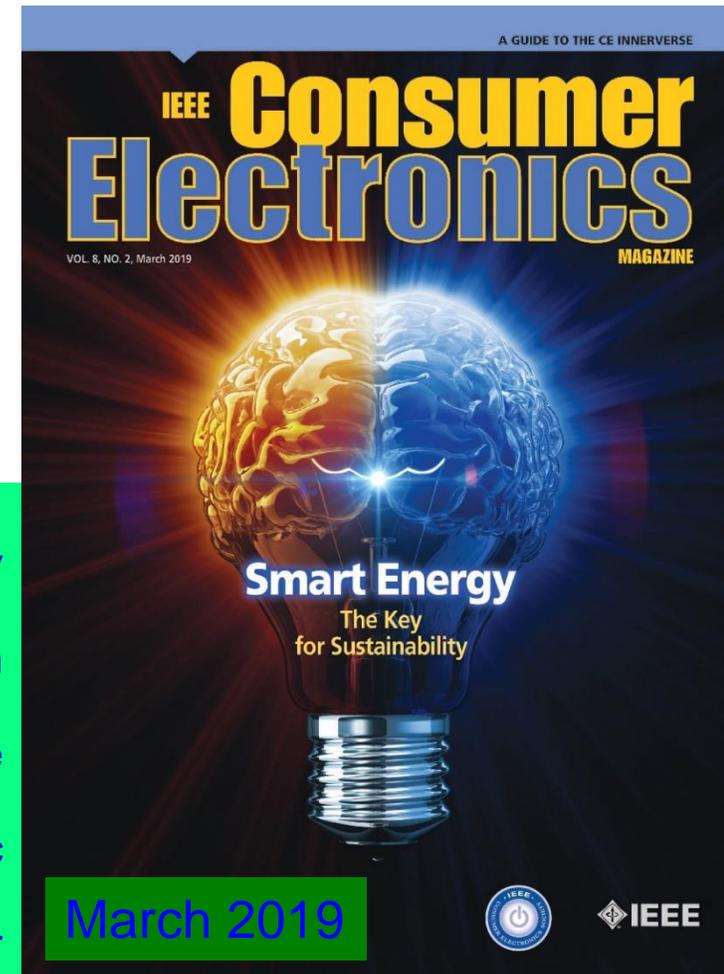
Source: Maurya 2017, CE Magazine July 2017

Agriculture Cyber-Physical System (A-CPS)



Source: V. Udutalappally, S. P. Mohanty, V. Pallagani, and V. Khandelwal, "sCrop: A Novel Device for Sustainable Automatic Disease Prediction, Crop Selection, and Irrigation in Internet-of-Agro-Things for Smart Agriculture", *IEEE Sensors Journal*, Vol. XX, No. YY, ZZ 2020, pp. Accepted on 14 Oct 2020, DOI: 10.1109/JSEN.2020.3032438.

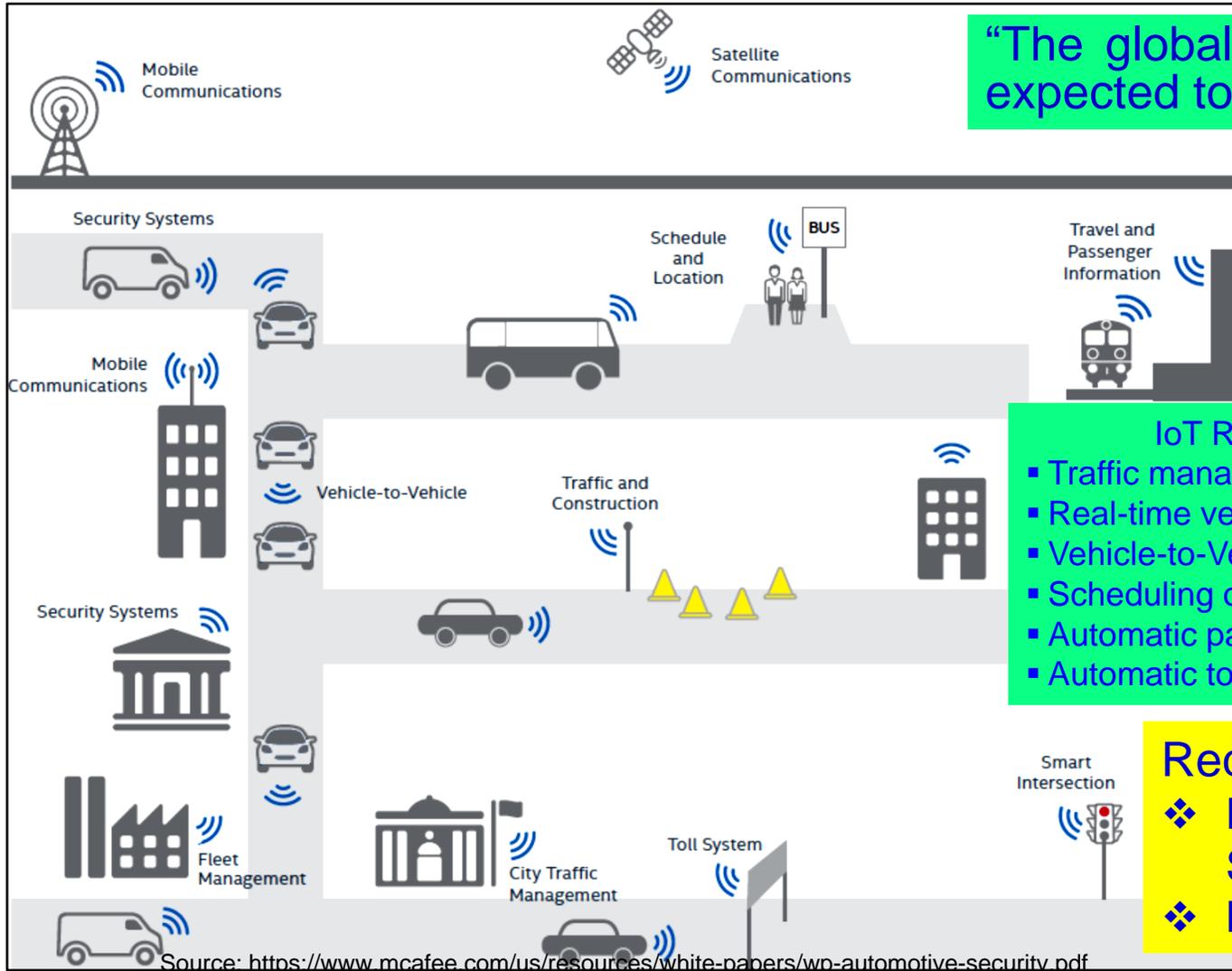
Energy Cyber-Physical System (E-CPS)



Internet of Energy

Source: S. P. Mohanty, U. Choppali, and E. Kougianos, "Everything You wanted to Know about Smart Cities", *IEEE Consumer Electronics Magazine*, Vol. 5, No. 3, July 2016, pp. 60--70.

Transportation Cyber-Physical System (T-CPS)



“The global market of IoT based connected cars is expected to reach \$46 Billion by 2020.”

Source: Datta 2017, CE Magazine Oct 2017

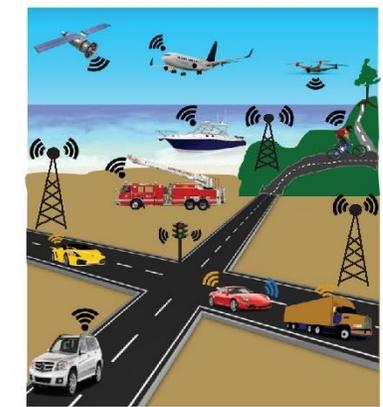
- IoT Role Includes:**
- Traffic management
 - Real-time vehicle tracking
 - Vehicle-to-Vehicle communication
 - Scheduling of train, aircraft
 - Automatic payment/ticket system
 - Automatic toll collection

- Requires:**
- ❖ Data and Device Security
 - ❖ Location Privacy

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JULY/AUGUST 2020



Transportation Cyber-Physical System (T-CPS)

July 2020



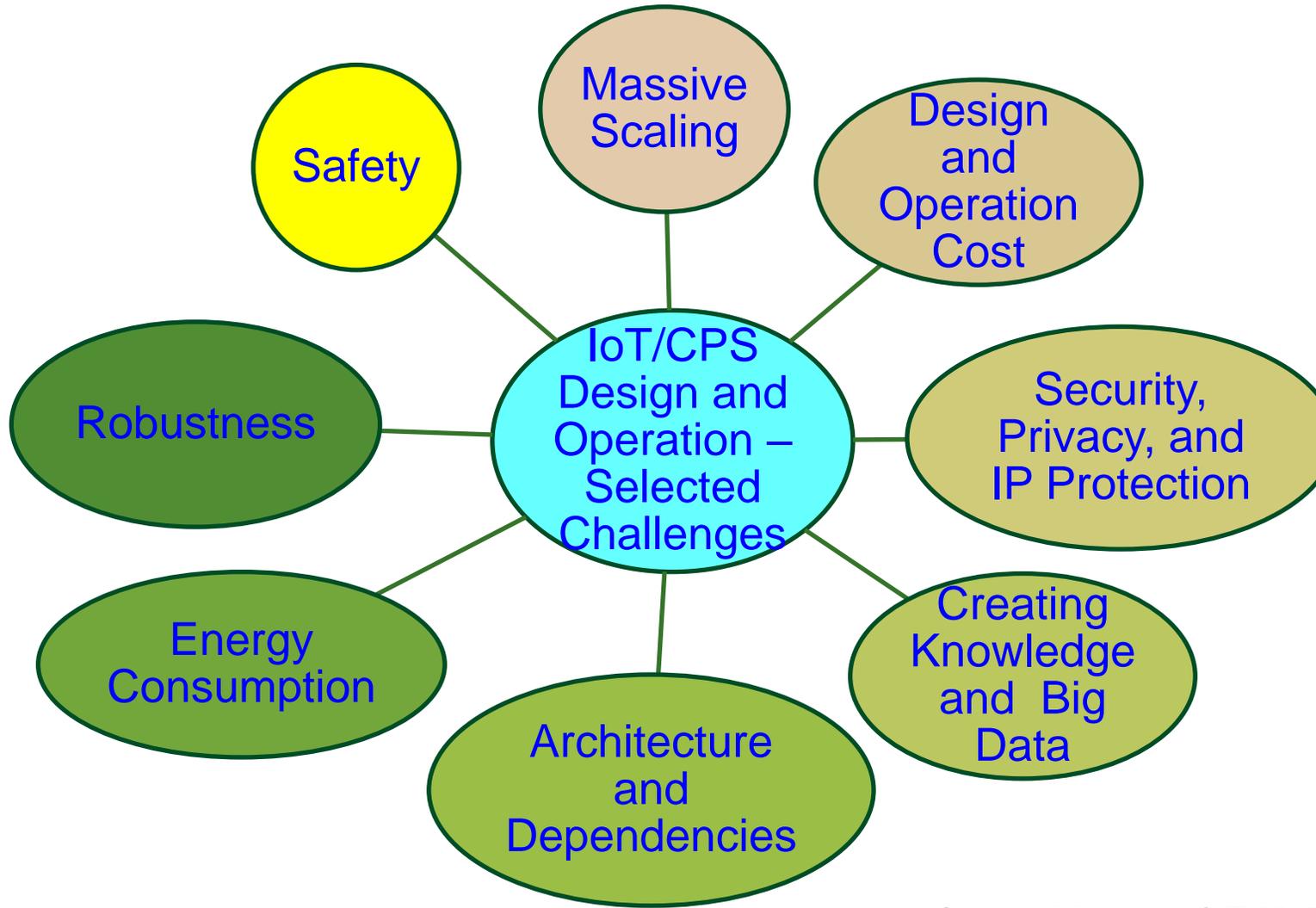
<https://cesoc.ieee.org/>



Challenges in IoT/CPS Design

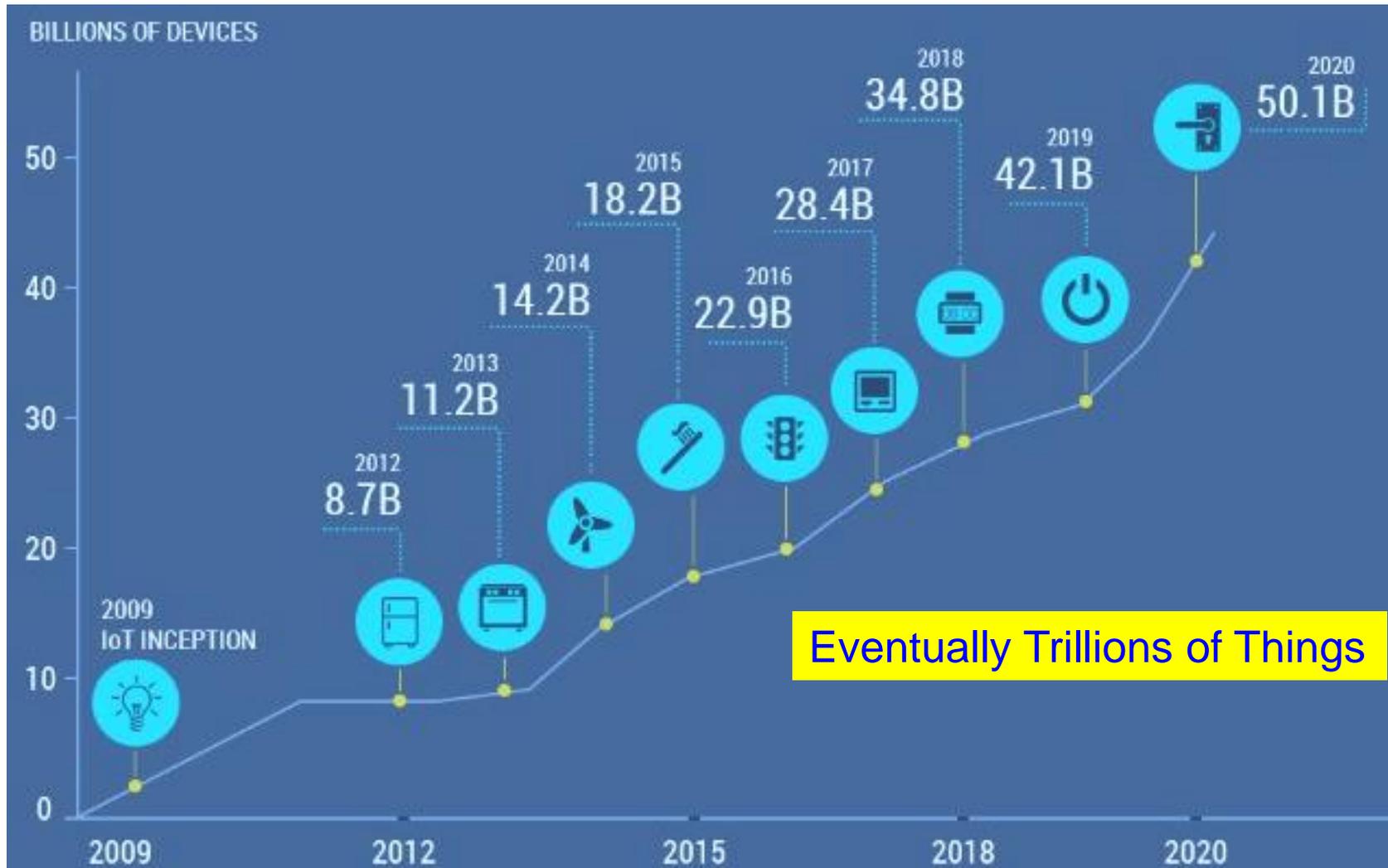


IoT/CPS – Selected Challenges



Source: Mohanty ICIT 2017 Keynote

Massive Growth of Sensors/Things



Source: <https://www.linkedin.com/pulse/history-iot-industrial-internet-sensors-data-lakes-0-downtime>

Security Challenges – Information



Online Banking



Credit Card Theft

Hacked: LinkedIn, Tumblr, & Myspace

LinkedIn **Who did it:** A hacker going by the name Peace.

tumblr. **What was done:** 500 million passwords were stolen.

myspace

Details: Peace had the following for sale on a Dark Web Store:

- 167 million LinkedIn passwords
- 360 million Myspace passwords
- 68 million Tumblr passwords
- 100 million VK.com passwords
- 71 million Twitter passwords

Personal Information



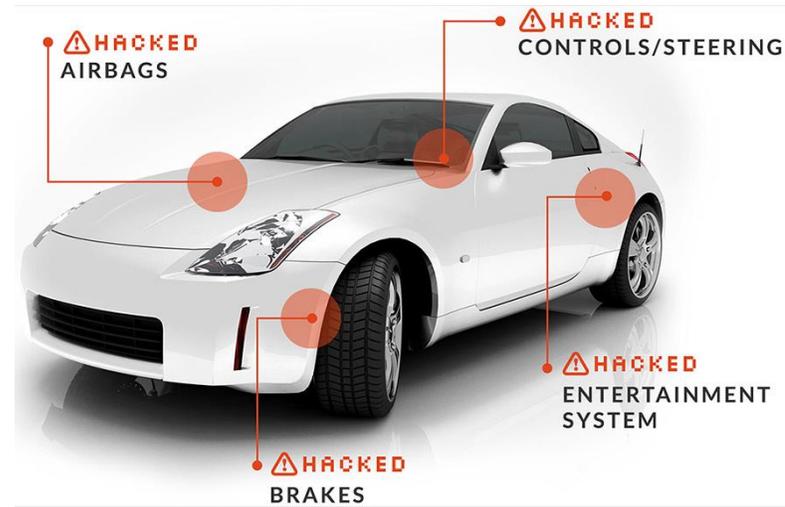
Credit Card/Unauthorized Shopping

Cybersecurity Challenges - System

Power Grid Attack



Source: <http://www.csoonline.com/article/3177209/security/why-the-ukraine-power-grid-attacks-should-raise-alarm.html>



Source: <http://money.cnn.com/2014/06/01/technology/security/car-hack/>



Source: <http://politicalblindspot.com/u-s-drone-hacked-and-hijacked-with-ease/>

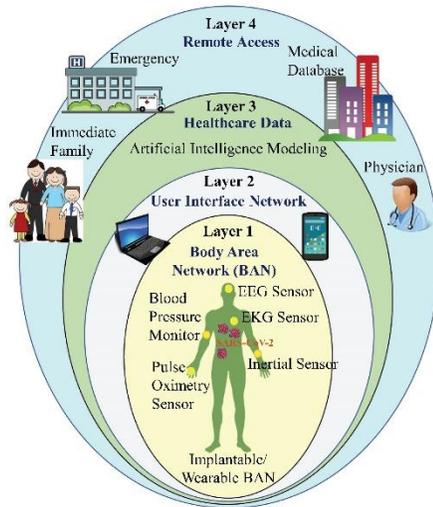
Smart Healthcare - Security and Privacy Issue

IEEE
Consumer

Electronics Magazine

Volume 9 Number 5

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Healthcare Cyber-Physical System (H-CPS)



Selected Smart Healthcare Security/Privacy Challenges

Data Eavesdropping

Data Confidentiality

Data Privacy

Location Privacy

Identity Threats

Access Control

Unique Identification

Data Integrity

Device Security

IoMT Security Issue is Real & Scary

- Insulin pumps are vulnerable to hacking, FDA warns amid recall:

<https://www.washingtonpost.com/health/2019/06/28/insulin-pumps-are-vulnerable-hacking-fda-warns-amid-recall/>

- Software vulnerabilities in some medical devices could leave them susceptible to hackers, FDA warns:

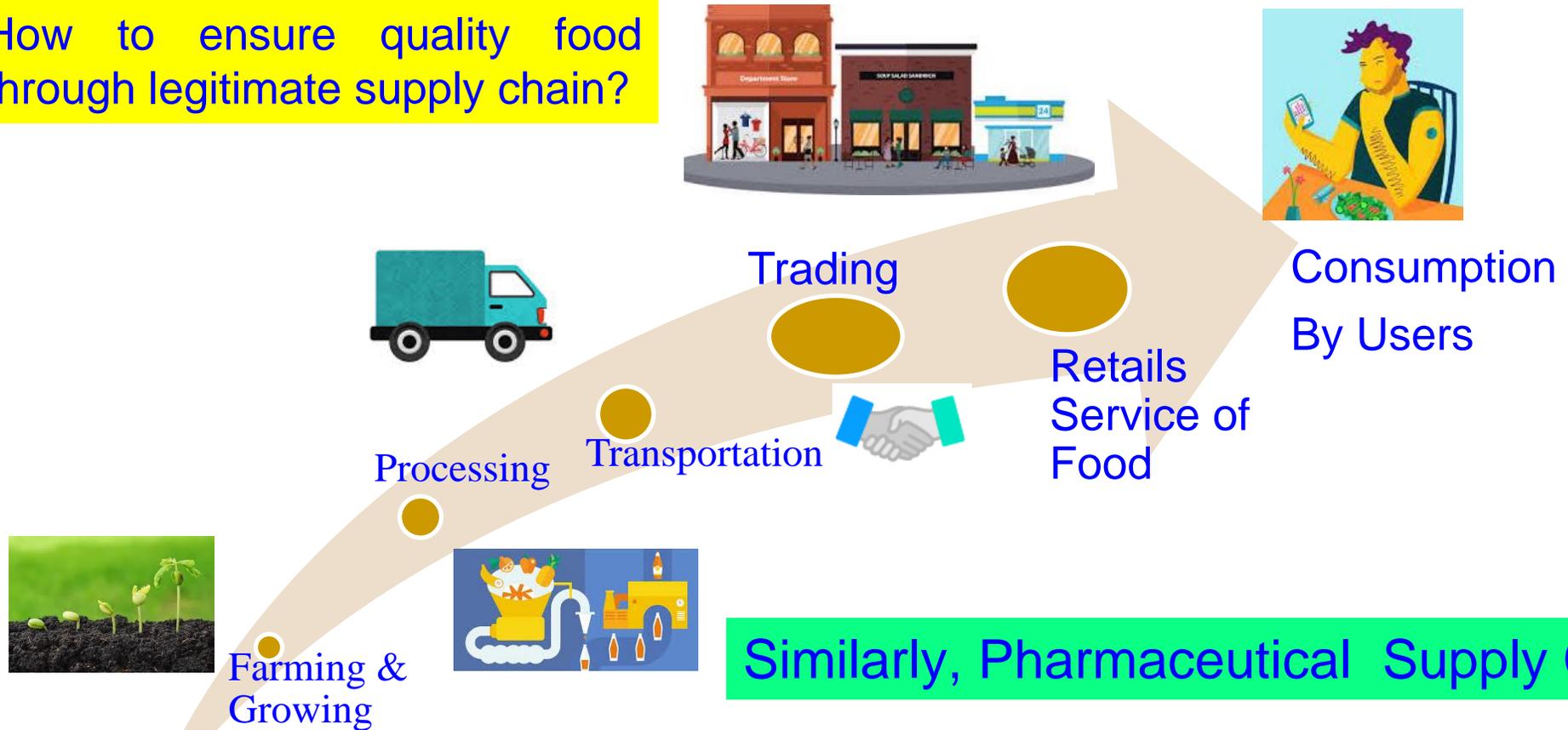
<https://www.cnn.com/2019/10/02/health/fda-medical-devices-hackers-trnd/index.html>

- FDA Issues Recall For Medtronic mHealth Devices Over Hacking Concerns:

<https://mhealthintelligence.com/news/fda-issues-recall-for-medtronic-mhealth-devices-over-hacking-concerns>

Reliable Supply Chain: Food Supply Chain: Farm → Dinning

How to ensure quality food through legitimate supply chain?

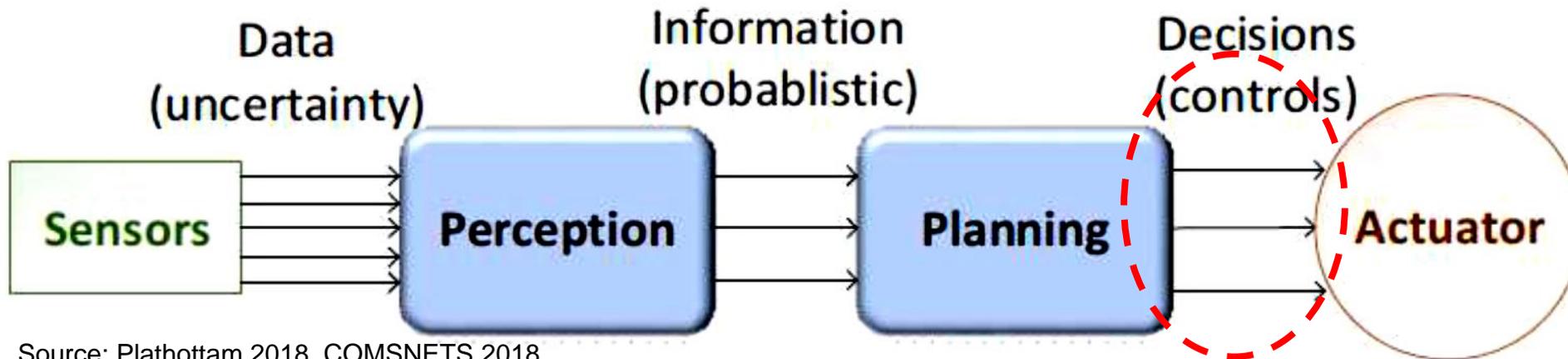


Source: A. M. Joshi, U. P. Shukla, and S. P. Mohanty, "Smart Healthcare for Diabetes: A COVID-19 Perspective", *arXiv Quantitative Biology*, [arXiv:2008.11153](https://arxiv.org/abs/2008.11153), August 2020, 18-pages.

Smart Car – Modification of Input Signal of Control Can be Dangerous

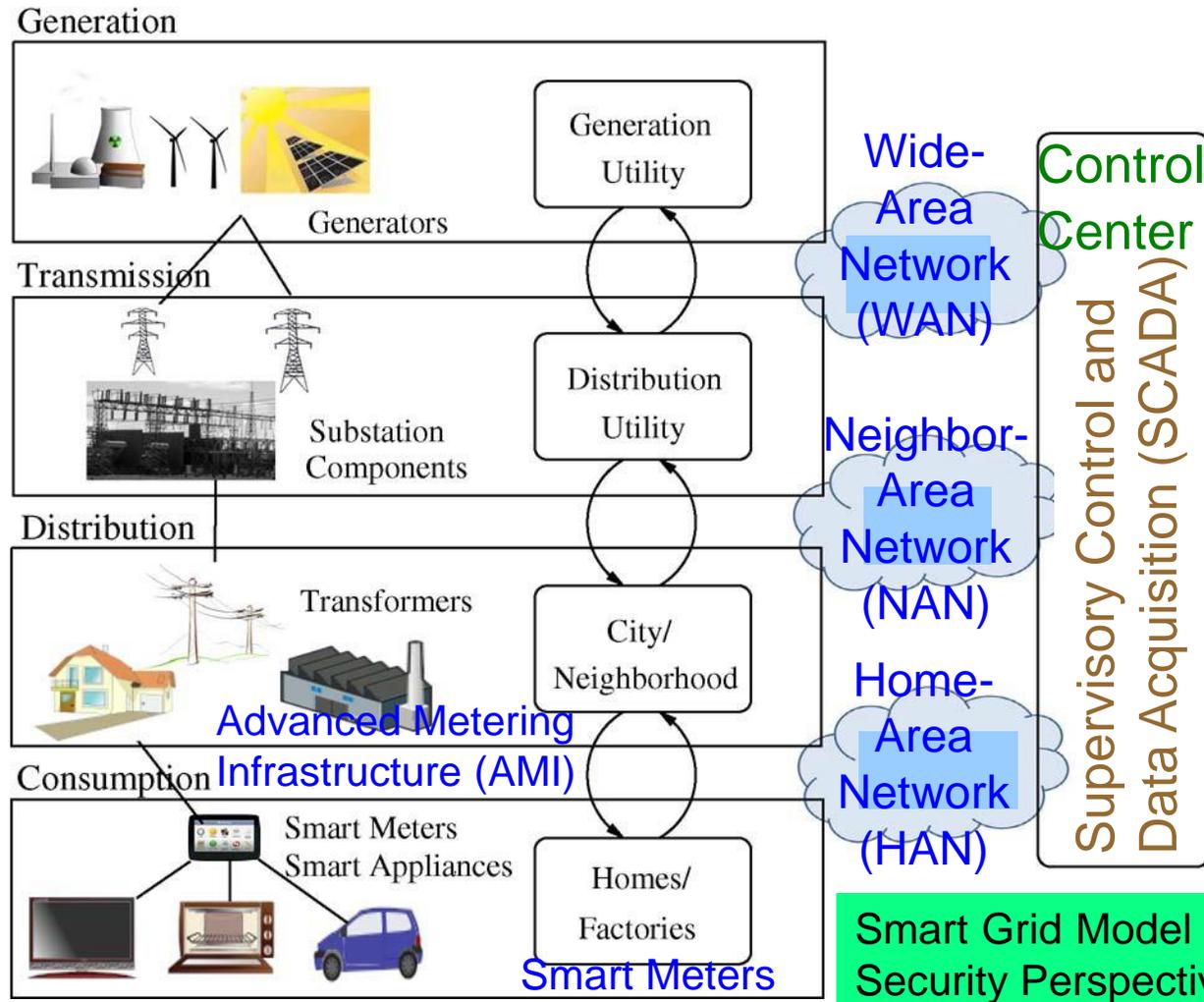


- Typically vehicles are controlled by human drivers
- Designing an Autonomous Vehicle (AV) requires decision chains.
- AV actuators controlled by algorithms.
- Decision chain involves sensor data, perception, planning and actuation.
- Perception transforms sensory data to useful information.
- Planning involves decision making.



Source: Plathottam 2018, COMSNETS 2018

Smart Grid - Vulnerability



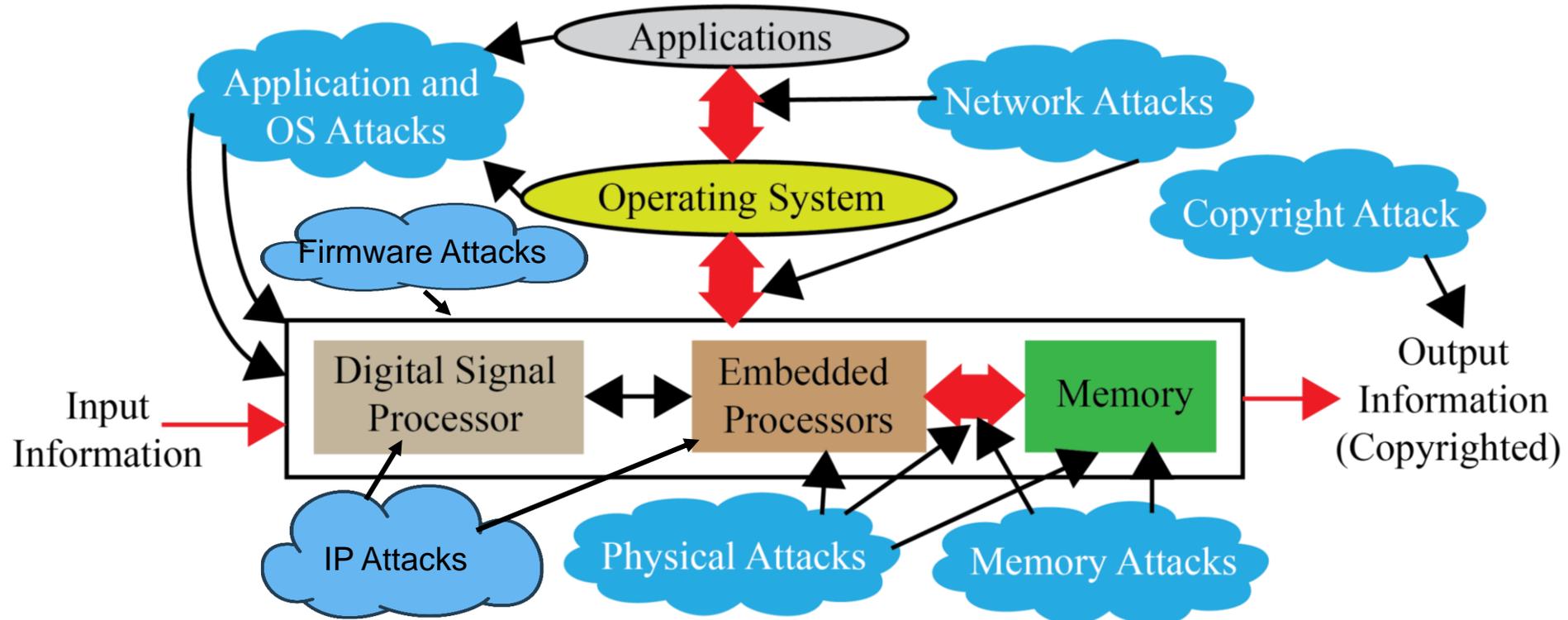
Information and Communication Technology (ICT) components of smart grid is cyber vulnerable.

Data, Application/System Software, Firmware of Embedded System are the loop holes for security/privacy.

- Network/Communication Components
- Phasor Measurement Units (PMU)
- Phasor Data Concentrators (PDC)
- Energy Storage Systems (ESS)
- Programmable Logic Controllers (PLCs)
- Smart Meters

Source: Y. Mo *et al.*, "Cyber-Physical Security of a Smart Grid Infrastructure", *Proceedings of the IEEE*, vol. 100, no. 1, pp. 195-209, Jan. 2012.

Selected Attacks on a CE System – Security, Privacy, IP Rights



Diverse forms of Attacks, following are not the same: System Security, Information Security, Information Privacy, System Trustworthiness, Hardware IP protection, Information Copyright Protection.

Source: Mohanty ZINC 2018 Keynote

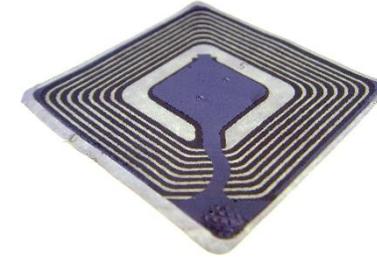
RFID Security - Attacks



Selected
RFID
Attacks

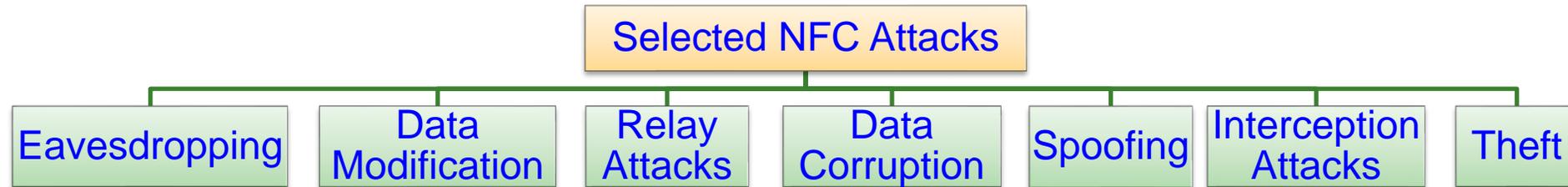


Numerous Applications



Source: Khattab 2017; Springer 2017 RFID Security

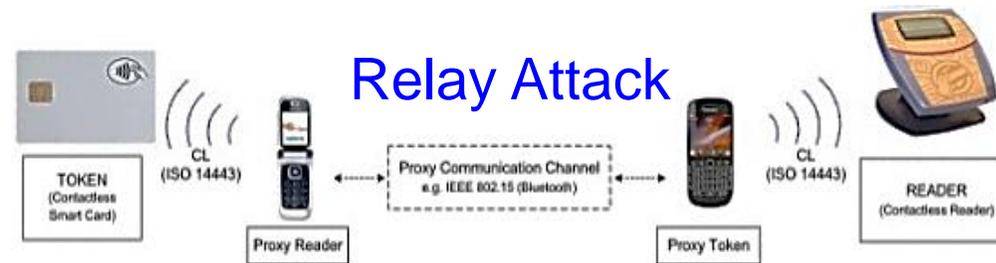
NFC Security - Attacks



Source: <http://www.idigitaltimes.com/new-android-nfc-attack-could-steal-money-credit-cards-anytime-your-phone-near-445497>

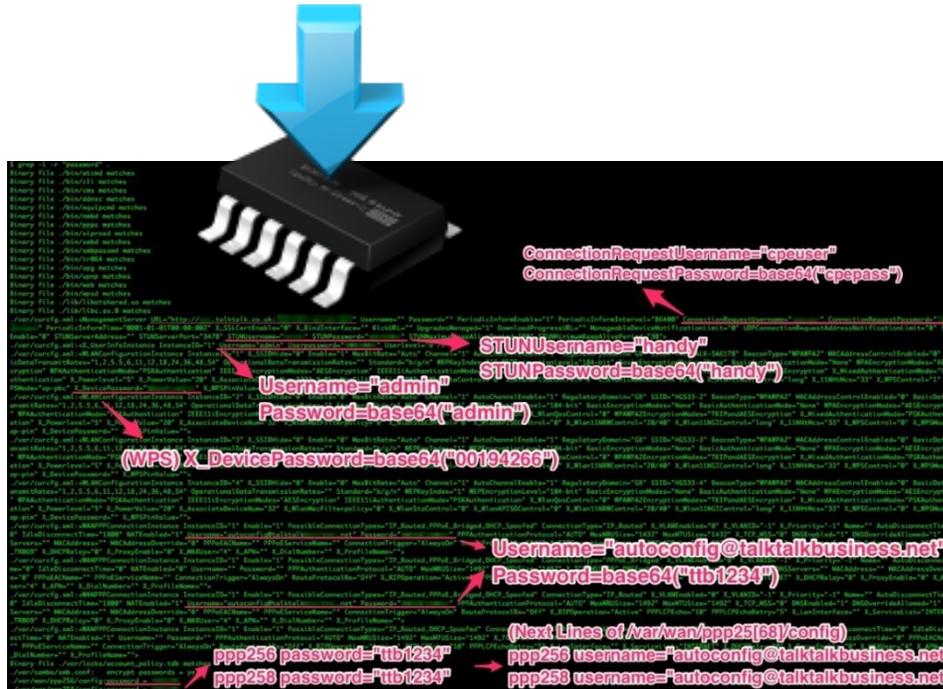


Source: <http://resources.infosecinstitute.com/near-field-communication-nfc-technology-vulnerabilities-and-principal-attack-schema/>

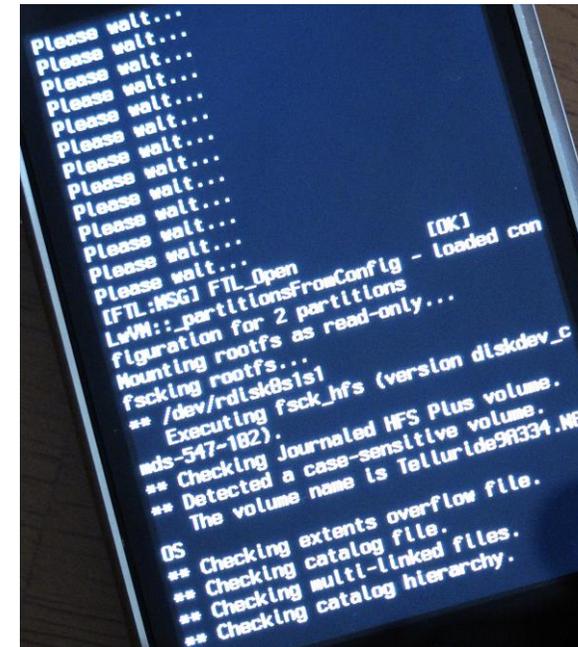


Source: <https://www.slideshare.net/cgvwzq/on-relaying-nfc-payment-transactions-using-android-devices>

Firmware Reverse Engineering – Security Threat for Embedded System



Extract, modify, or reprogram code

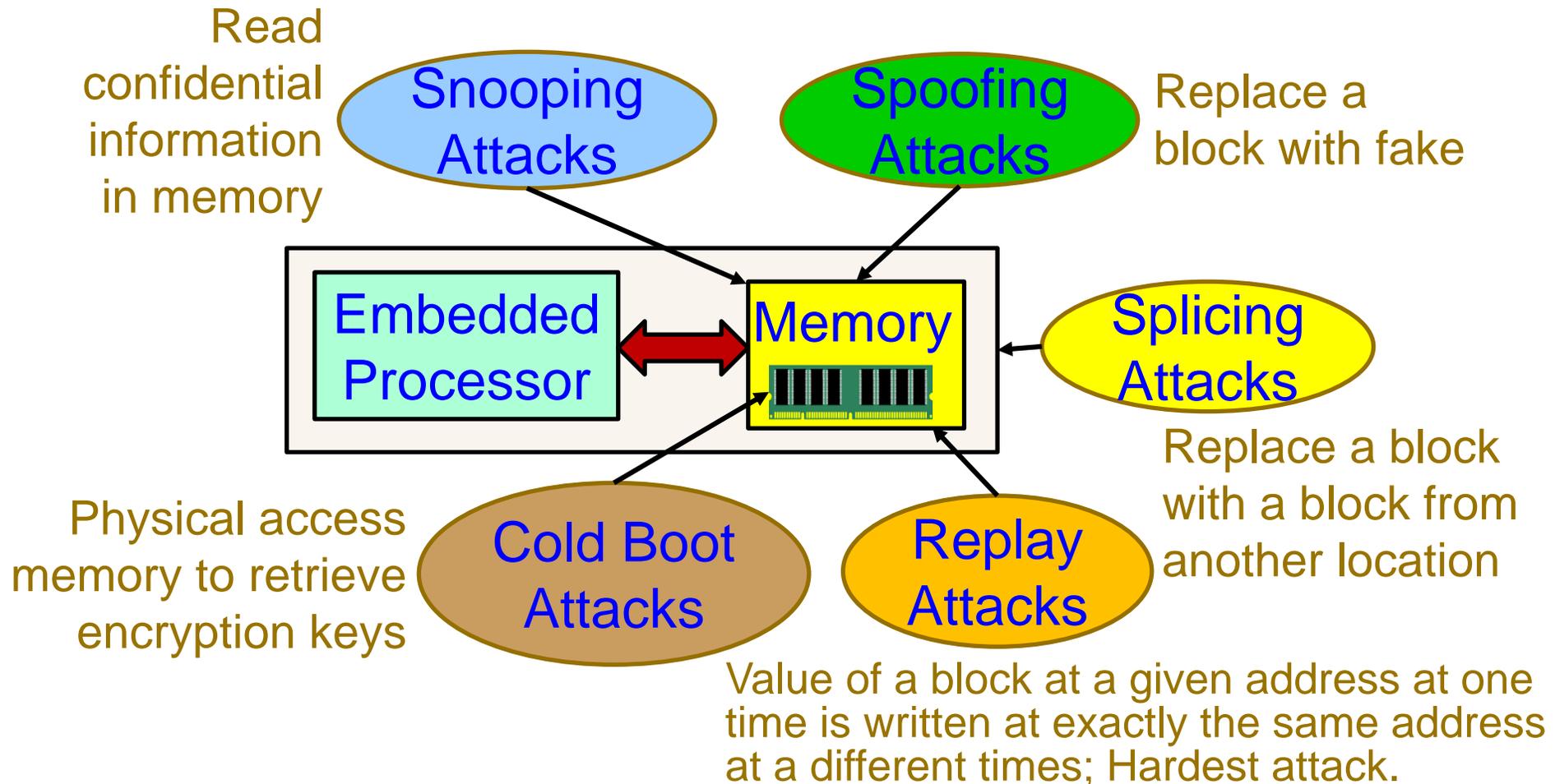


OS exploitation,
Device jailbreaking

Source: <http://jccj-dev.com/>

Source: http://grandideastudio.com/wp-content/uploads/current_state_of_hh_slides.pdf

Attacks on Embedded Systems' Memory



Source: S. Nimgaonkar, M. Gomathisankaran, and S. P. Mohanty, "TSV: A Novel Energy Efficient Memory Integrity Verification Scheme for Embedded Systems", *Elsevier Journal of Systems Architecture*, Vol. 59, No. 7, Aug 2013, pp. 400-411.

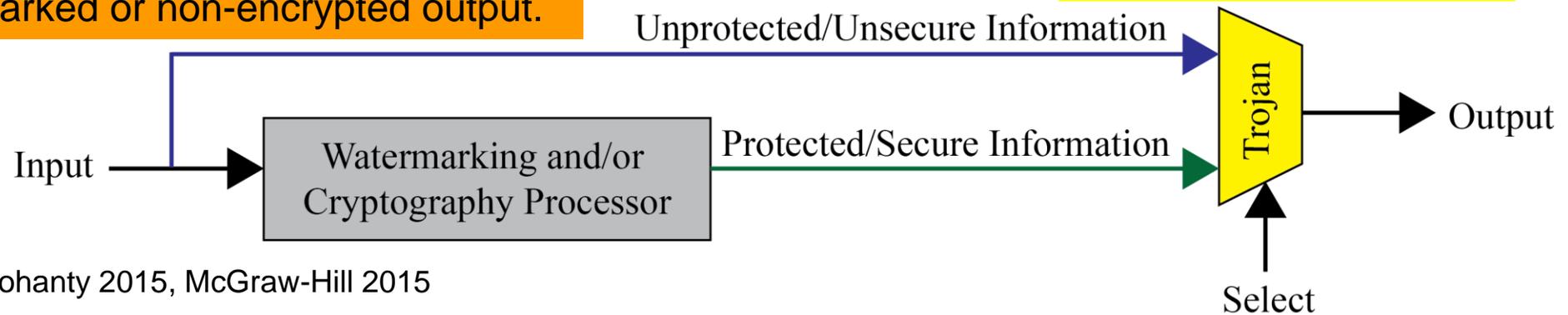
Trojans can Provide Backdoor Entry to Adversary



Provide backdoor to adversary.
Chip fails during critical needs.

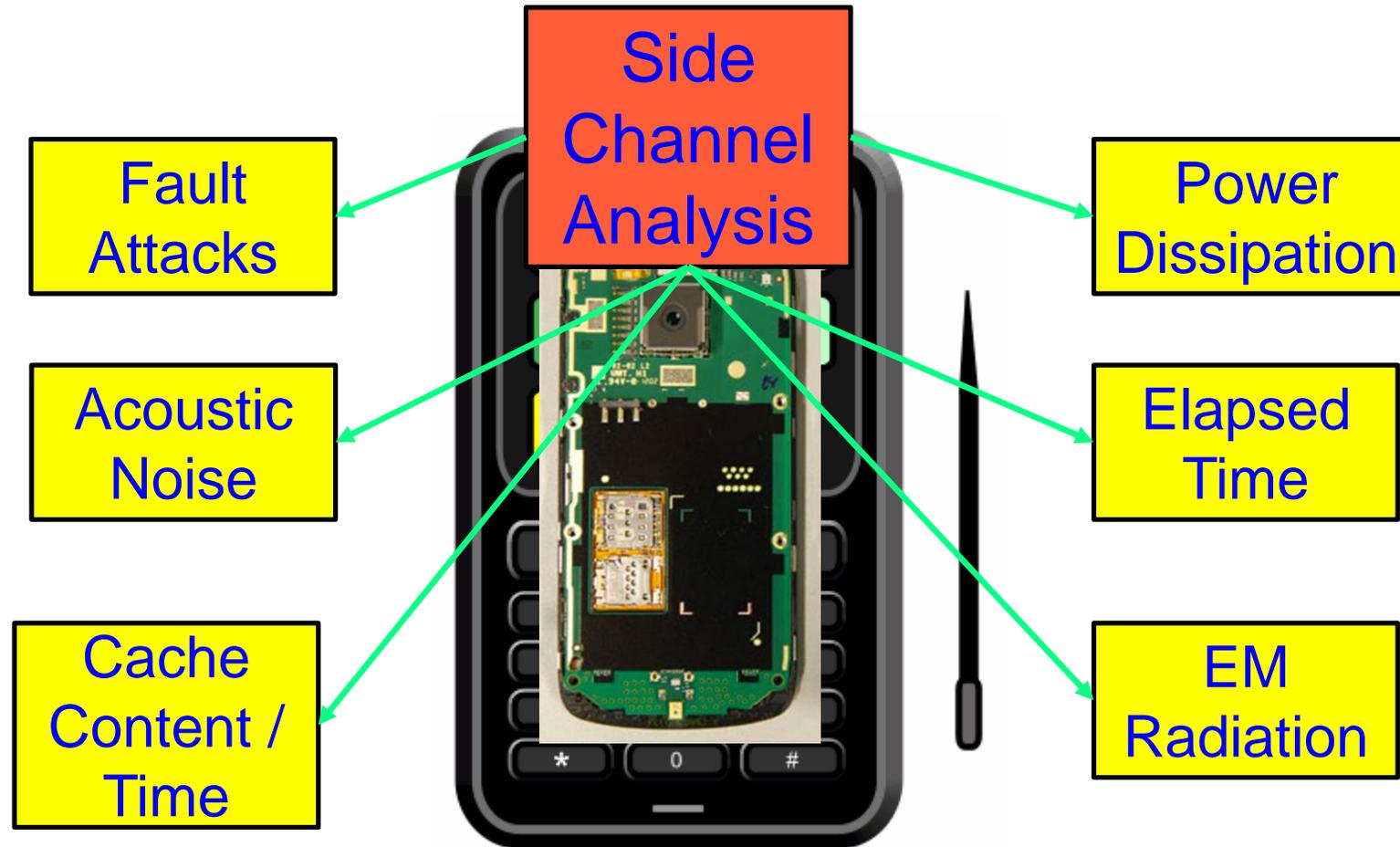
Information may bypass giving a non-watermarked or non-encrypted output.

Hardware Trojans



Source: Mohanty 2015, McGraw-Hill 2015

Side Channel Analysis Attacks



Breaking Encryption is not a matter of Years, but a matter of Hours.

Source: Parameswaran Keynote iNIS-2017

Security, Privacy, and IP Rights



System Security

Data Security

System Privacy

Data Privacy



Data Ownership



Counterfeit Hardware
(IP Rights Violation)



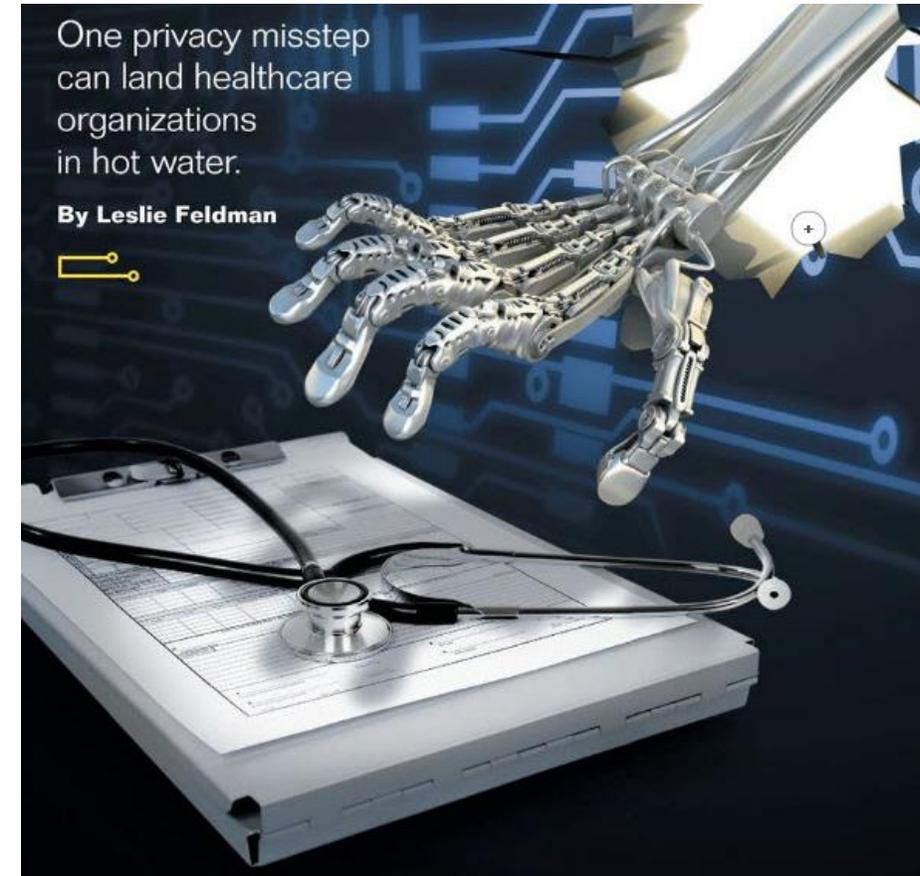
Source: Mohanty ICIT 2017 Keynote



Privacy Challenge – Personal Data

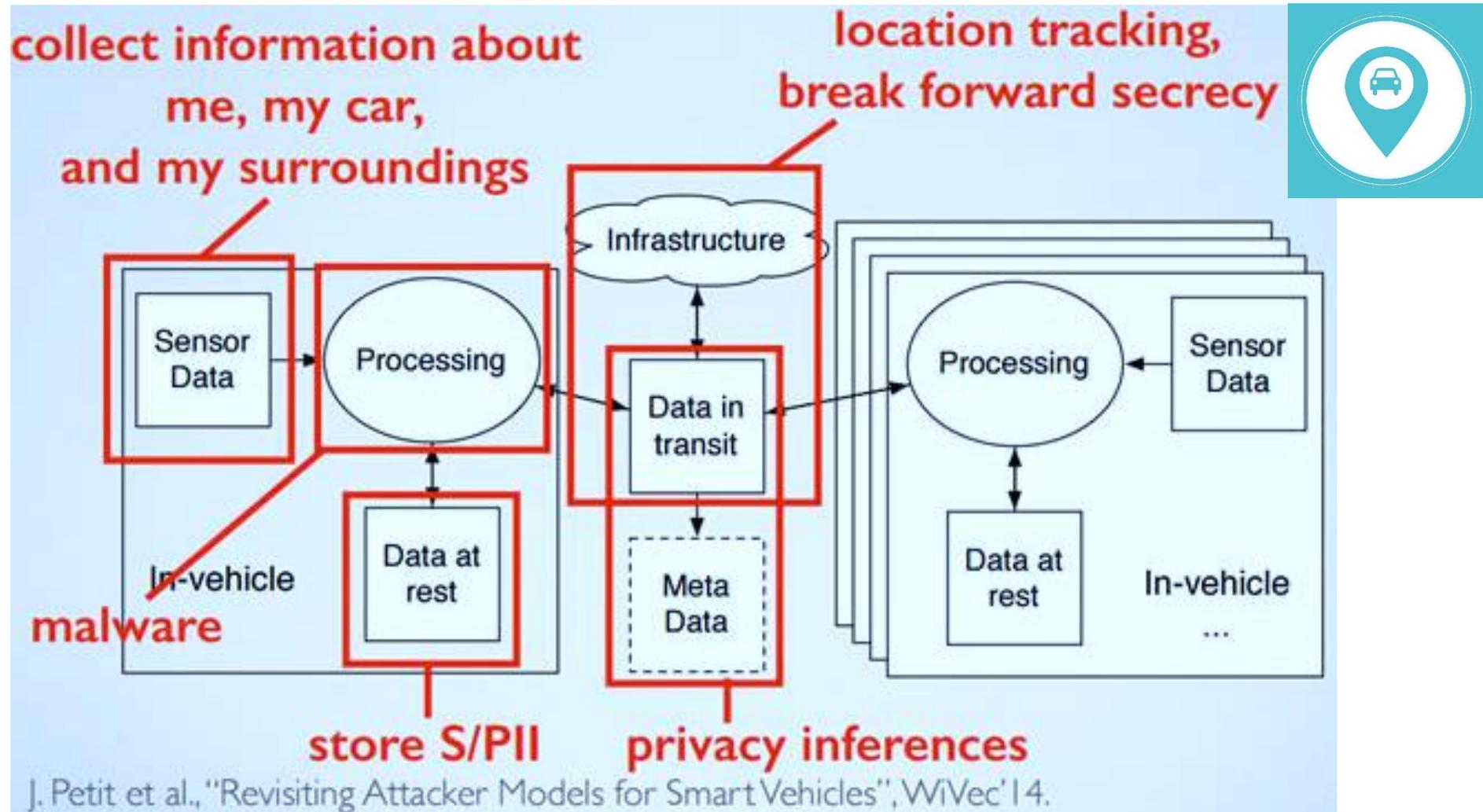


Source: <http://ciphercloud.com/three-ways-pursue-cloud-data-privacy-medical-records/>



Source: <http://blog.veriphys.com/2012/06/electronic-medical-records-security-and.html>

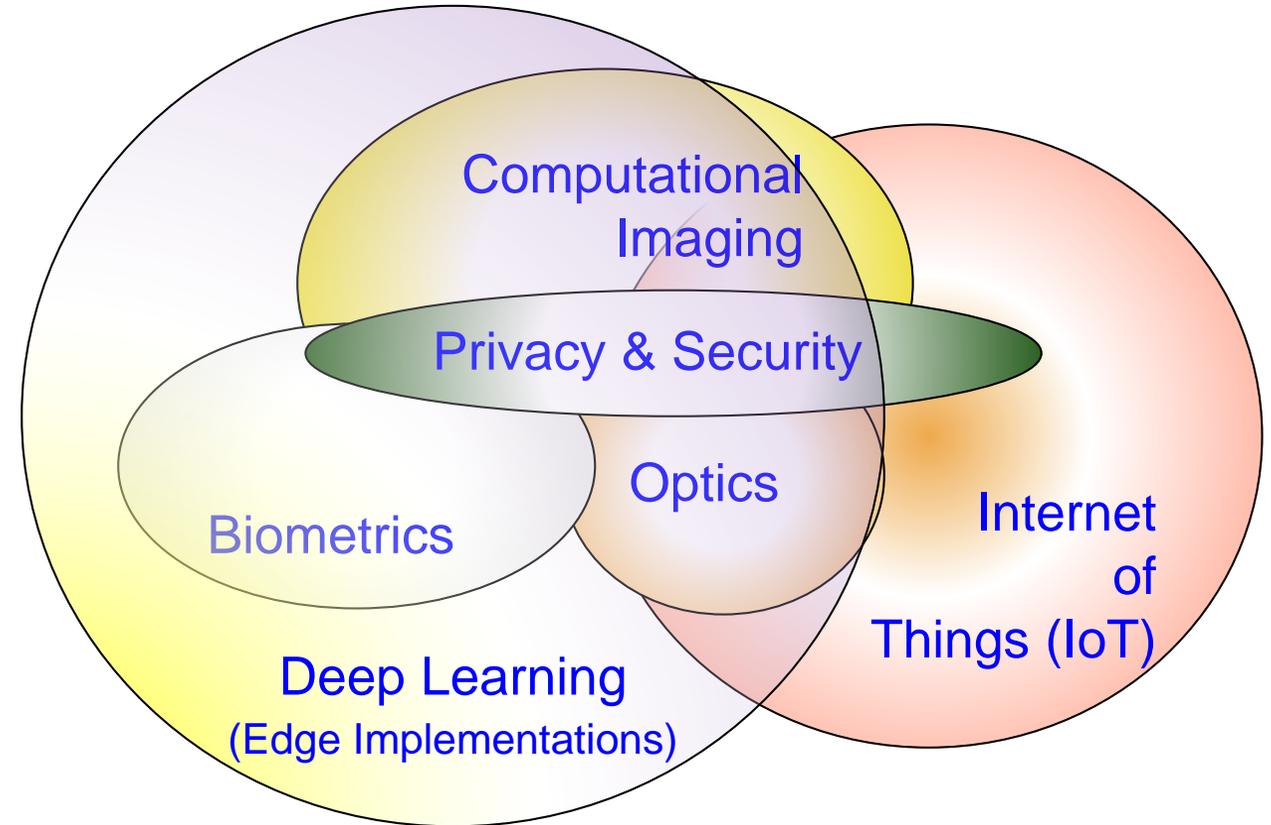
Privacy Challenge – System, Location



Source: <http://www.computerworld.com/article/3005436/cybercrime-hacking/black-hat-europe-it-s-easy-and-costs-only-60-to-hack-self-driving-car-sensors.html>

Bigdata → Intelligence – Deep Learning is the Key

- “DL at the Edge” overlaps all of these research areas.
- New Foundation Technologies, enhance data curation, improved AI, and Networks accuracy.



Source: Corcoran Keynote 2018

ML Modeling Issues



Machine Learning Issues



High Energy Requirements

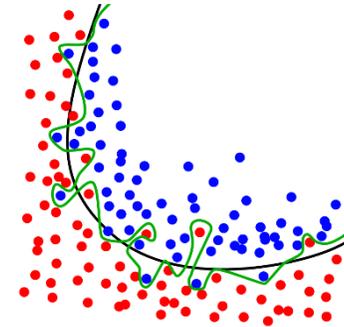
High Computational Resource Requirements

Large Amount of Data Requirements

Underfitting/Overfitting Issue

Class Imbalance Issue

Fake Data Issue



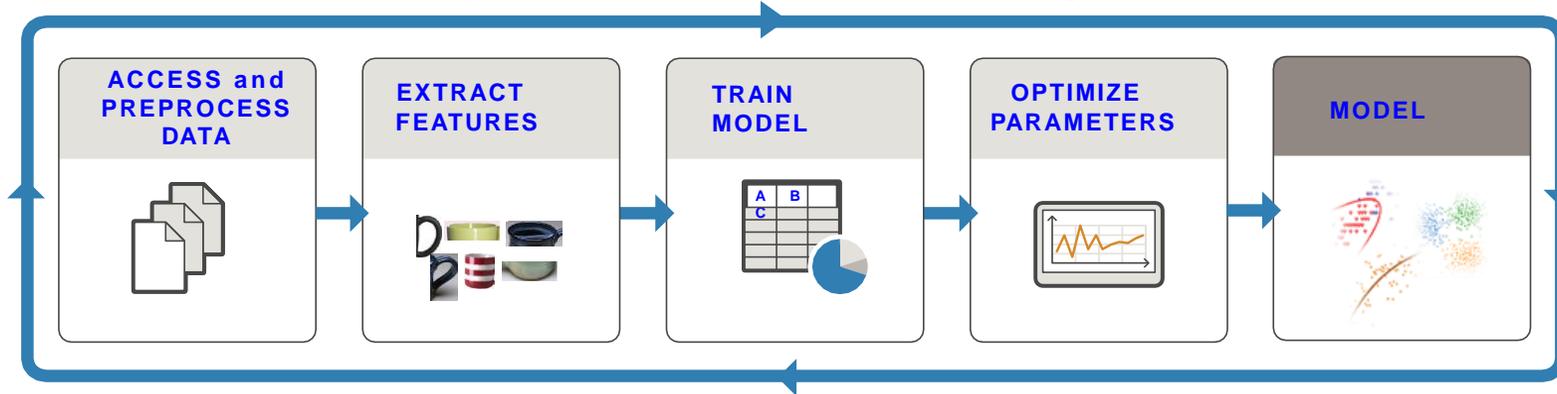
Source: Mohanty ISCT Keynote 2019

Deep Neural Network (DNN) - Resource and Energy Costs

TRAIN: Iterate until you achieve satisfactory performance.

Needs Significant:

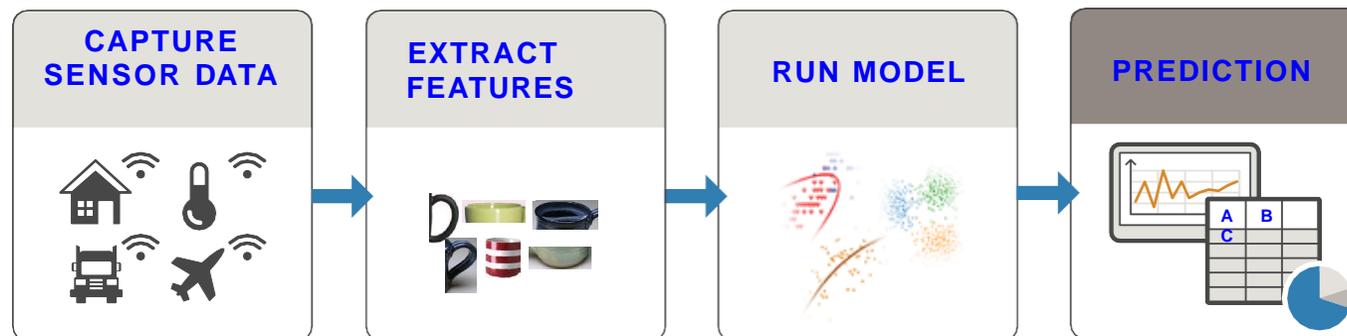
- Computational Resource
- Computation Energy



PREDICT: Integrate trained models into applications.

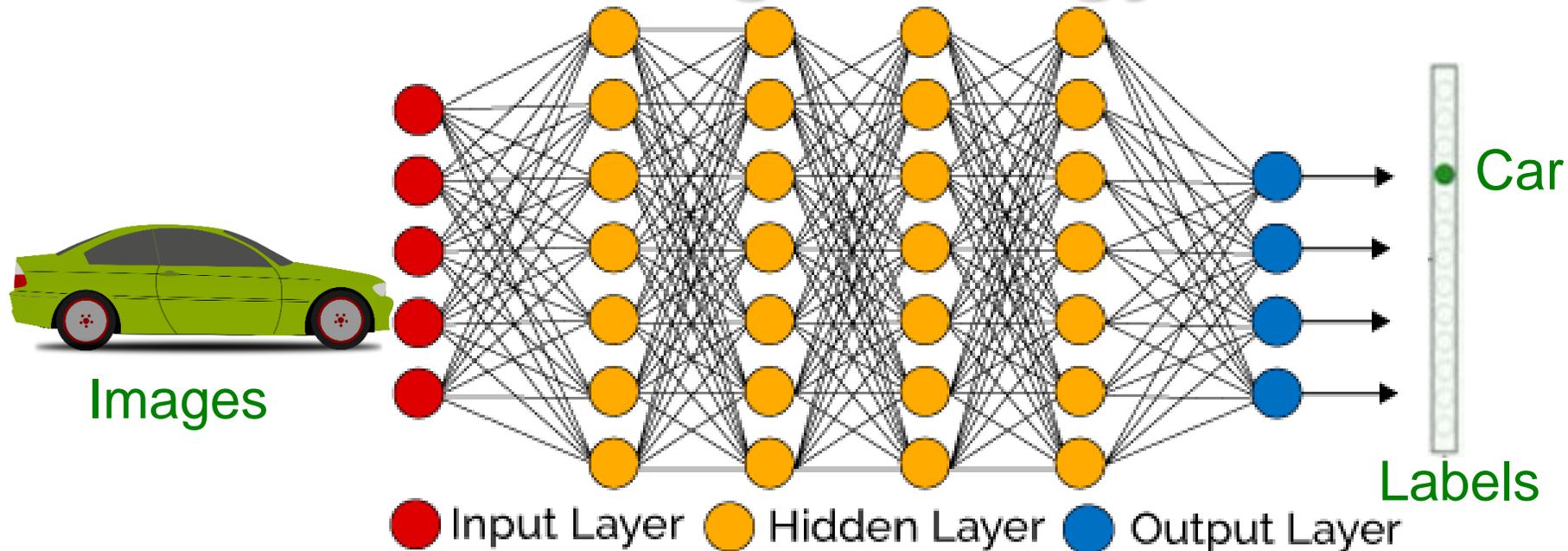
Needs:

- Computational Resource
- Computation Energy



Source: <https://www.mathworks.com/campaigns/offers/mastering-machine-learning-with-matlab.html>

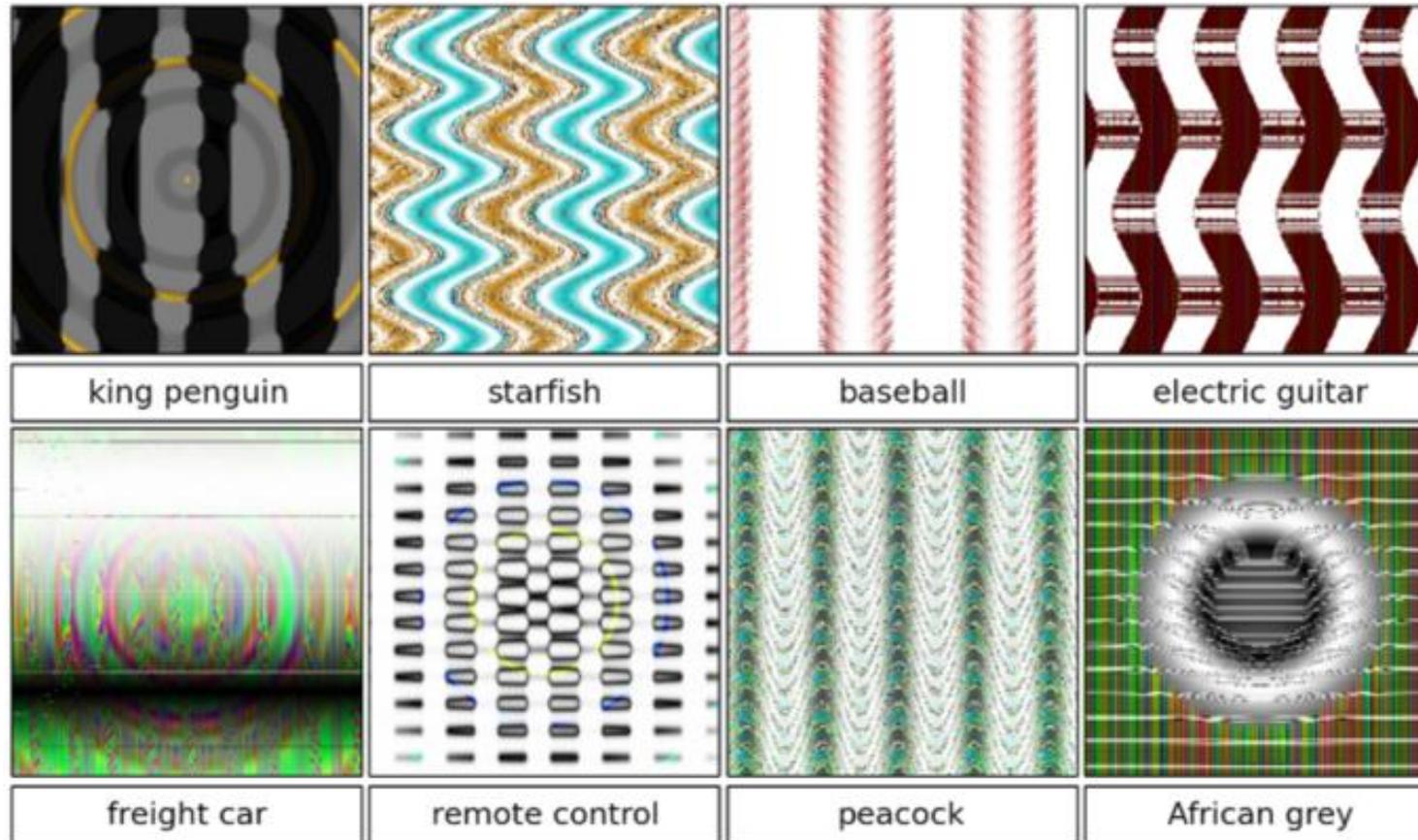
DNN Training - Energy Issue



- DNN considers many training parameters, such as the size, the learning rate, and initial weights.
- High computational resource and time: For sweeping through the parameter space for optimal parameters.
- DNN needs: **Multicore processors and batch processing.**
- DNN training happens mostly in cloud not at edge or fog.

Source: Mohanty iSES 2018 Keynote

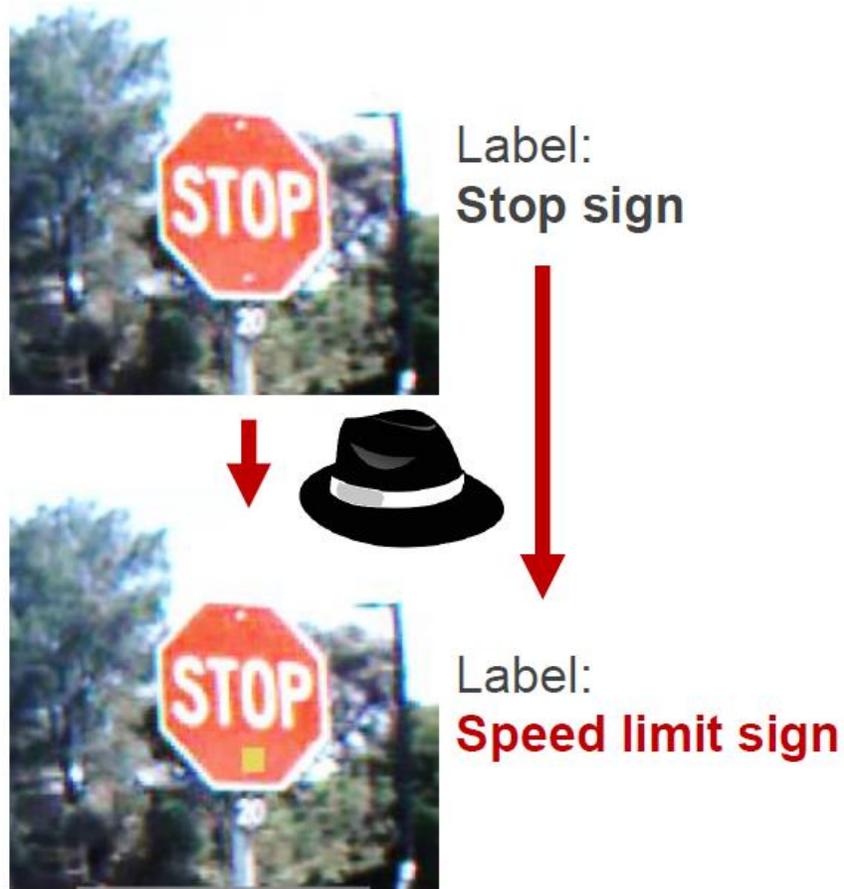
DNNs are not Always Smart



DNNs can be fooled by certain “learned” (Adversarial) patterns ...

Source: A. Nguyen, J. Yosinski and J. Clune, "Deep neural networks are easily fooled: High confidence predictions for unrecognizable images," in Proc. IEEE Conference on Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition (CVPR), 2015, pp. 427-436.

AI Security - Trojans in Artificial Intelligence (TrojAI)

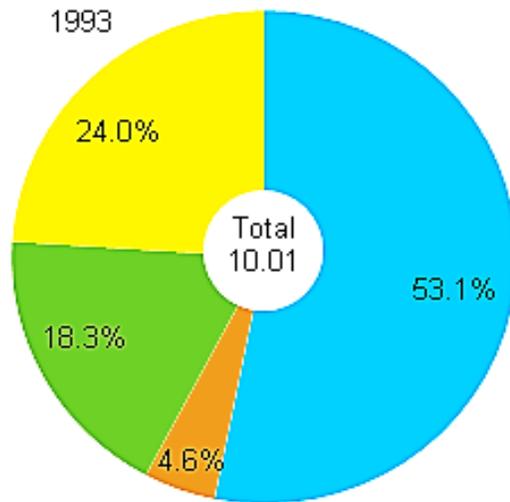


Adversaries can insert **Trojans** into AIs, leaving a trigger for bad behavior that they can activate during the AI's operations

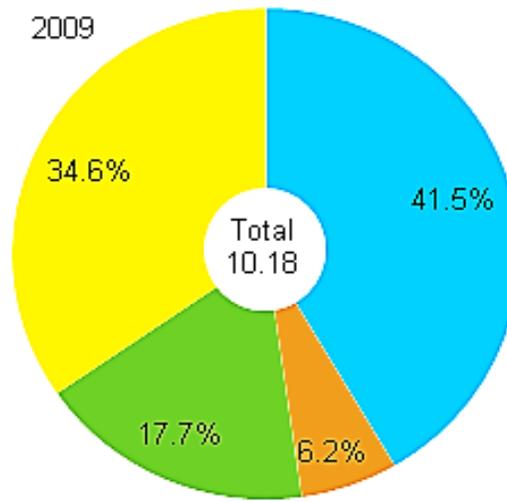
Source: https://www.iarpa.gov/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=1150&Itemid=448

Consumer Electronics Demand More and More Energy

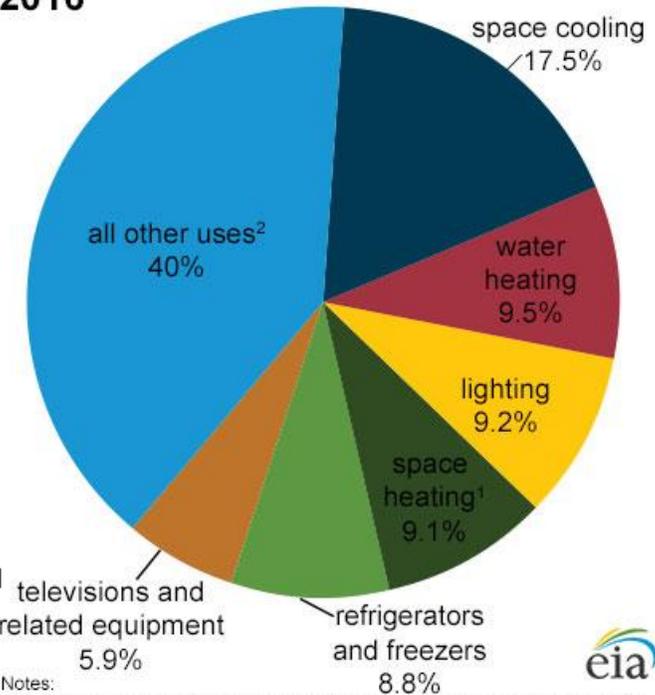
Energy consumption in homes by end uses
quadrillion Btu and percent



■ space heating ■ air conditioning ■ water heating ■ appliances, electronics, and lighting



U.S. residential sector electricity
consumption by major end uses,
2016



Notes:
¹Includes consumption for heat and operating furnace fans and boiler pumps.
²Includes miscellaneous appliances, clothes washers and dryers, computers and related equipment, stoves, dishwashers, heating elements, and motors not included in the uses listed above.

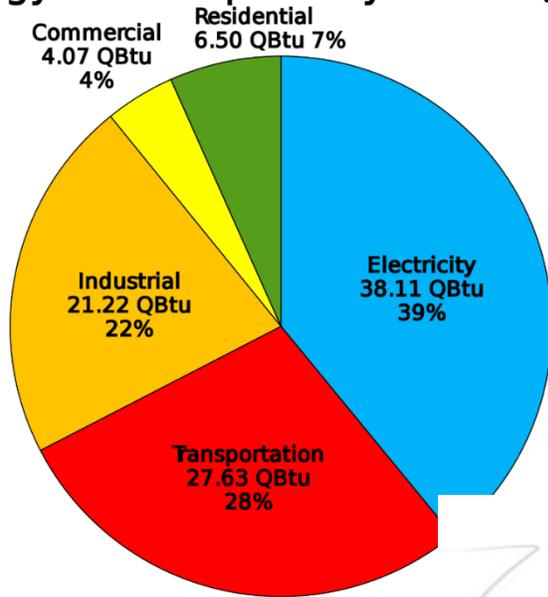


Quadrillion BTU (or quad): 1 quad = 10^{15} BTU = 1.055 Exa Joule (EJ).

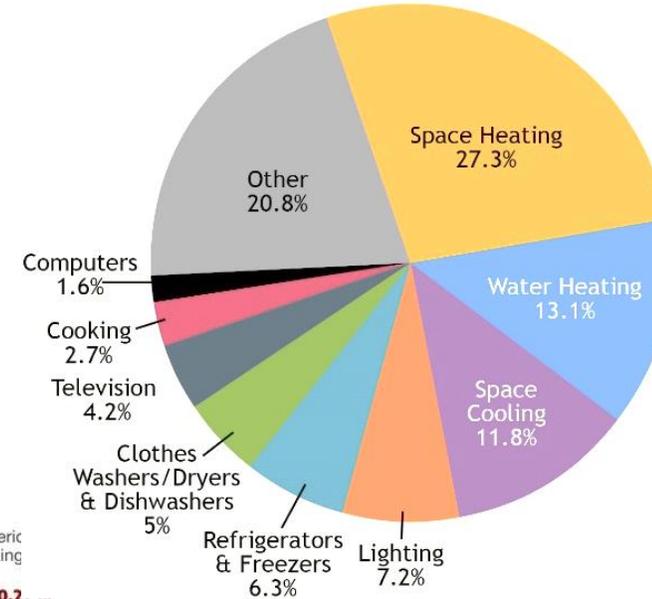
Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration.

Energy Consumption

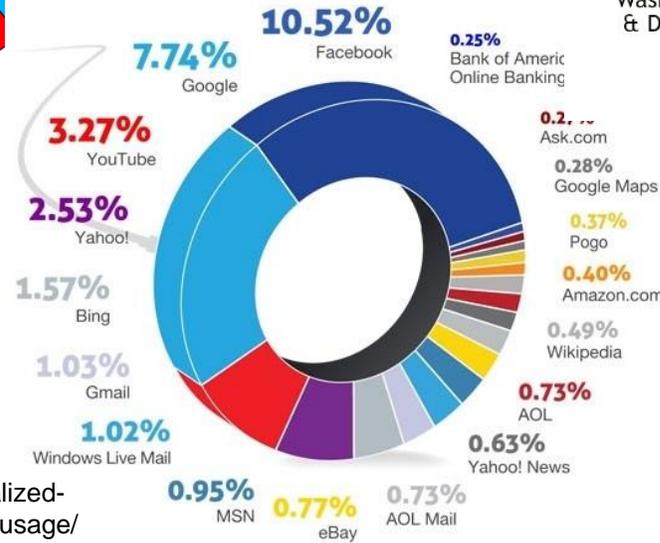
Energy Consumption by Sector (2015)



Energy Usage in the U.S. Residential Sector in 2015



Data Center Power Usage

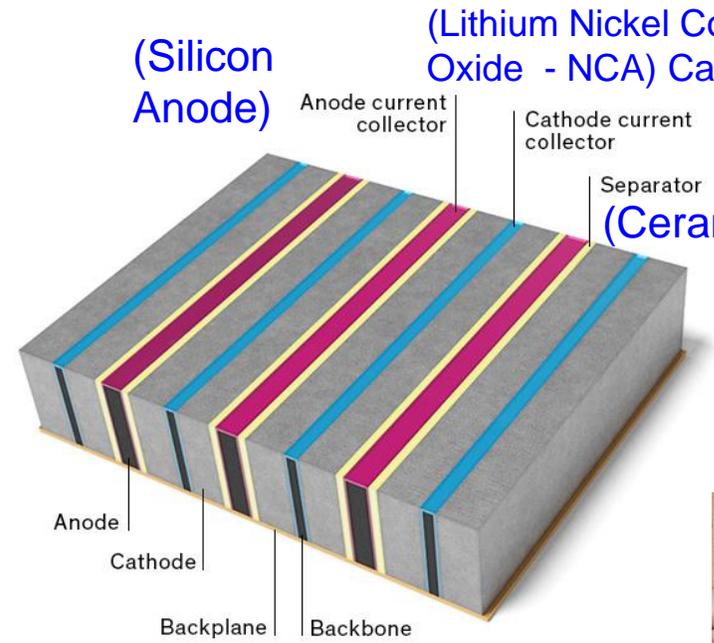


Individual Level:
Imagine how often we charge our portable CE!



Source:
<https://www.engadget.com/2011/04/26/visualized-ring-around-the-world-of-data-center-power-usage/>

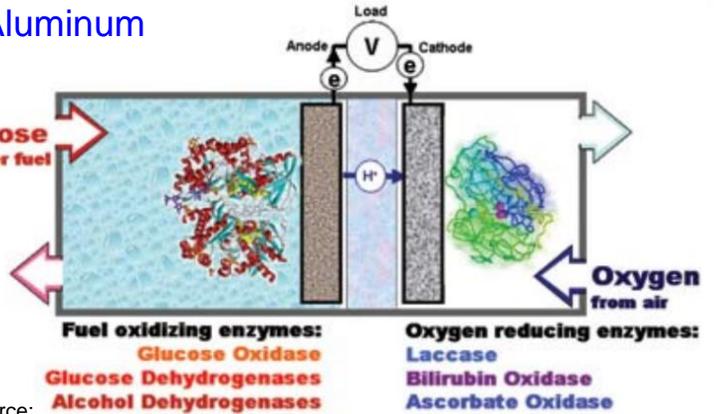
Energy Storage - High Capacity and Safer Needed



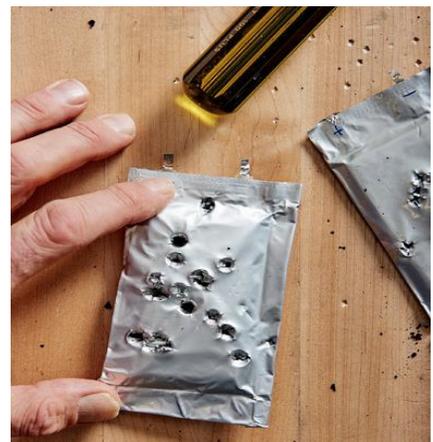
(Lithium Nickel Cobalt Aluminum Oxide - NCA) Cathode



Source: <http://spectrum.ieee.org/semiconductors/design/how-to-build-a-safer-more-energydense-lithium-ion-battery>

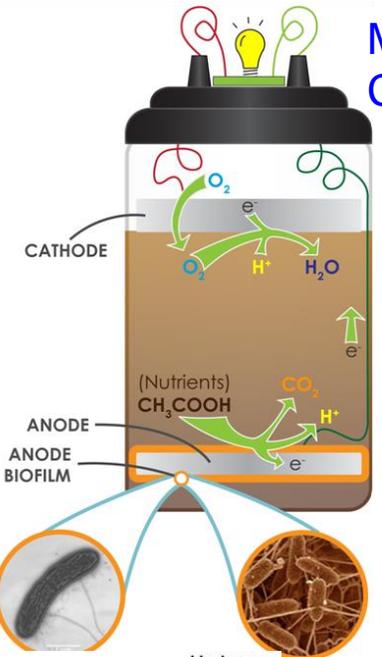


Source: https://www.electrochem.org/dl/interface/sum/sum07/su07_p28_31.pdf



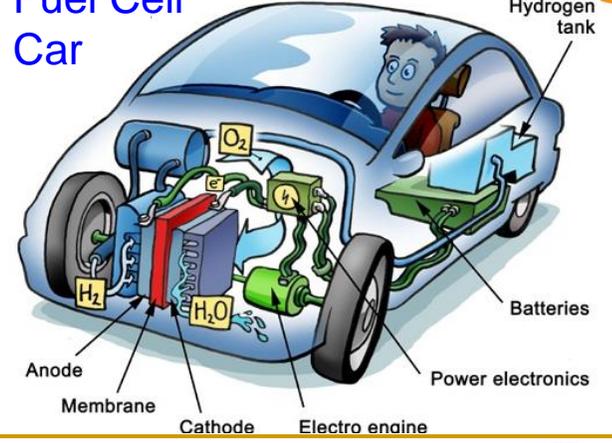
Solid Polymer Lithium Metal Battery

Source: <https://www.nytimes.com/2016/12/11/technology/designing-a-safer-battery-for-smartphones-that-wont-catch-fire.html>

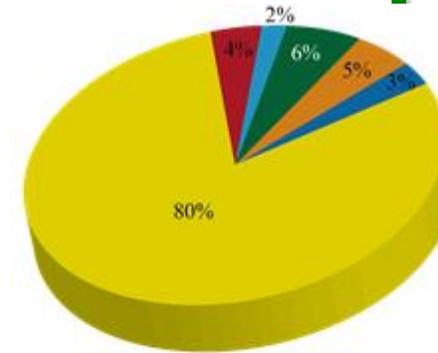
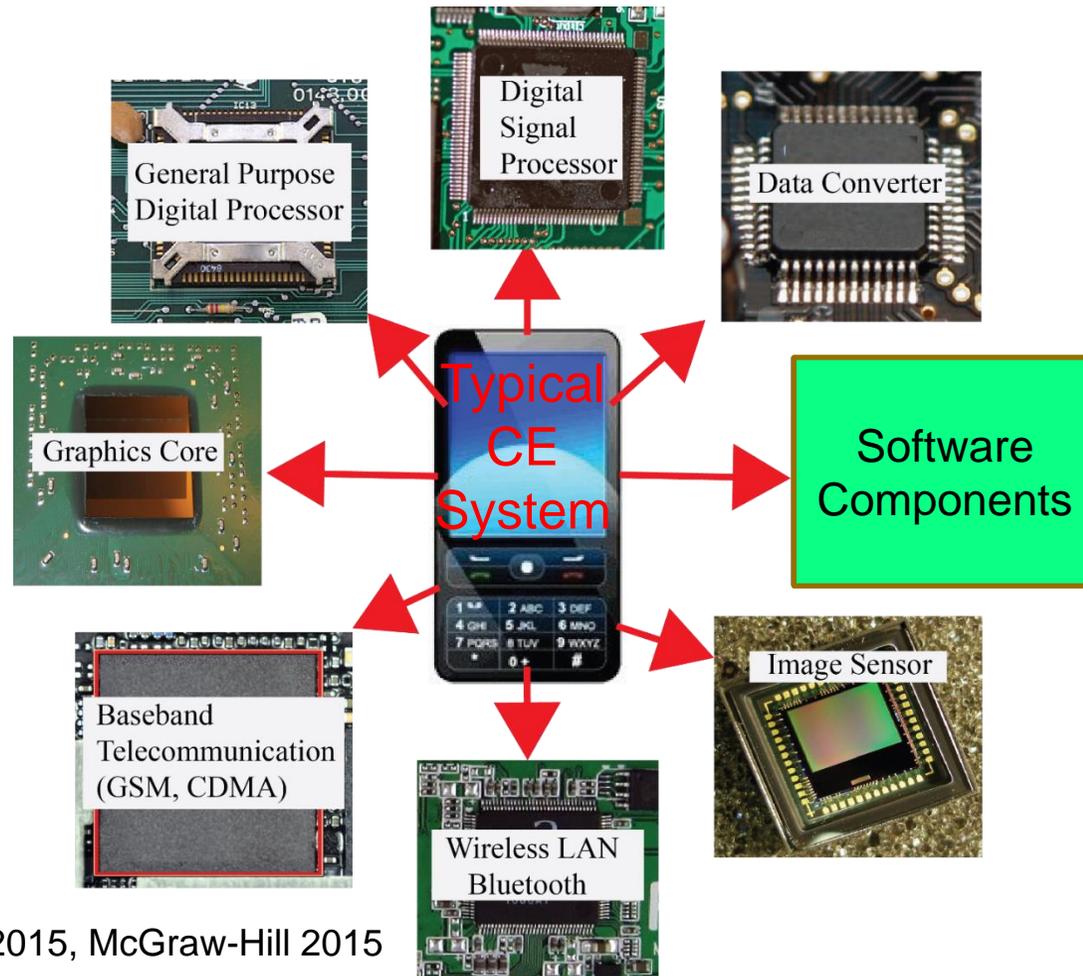


Enzymatic Biofuel Cell

Fuel Cell Car

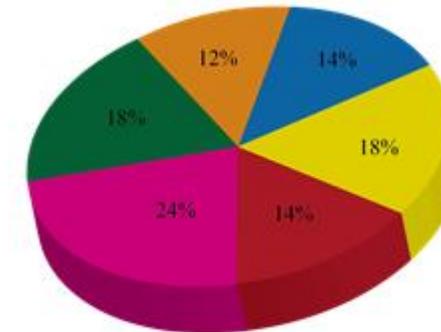


Energy Optimization of CE System is difficult due to a Variety of Components



Legend: GSM (Yellow), CPU (Red), RAM (Blue), Graphics (Green), LCD (Orange), Others (Dark Blue)

During GSM Communications



Legend: GSM (Yellow), CPU (Red), WiFi (Pink), Graphics (Green), LCD (Orange), Others (Blue)

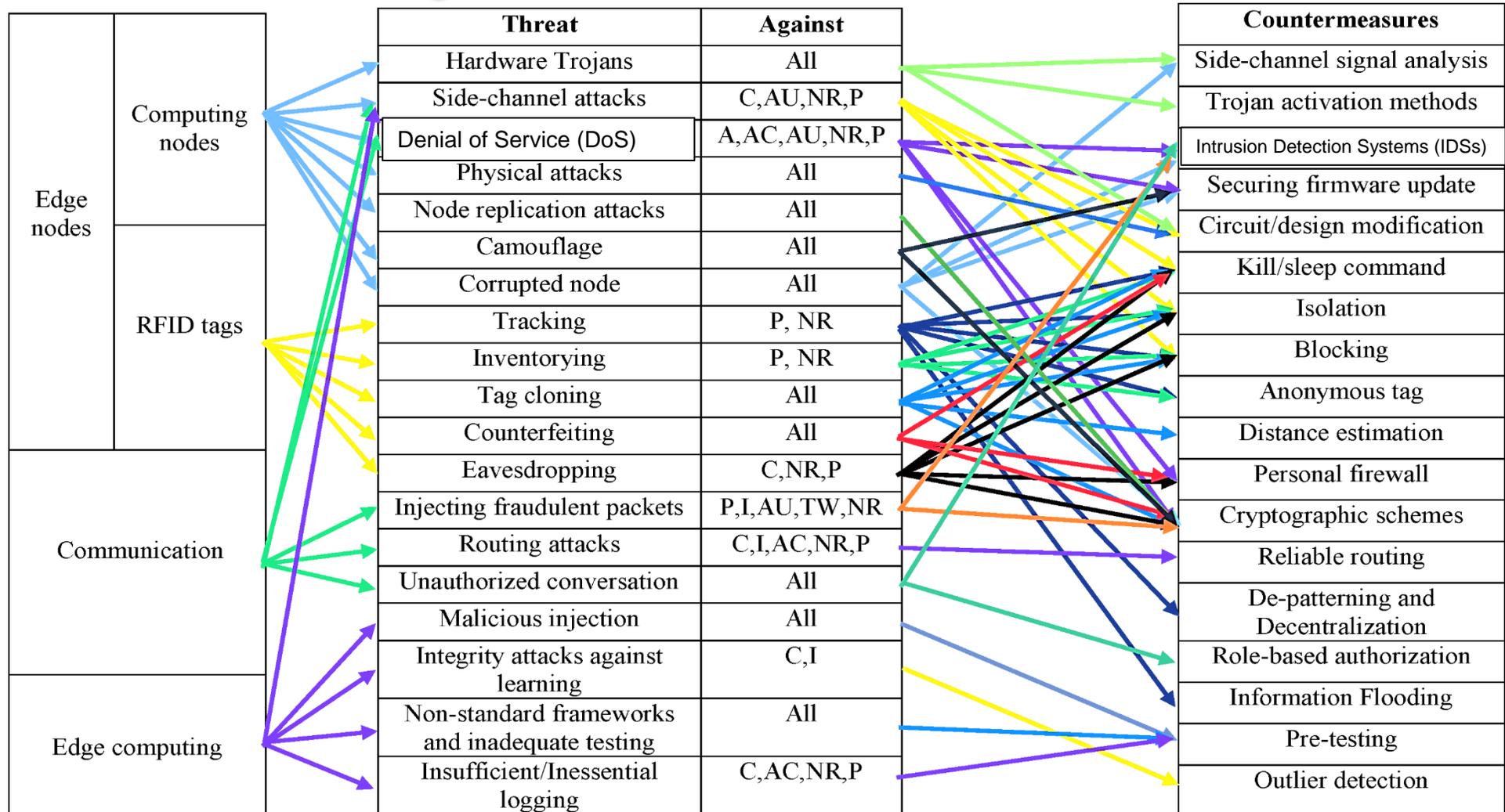
During WiFi Communications

Source: Mohanty 2015, McGraw-Hill 2015

Cybrsecurity Solution for IoT/CPS



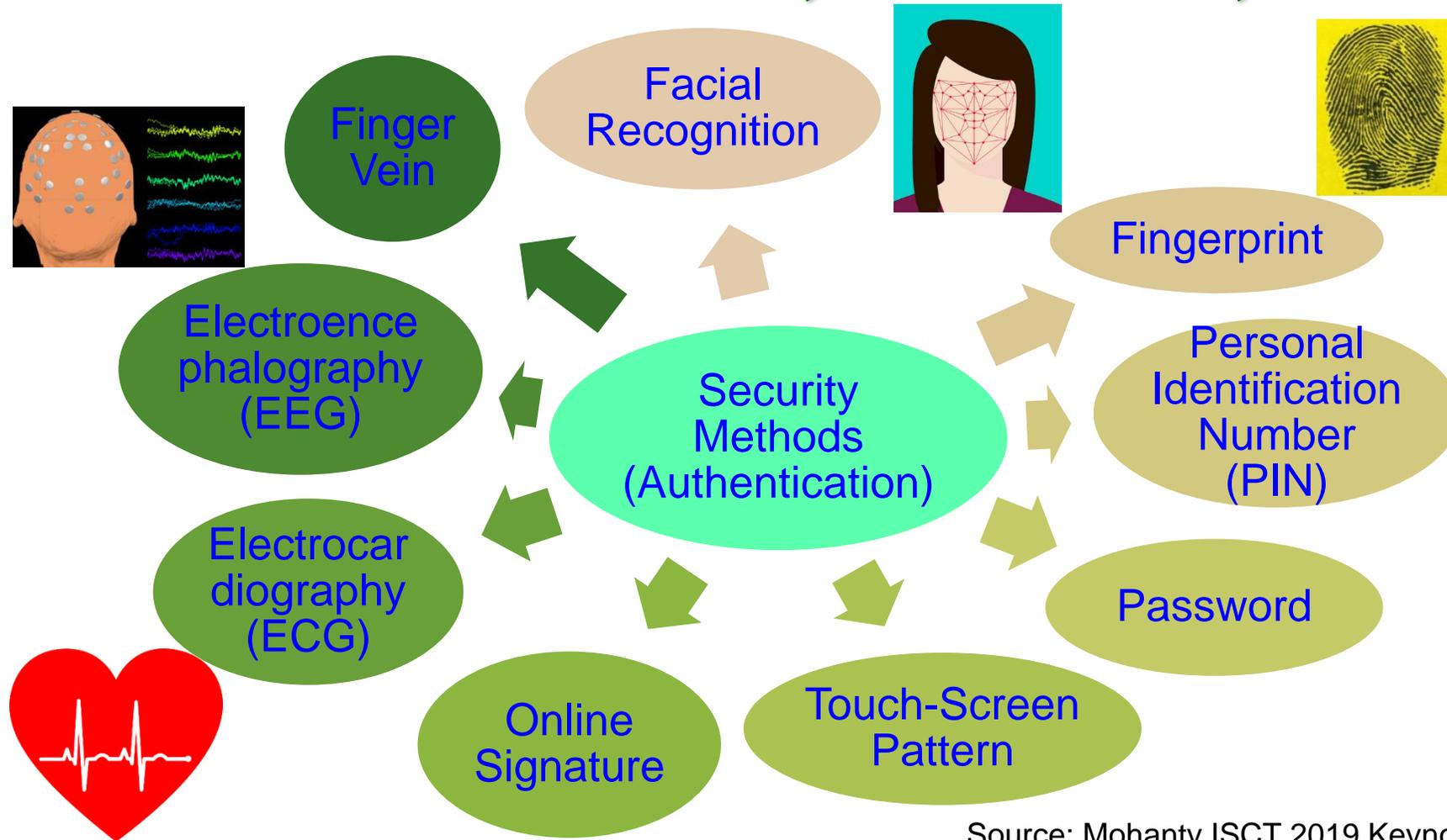
IoT Security - Attacks and Countermeasures



C- Confidentiality, I – Integrity, A - Availability, AC – Accountability, AU – Auditability, TW – Trustworthiness, NR - Non-repudiation, P - Privacy

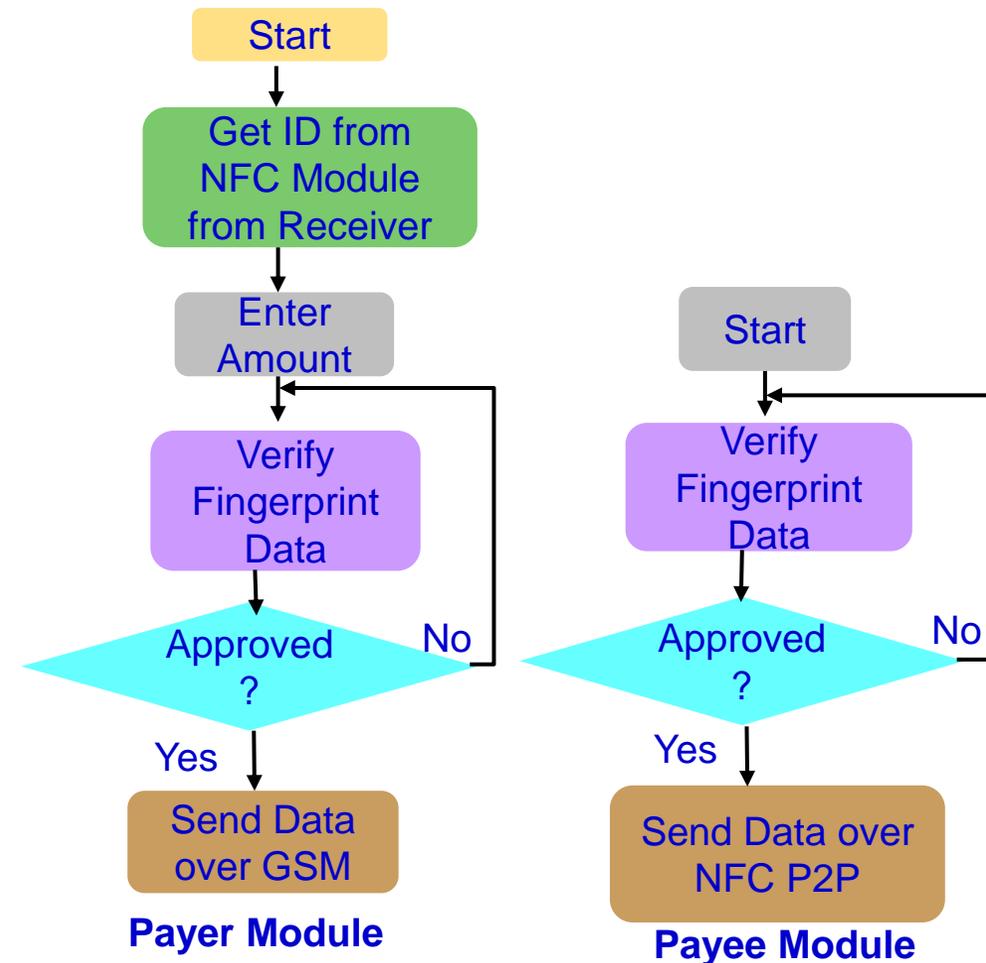
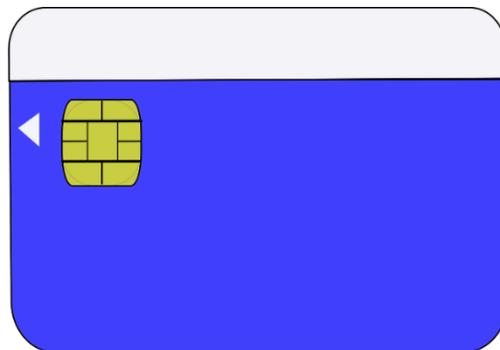
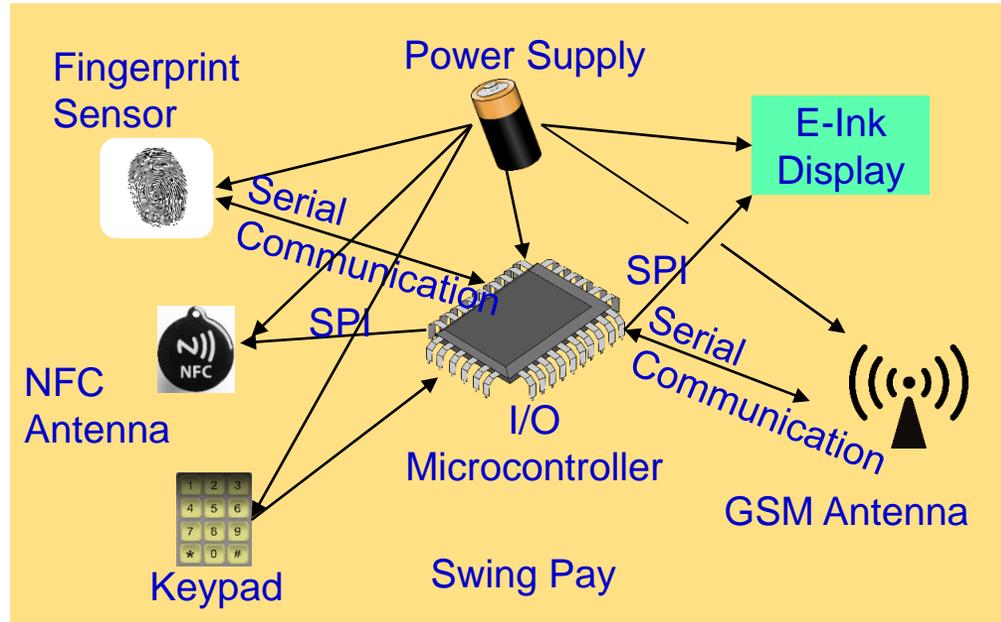
Source: A. Mosenia, and Niraj K. Jha. "A Comprehensive Study of Security of Internet-of-Things", *IEEE Transactions on Emerging Topics in Computing*, 5(4), 2016, pp. 586-602.

Security, Authentication, Access Control – Home, Facilities, ...



Source: Mohanty ISCT 2019 Keynote

Our Swing-Pay: NFC Cybersecurity Solution



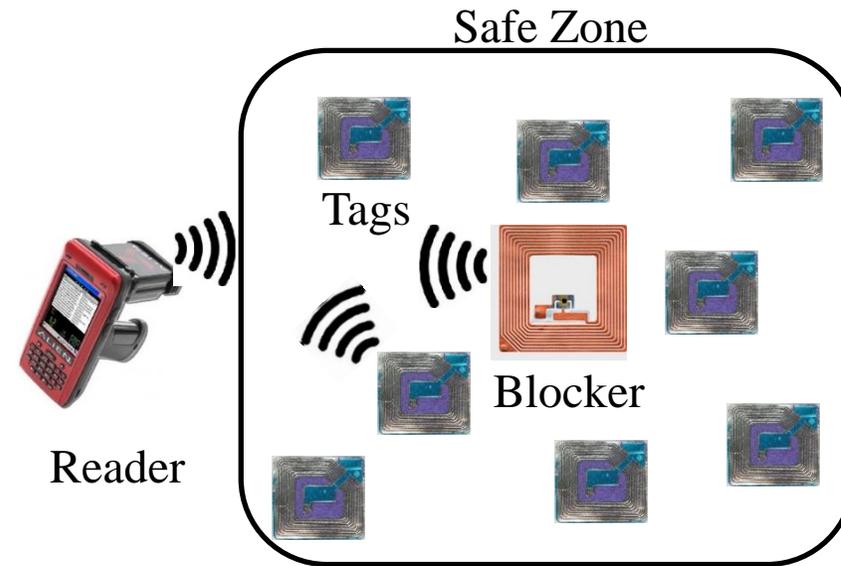
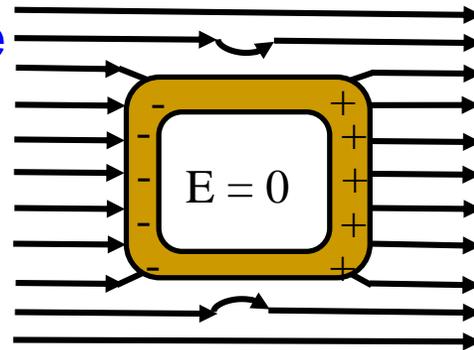
Source: S. Ghosh, J. Goswami, A. Majumder, A. Kumar, **S. P. Mohanty**, and B. K. Bhattacharyya, "Swing-Pay: One Card Meets All User Payment and Identity Needs", *IEEE Consumer Electronics Magazine (MCE)*, Volume 6, Issue 1, January 2017, pp. 82--93.

RFID Cybersecurity - Solutions

Selected RFID Security Methods



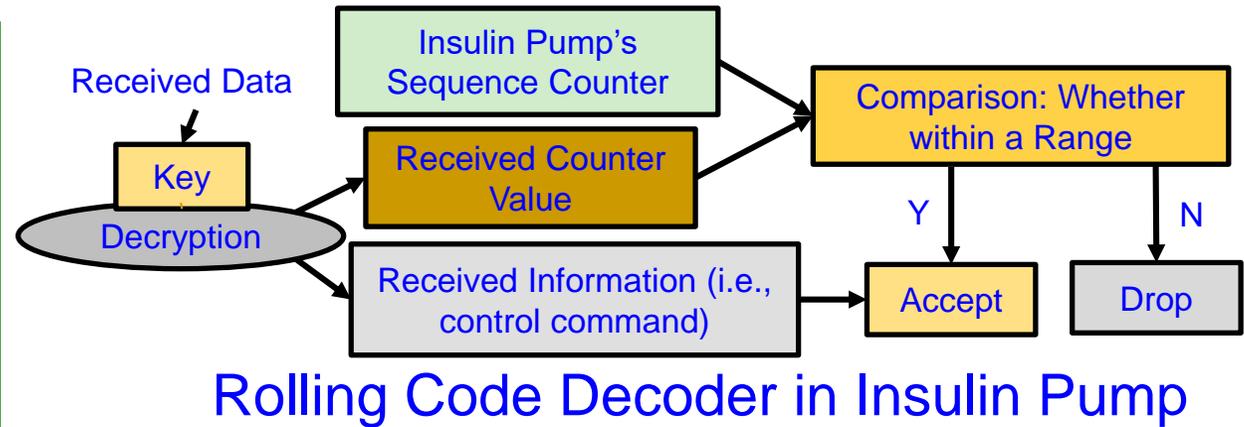
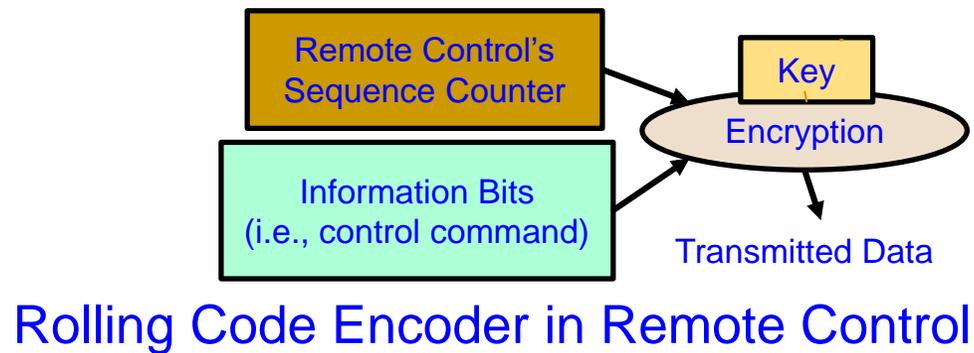
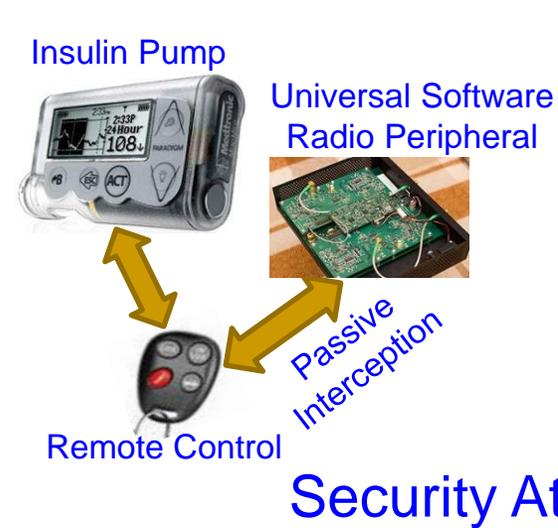
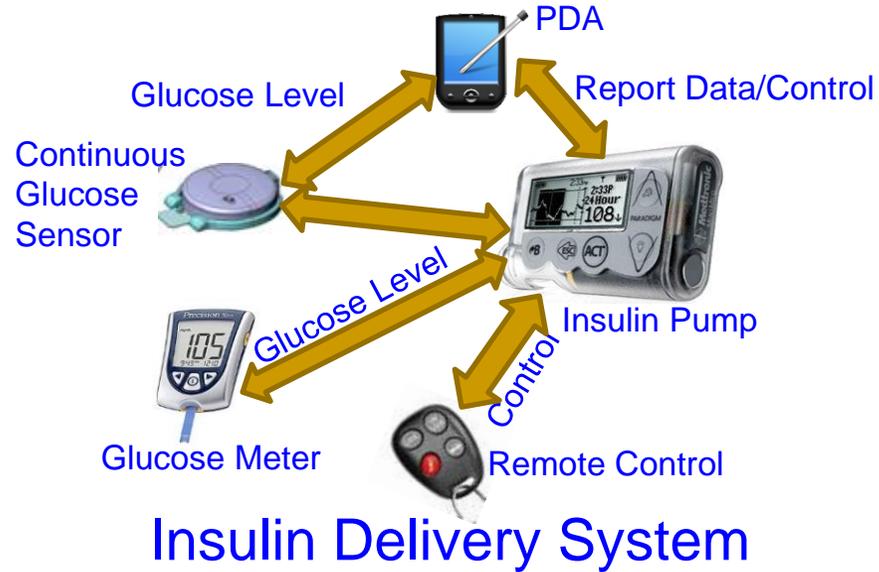
Faraday Cage



Blocker Tags

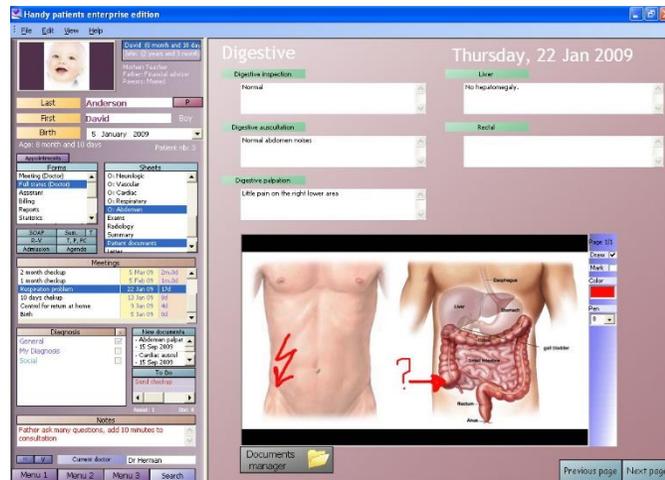
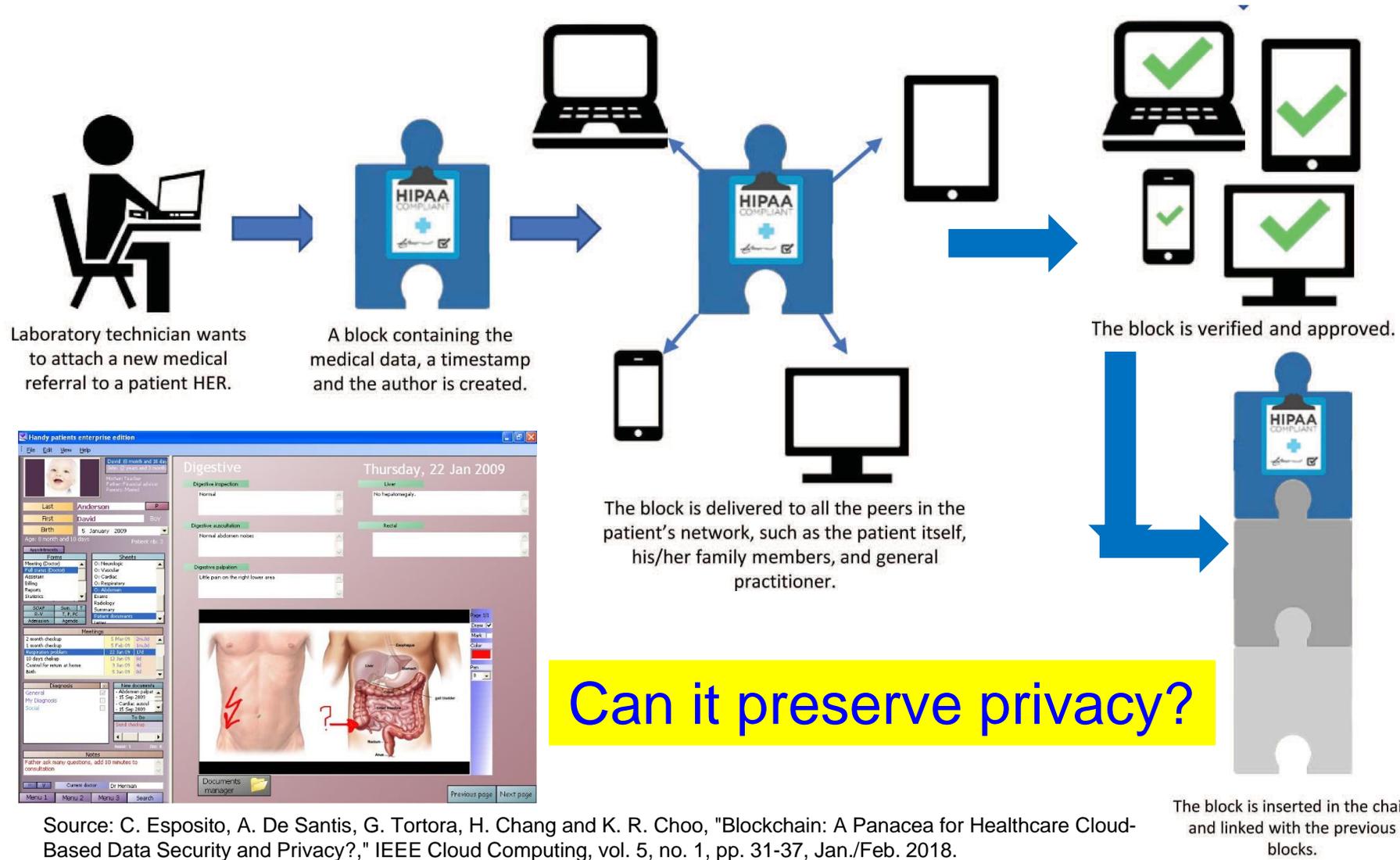
Source: Khattab 2017, Springer 2017 RFID Security

Smart Healthcare Security



Source: Li and Jha 2011: HEALTH 2011

Blockchain in Smart Healthcare

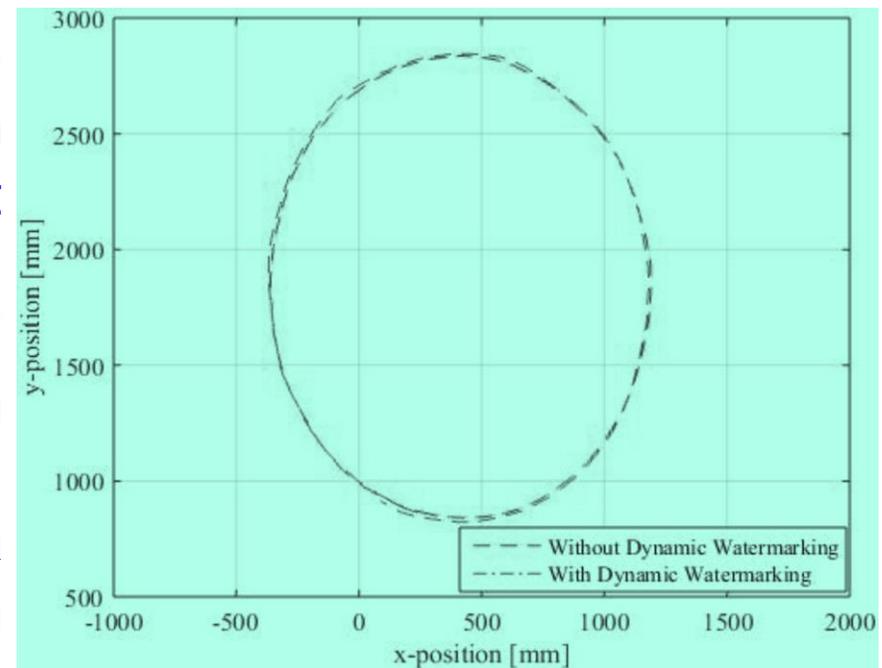


Can it preserve privacy?

Source: C. Esposito, A. De Santis, G. Tortora, H. Chang and K. R. Choo, "Blockchain: A Panacea for Healthcare Cloud-Based Data Security and Privacy?," IEEE Cloud Computing, vol. 5, no. 1, pp. 31-37, Jan./Feb. 2018.

Autonomous Car Security – Collision Avoidance

- ❑ **Attack:** Feeding of malicious sensor measurements to the control and the collision avoidance module. Such an attack on a position sensor can result in collisions between the vehicles.
- ❑ **Solutions:** “**Dynamic Watermarking**” of signals to detect and stop such attacks on cyber-physical systems.
- ❑ **Idea:** Superimpose each actuator i a random signal $e_i[t]$ (watermark) on control policy-specified input.



Source: Ko 2016, CPS-Sec 2016

Nonvolatile Memory Security and Protection



Source: <http://datalocker.com>

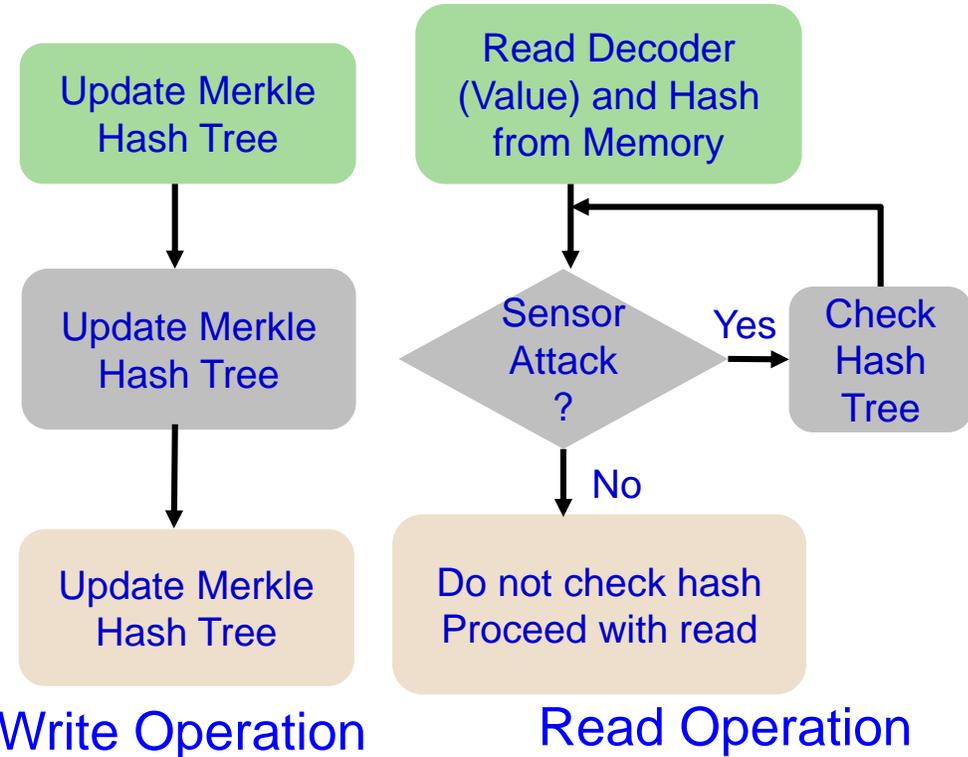
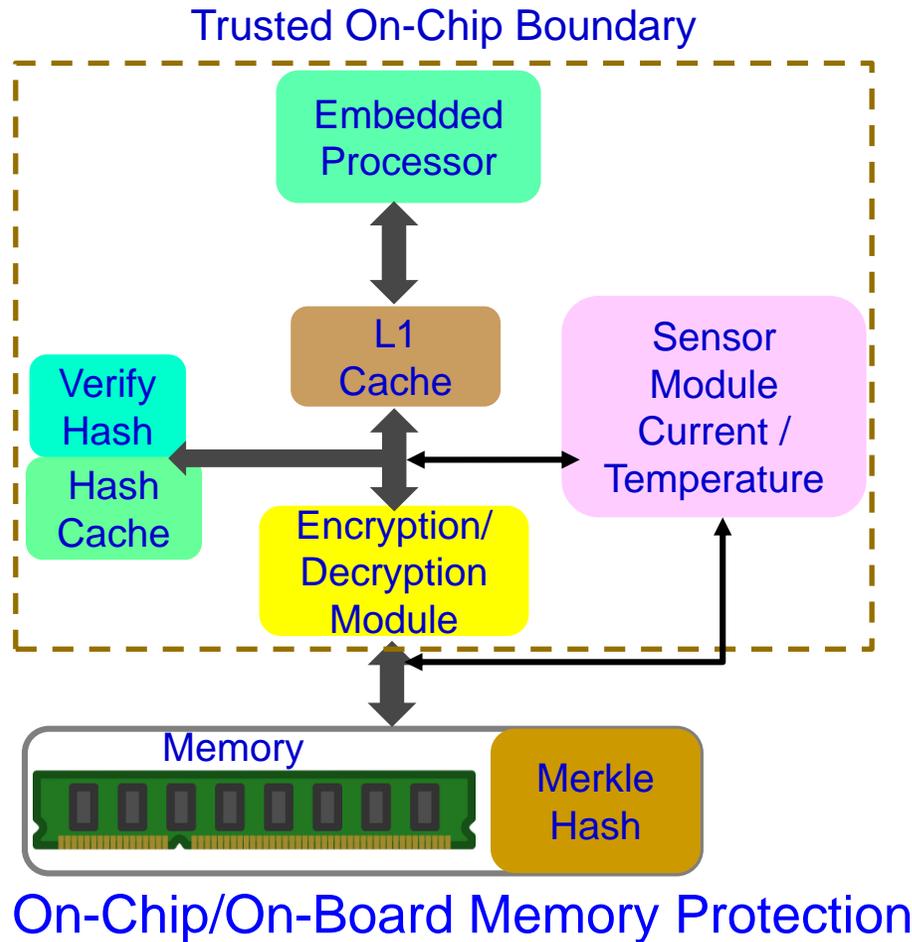
Nonvolatile / Harddrive Storage

Hardware-based encryption of data secured/protected by strong password/PIN authentication.

Software-based encryption to secure systems and partitions of hard drive.

Some performance penalty due to increase in latency!

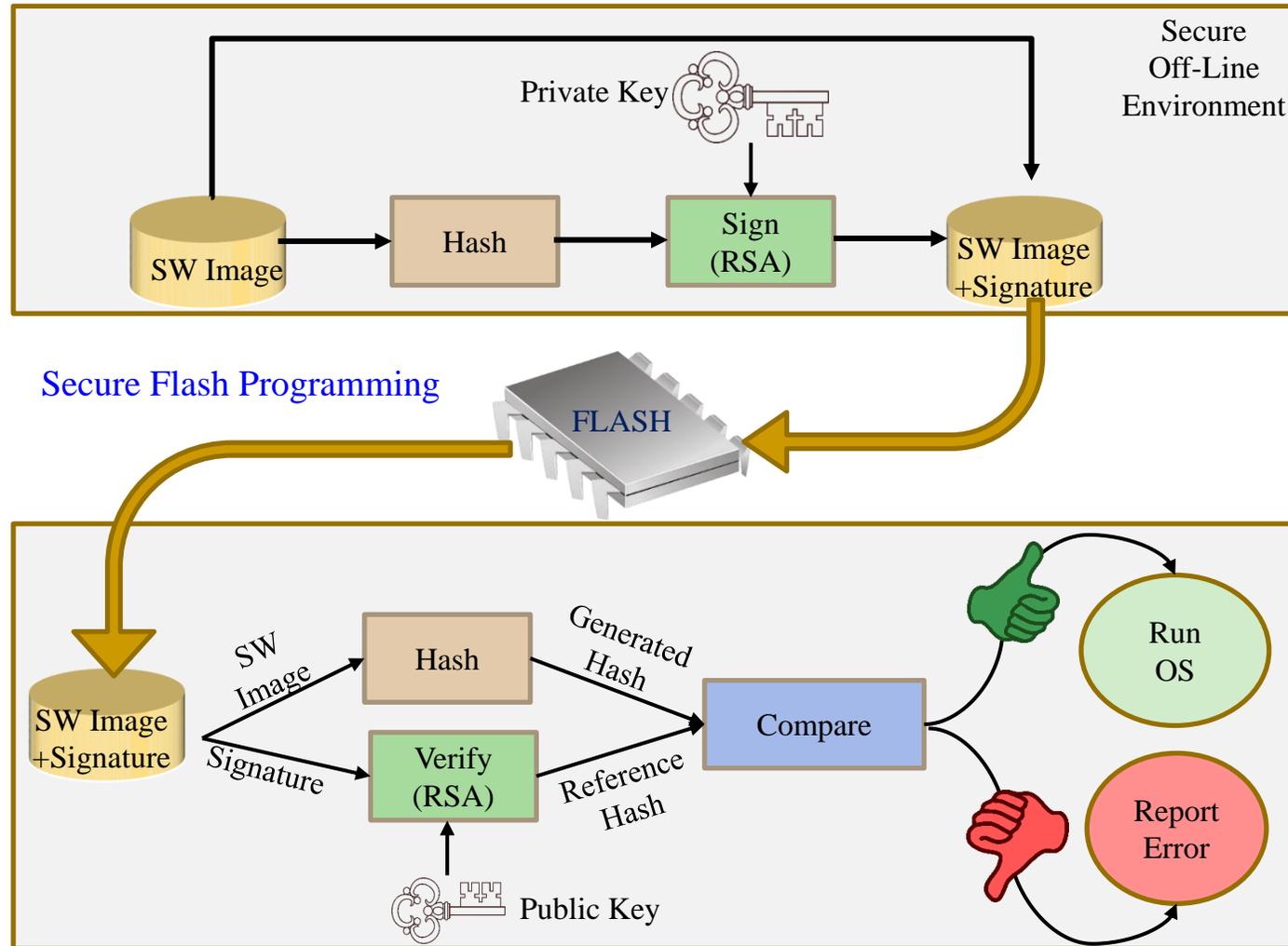
Embedded Memory Security



Memory integrity verification with 85% energy savings with minimal performance overhead.

Source: S. Nimgaonkar, M. Gomathisankaran, and S. P. Mohanty, "MEM-DnP: A Novel Energy Efficient Approach for Memory Integrity Detection and Protection in Embedded Systems", *Springer Circuits, Systems, and Signal Processing Journal (CSSP)*, Volume 32, Issue 6, December 2013, pp. 2581--2604.

Firmware Security - Solution

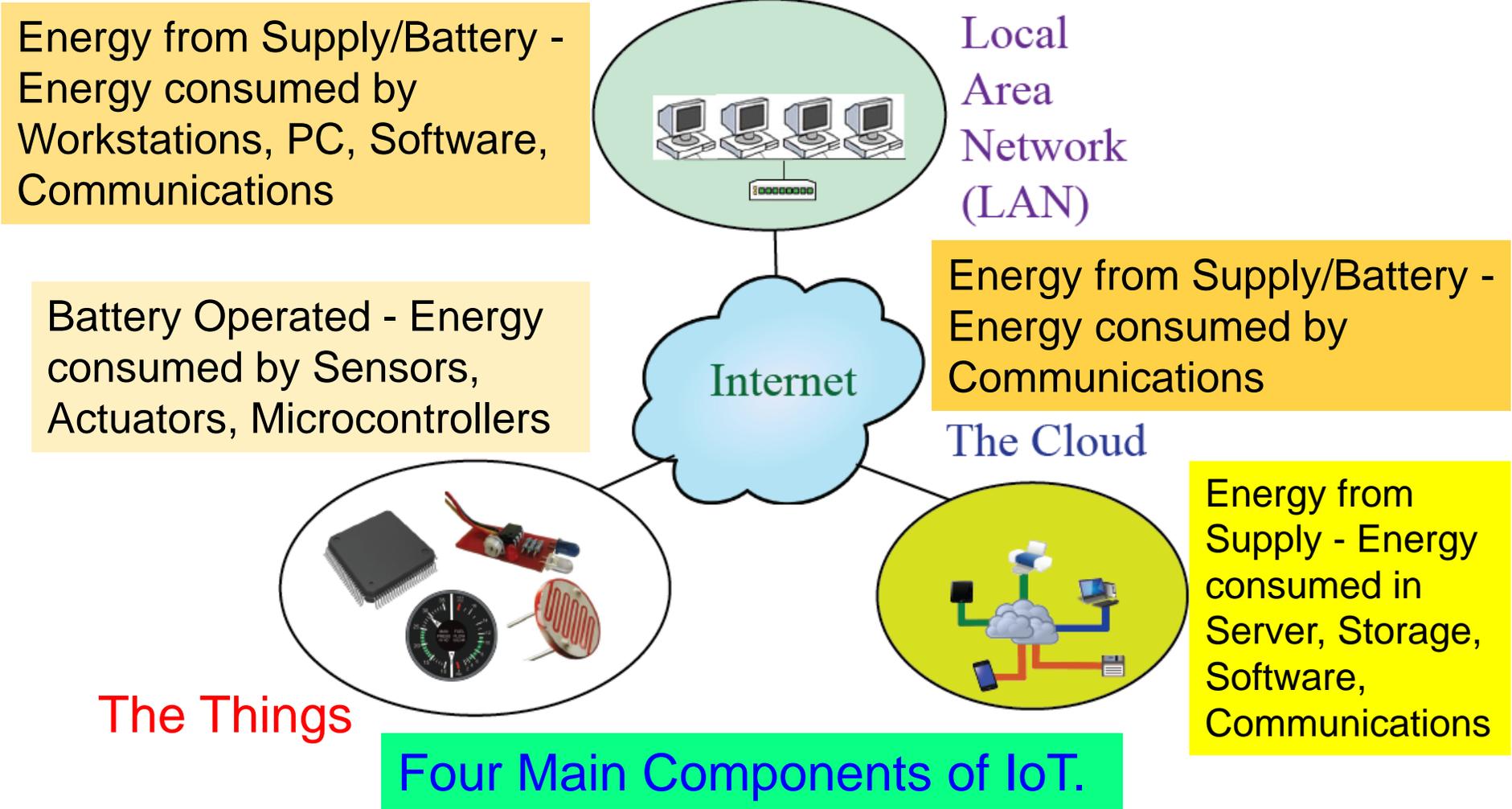


Source: <https://www.nxp.com/docs/en/white-paper/AUTOSECURITYWP.pdf>

Energy Solutions for IoT/CPS

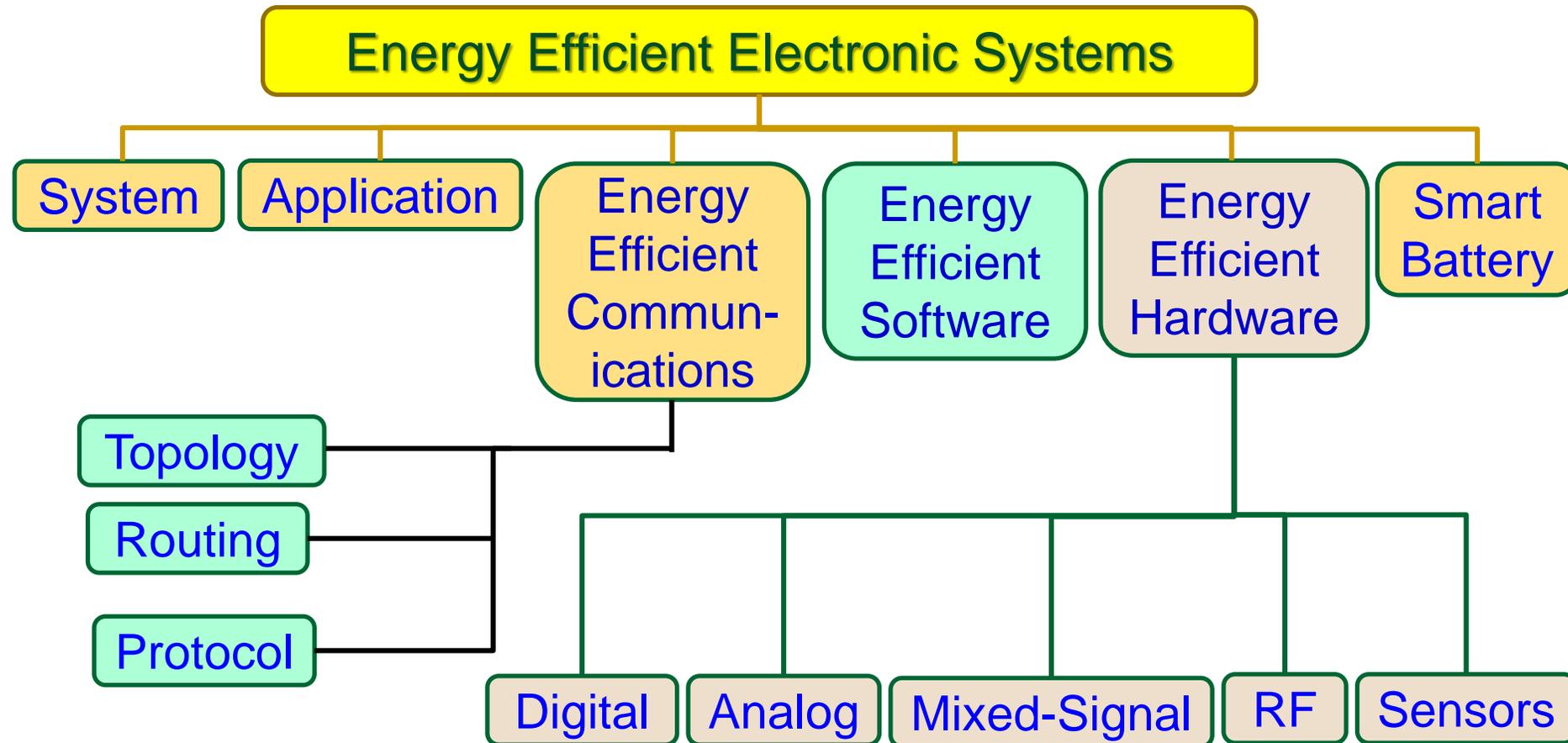


Energy Consumption Challenge in IoT



Source: Mohanty iSES 2018 Keynote

Energy Efficient Electronics: Possible Solution Fronts



Source: Mohanty ZINC 2018 Keynote

Smart Energy – Smart Consumption

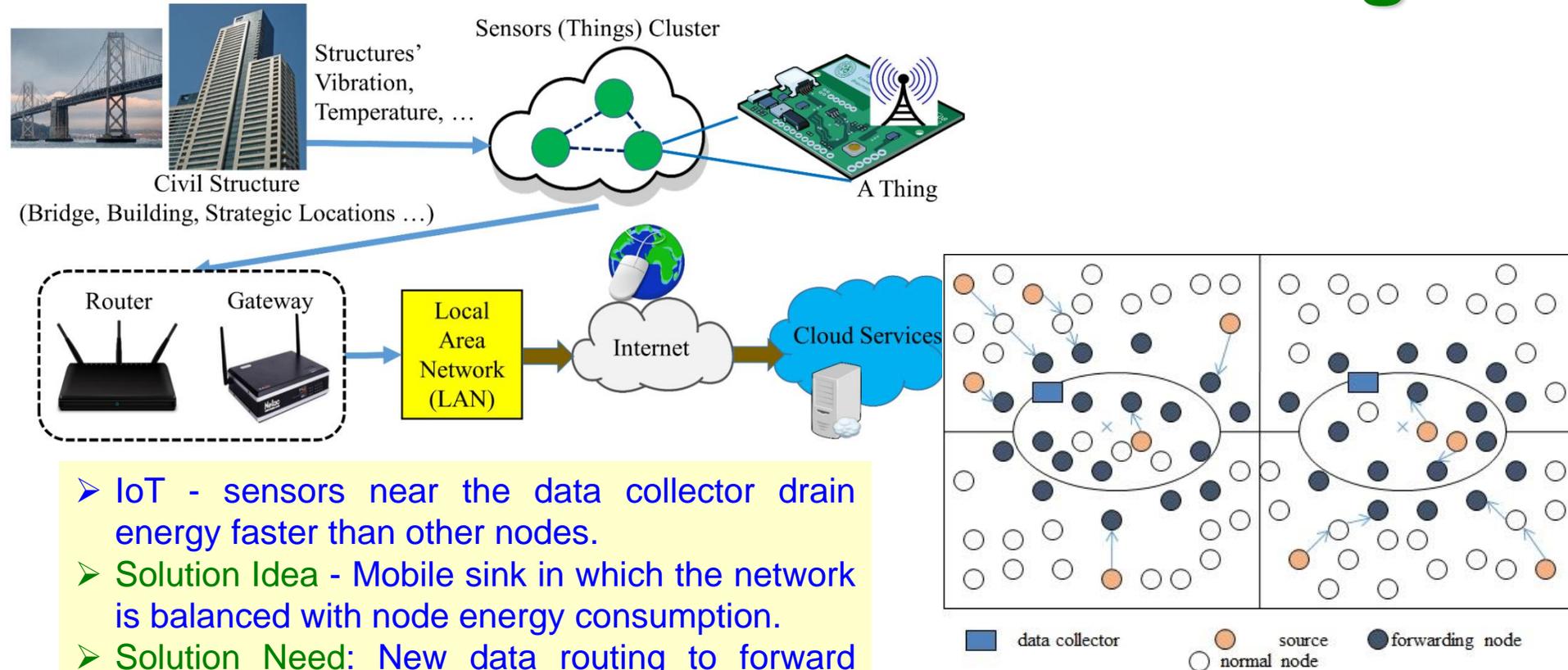


Battery Saver



Smart Home

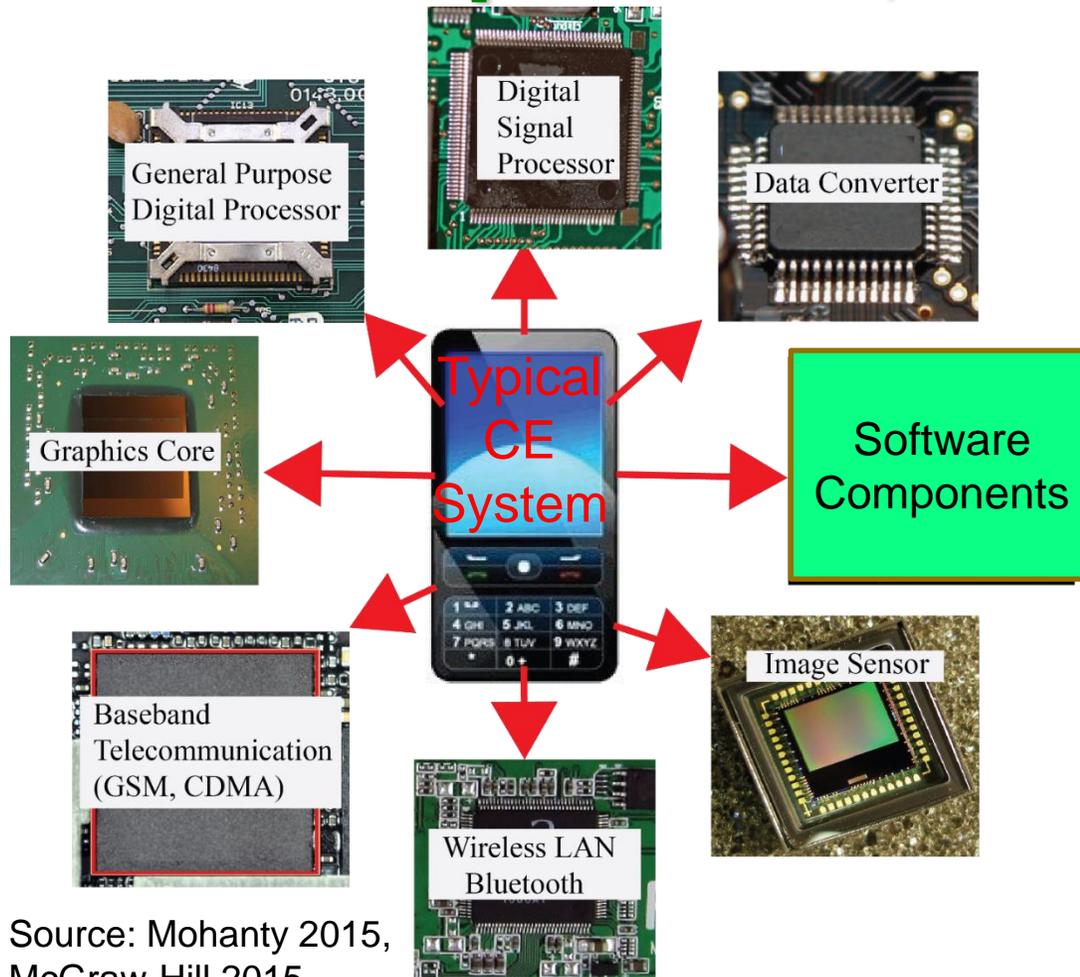
Sustainable IoT - Low-Power Sensors and Efficient Routing



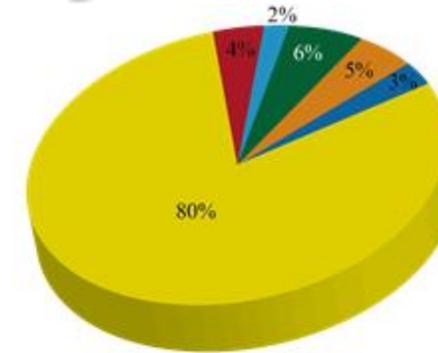
- IoT - sensors near the data collector drain energy faster than other nodes.
- **Solution Idea** - Mobile sink in which the network is balanced with node energy consumption.
- **Solution Need**: New data routing to forward data towards base station using mobile data collector, in which two data collectors follow a predefined path.

Source: S. S. Roy, D. Puthal, S. Sharma, S. P. Mohanty, and A. Y. Zomaya, "Building a Sustainable Internet of Things", *IEEE Consumer Electronics Magazine (CEM)*, Volume 7, Issue 2, March 2018, pp. 42--49.

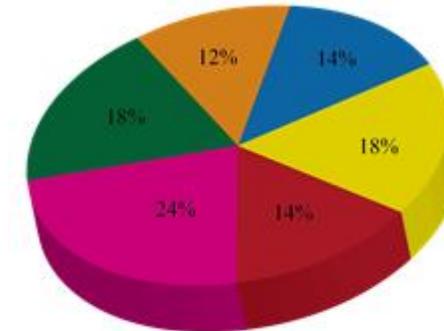
Energy Consumption of Sensors, Components, and Systems



Source: Mohanty 2015, McGraw-Hill 2015

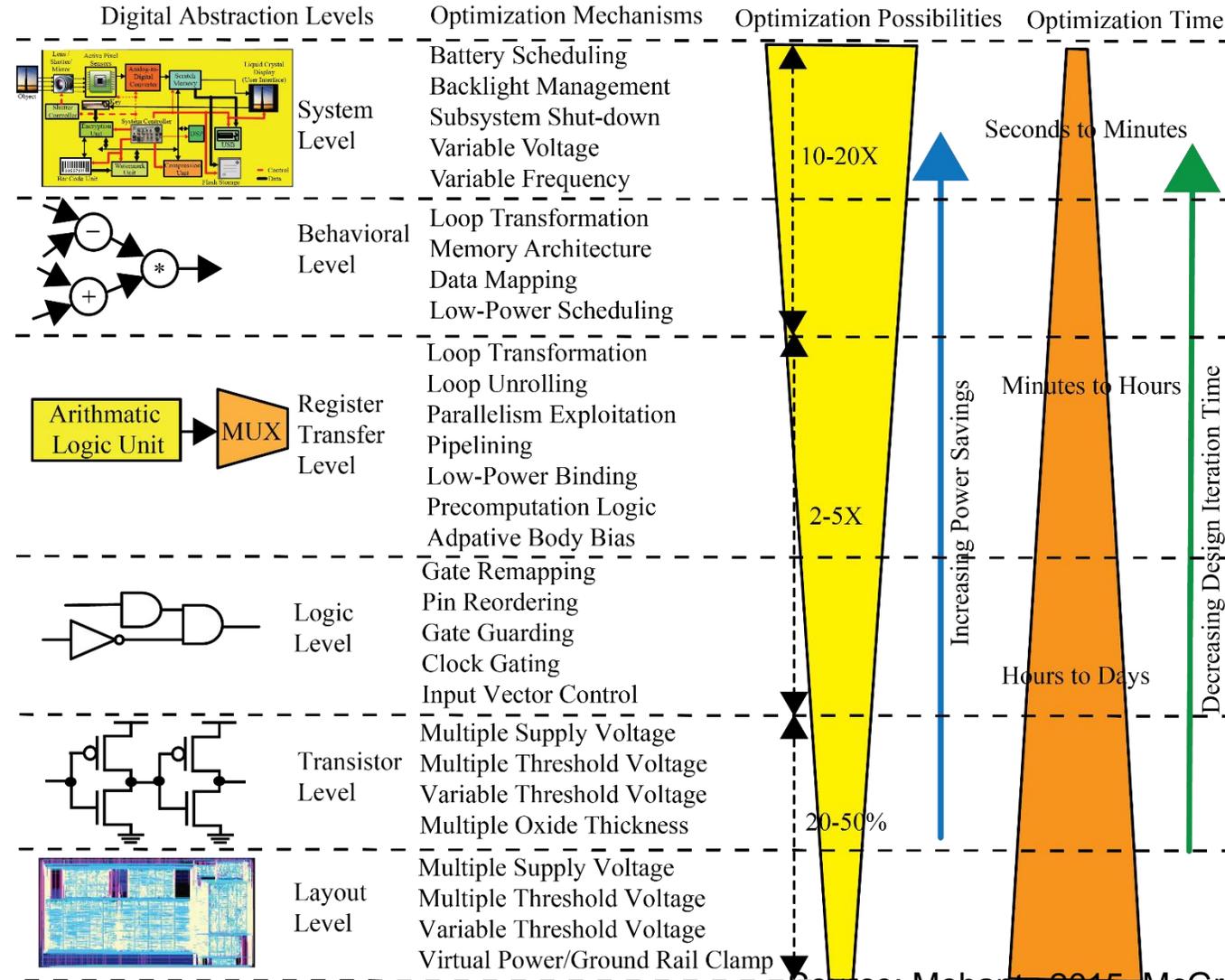


During GSM Communications



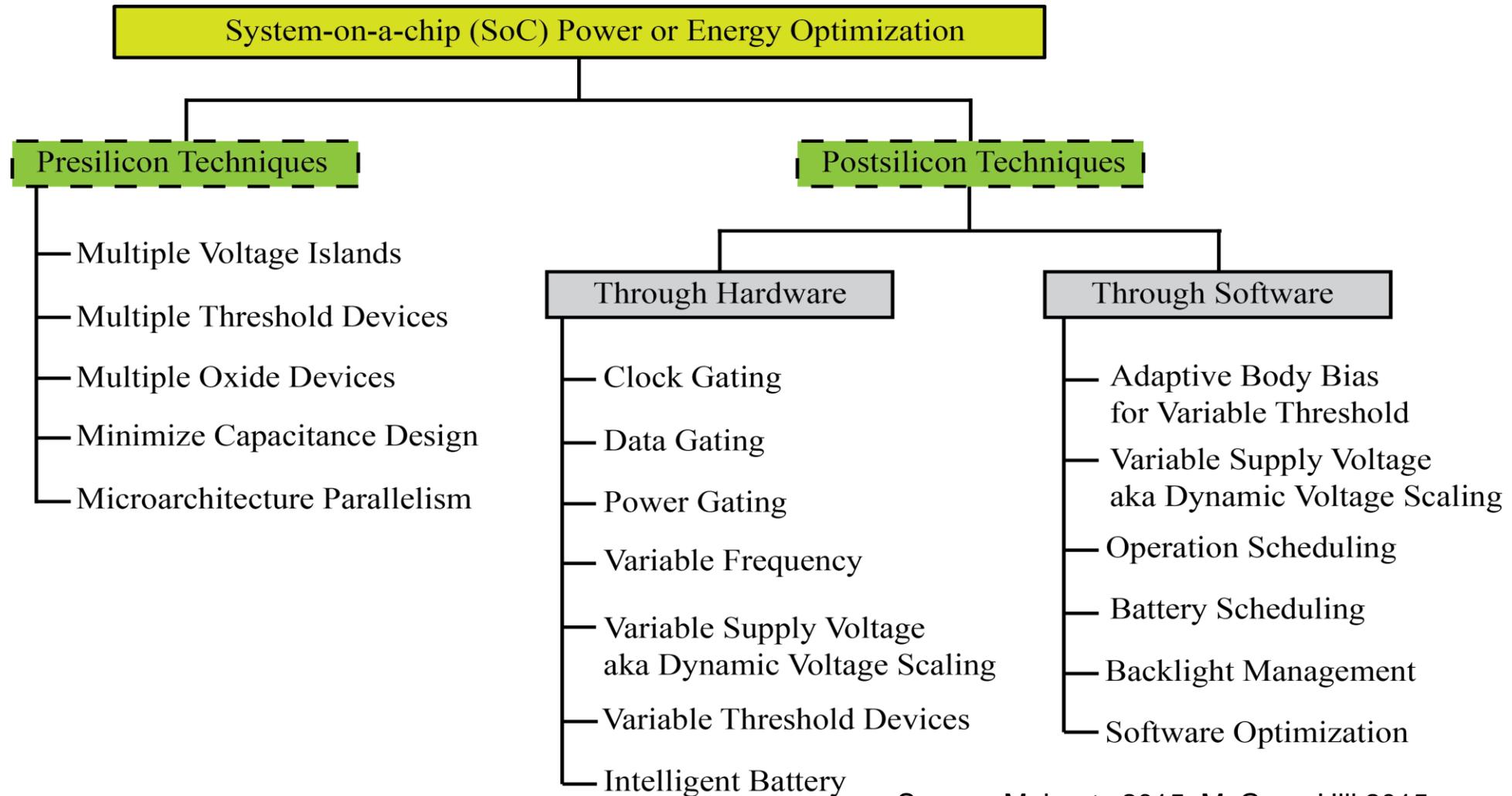
During WiFi Communications

Energy Reduction in CE Systems



Source: Mohanty 2015, McGraw-Hill 2015

Energy Reduction in CE Hardware



Source: Mohanty 2015, McGraw-Hill 2015

Battery-Less IoT

Battery less operations can lead to reduction of size and weight of the edge devices.

Go Battery-Less



SimpleLink™ Ultra-low Power Wireless MCU Platform

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

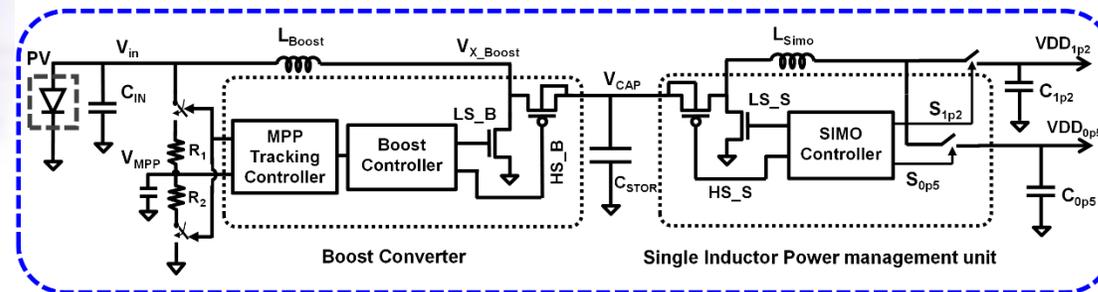
- Bluetooth® Smart
- 6LoWPAN
- ZigBee®
- Sub-1 GHz
- RF4CE™

Source: <http://newscenter.ti.com/2015-02-25-TI-makes-battery-less-IoT-connectivity-possible-with-the-industrys-first-multi-standard-wireless-microcontroller-platform>



Batter-Less SoC

Source: <https://www.technologyreview.com/s/529206/a-batteryless-sensor-chip-for-the-internet-of-things/>

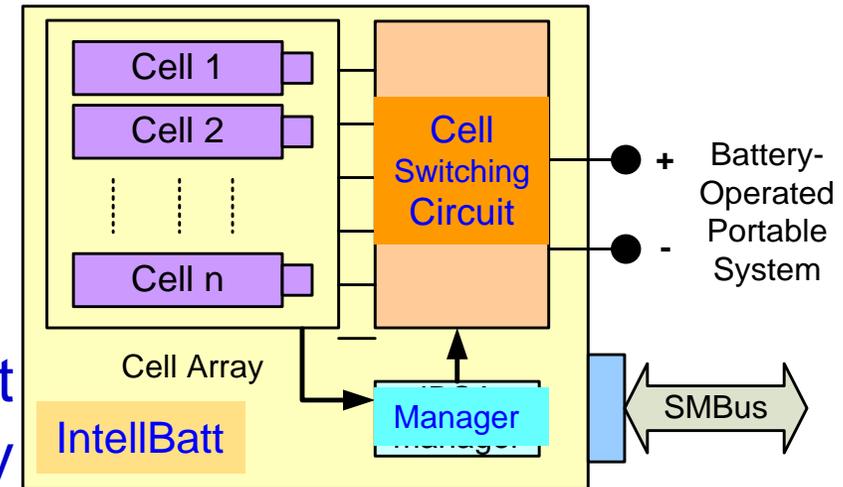


Energy Harvesting and Power Management

Source: <http://rlpvlsi.ece.virginia.edu/node/368>

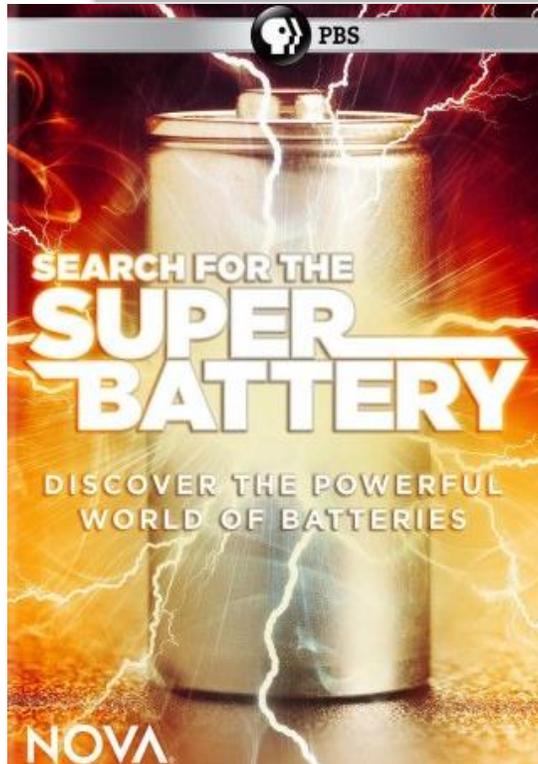
Energy Storage - High Capacity and Efficiency Needed

| Battery | Conversion Efficiency |
|-----------|-----------------------|
| Li-ion | 80% - 90% |
| Lead-Acid | 50% - 92% |
| NiMH | 66% |



Intelligent Battery

Mohanty 2010: IEEE Computer, March 2010
 Mohanty 2018: ICCE 2018



Source: Mohanty MAMI 2017 Keynote

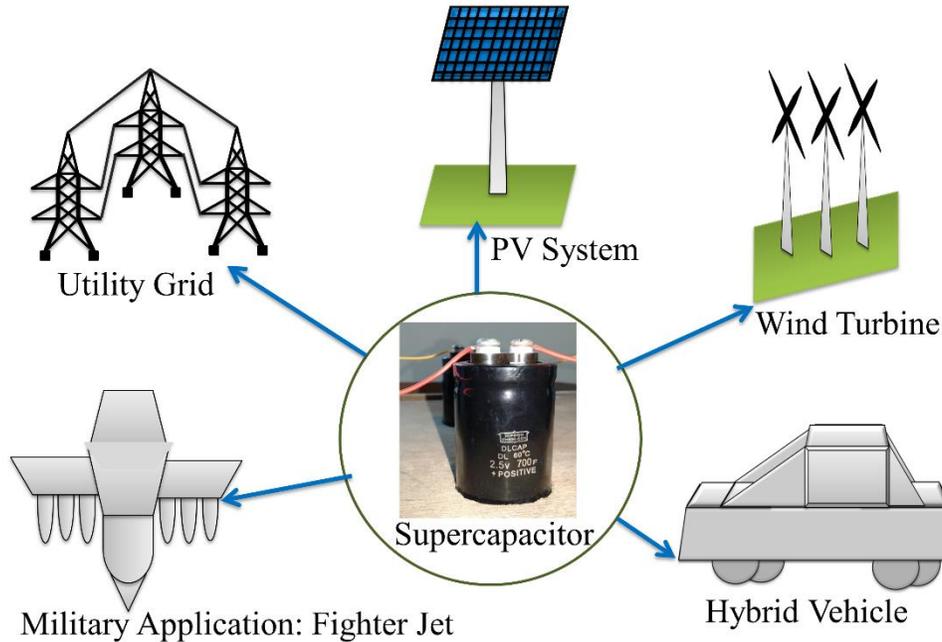


Lithium Polymer Battery

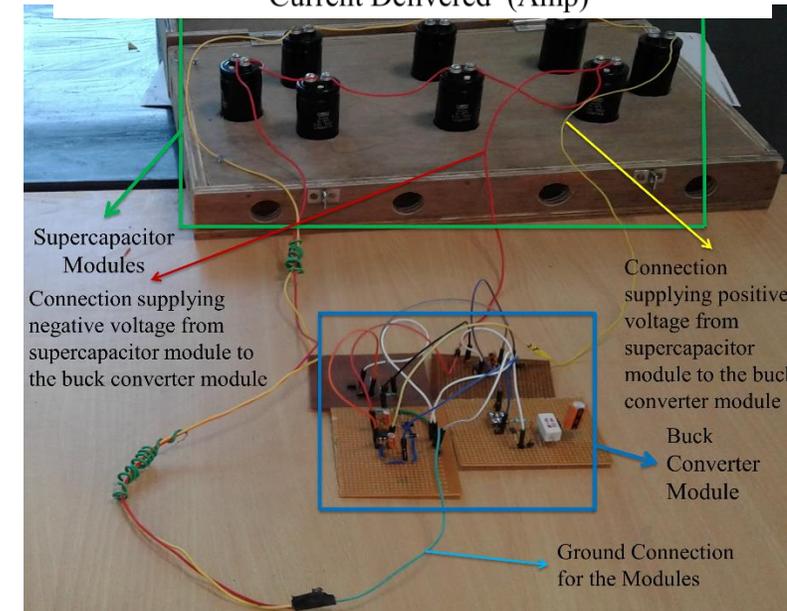
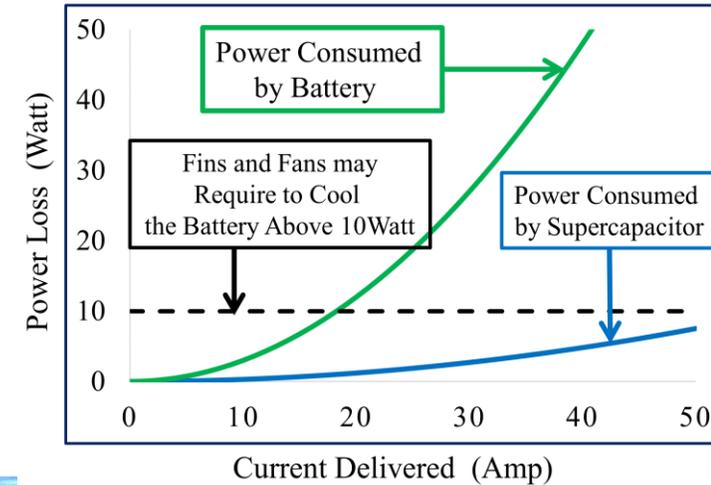


Supercapacitor

Supercapacitor based Power for CE



Source: A. S. Sengupta, S. Satpathy, S. P. Mohanty, D. Baral, and B. K. Bhattacharyya, "Supercapacitors Outperform Conventional Batteries", IEEE Consumer Electronics Magazine (CEM), Volume 7, Issue 5, September 2018, pp. 50--53.

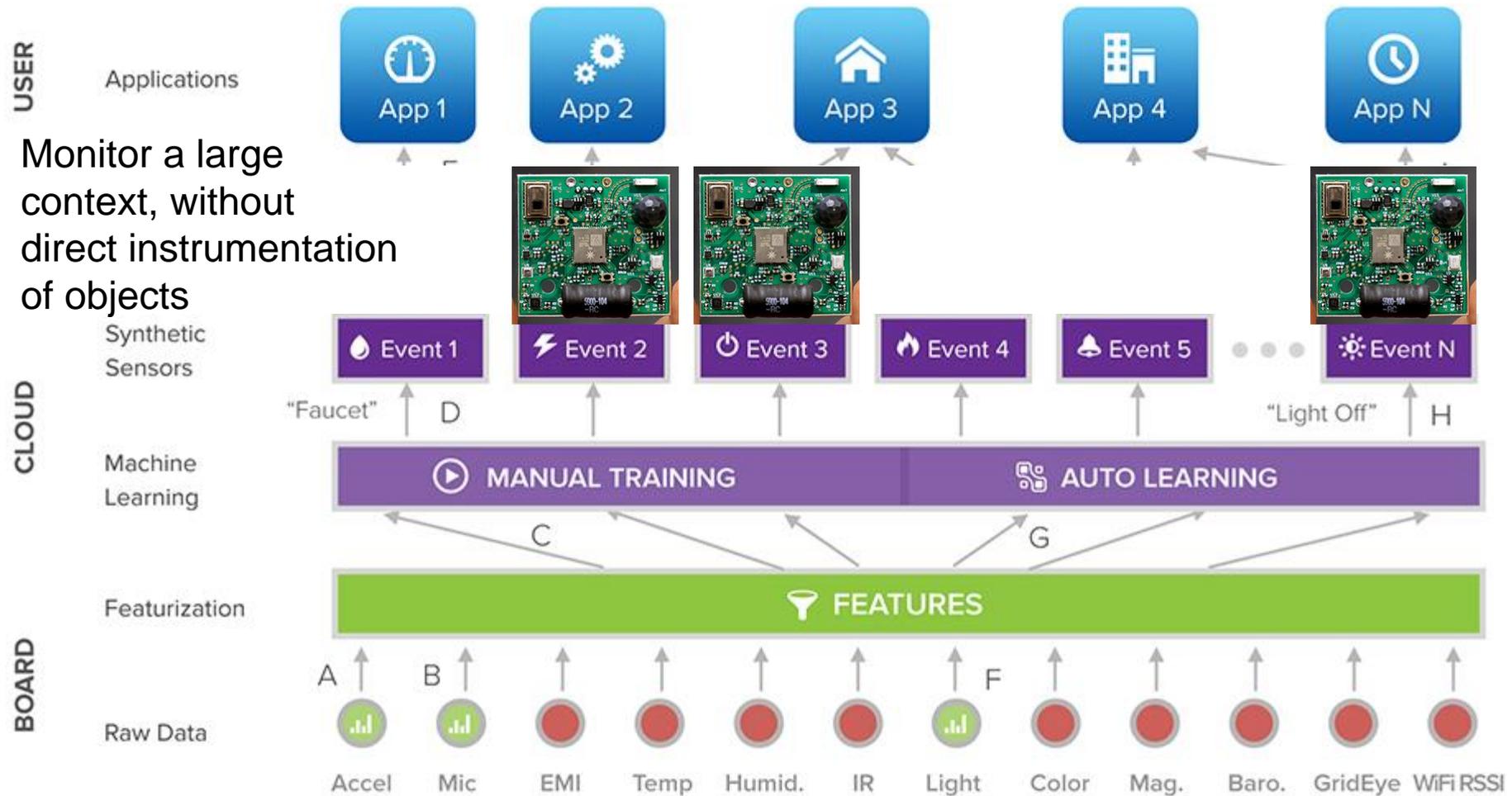


Energy Management Solutions Don't Target Cybersecurity and AI Problems

AI Solutions for IoT/CPS

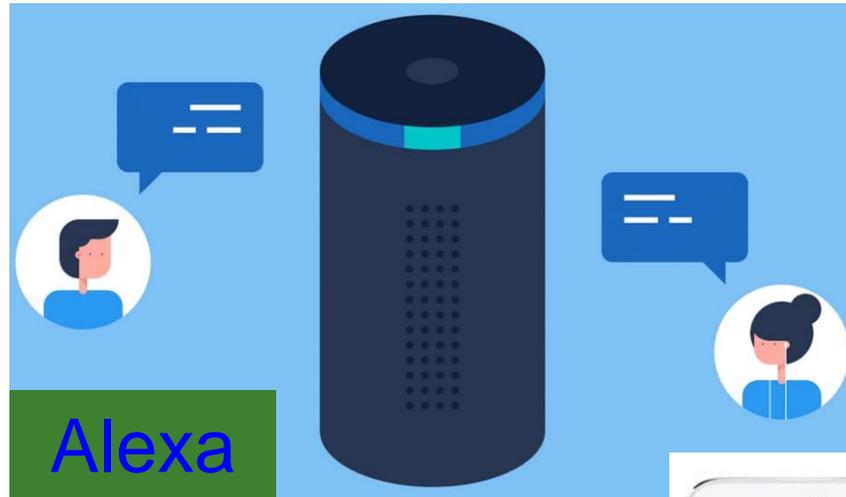


Smart Sensors - General-Purpose/ Synthetic Sensors



Source: Laput 2017, <http://www.gierad.com/projects/supersensor/>

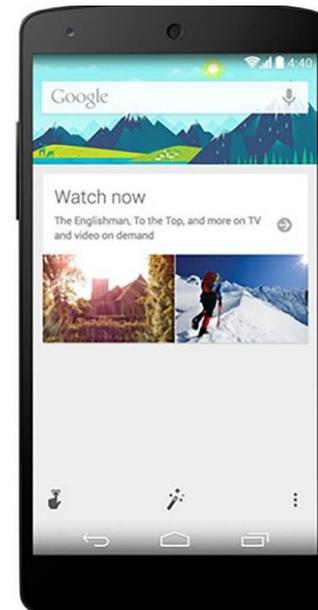
Systems – End Devices



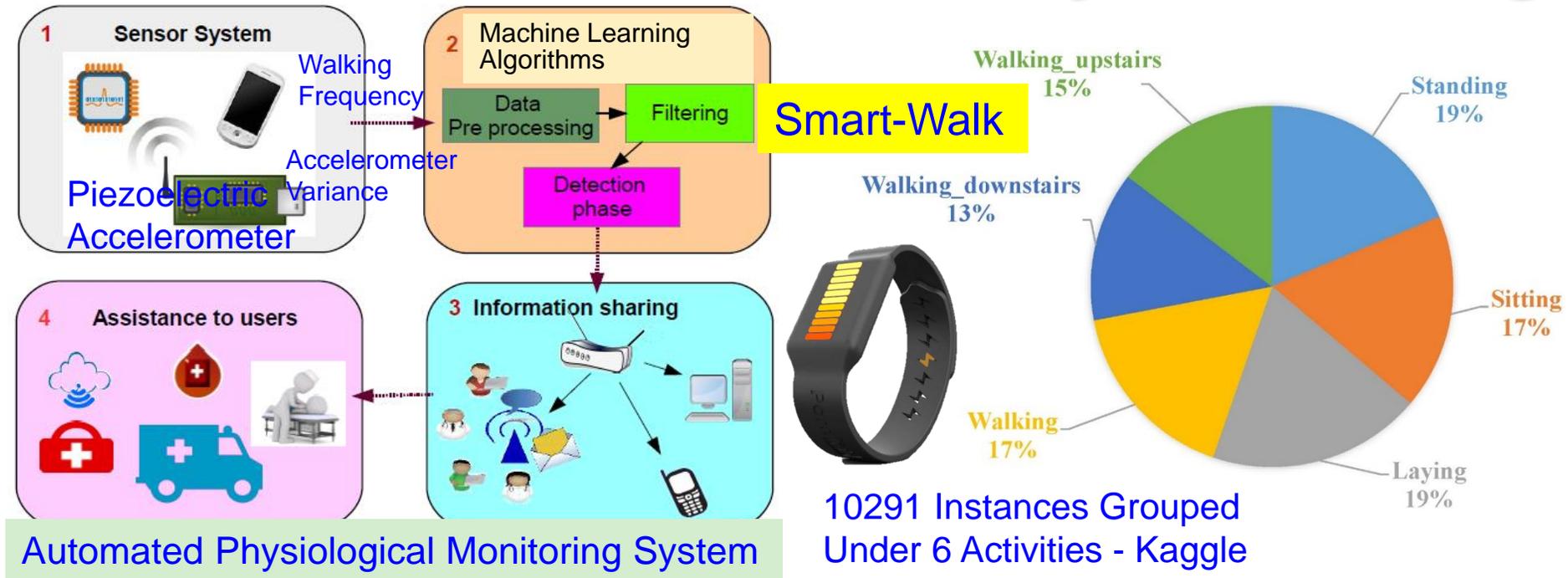
Google
Now

Windows
Cortana

Apple Siri



Smart Healthcare - Activity Monitoring



Automated Physiological Monitoring System

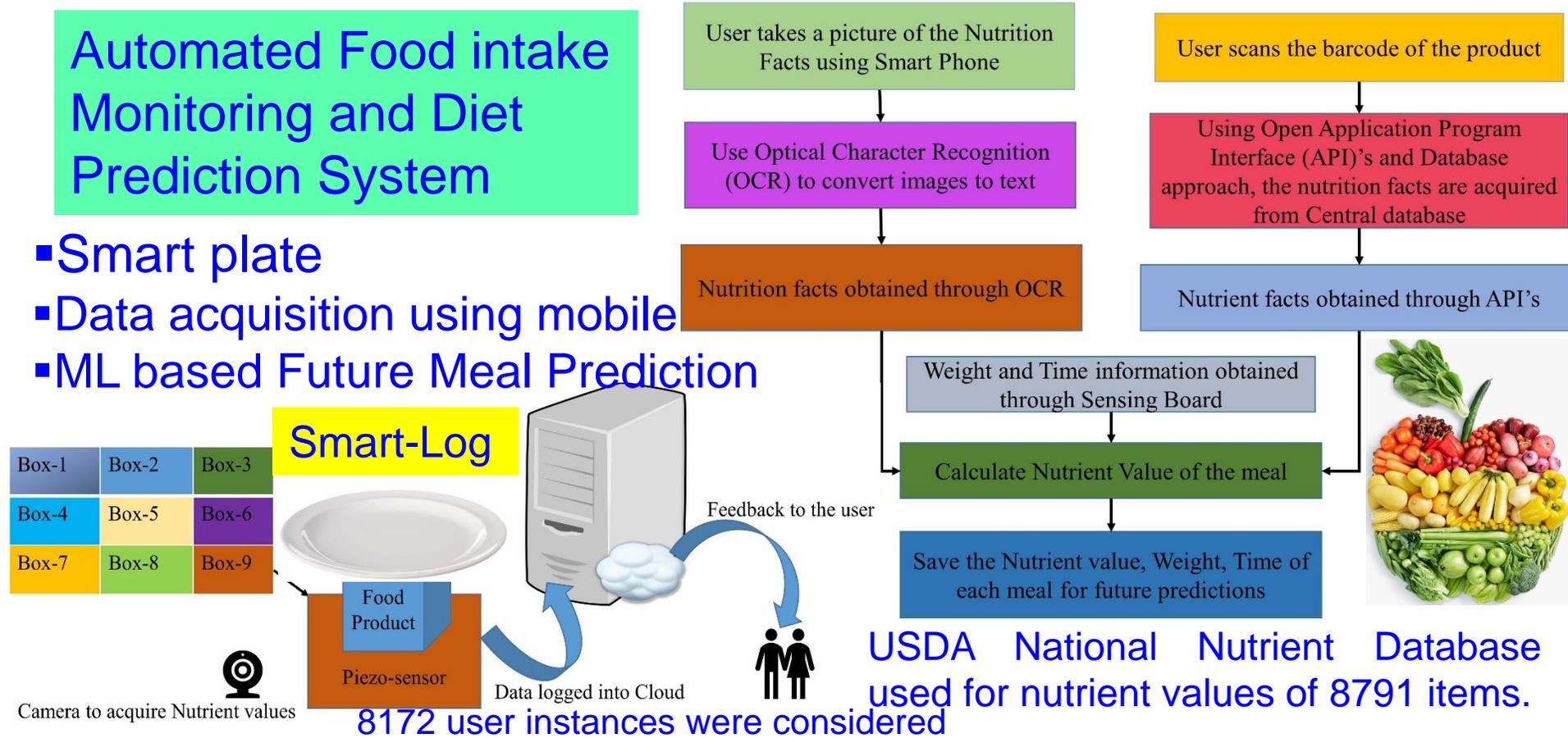
| Research Works | Method (WEKA) | Features considered | Activities | Accuracy (%) |
|----------------|--|---|----------------------------------|--------------|
| This Work | Adaptive algorithm based on feature extraction | Step detection and Step length estimation | Walking, sitting, standing, etc. | 97.9 |

P. Sundaravadivel, S. P. Mohanty, E. Kougianos, V. P. Yanambaka, and M. K. Ganapathiraju, "Smart-Walk: An Intelligent Physiological Monitoring System for Smart Families", in Proc. 36th IEEE International Conf. Consumer Electronics (ICCE), 2018.

Smart Healthcare – Diet Monitoring

Automated Food intake Monitoring and Diet Prediction System

- Smart plate
- Data acquisition using mobile
- ML based Future Meal Prediction

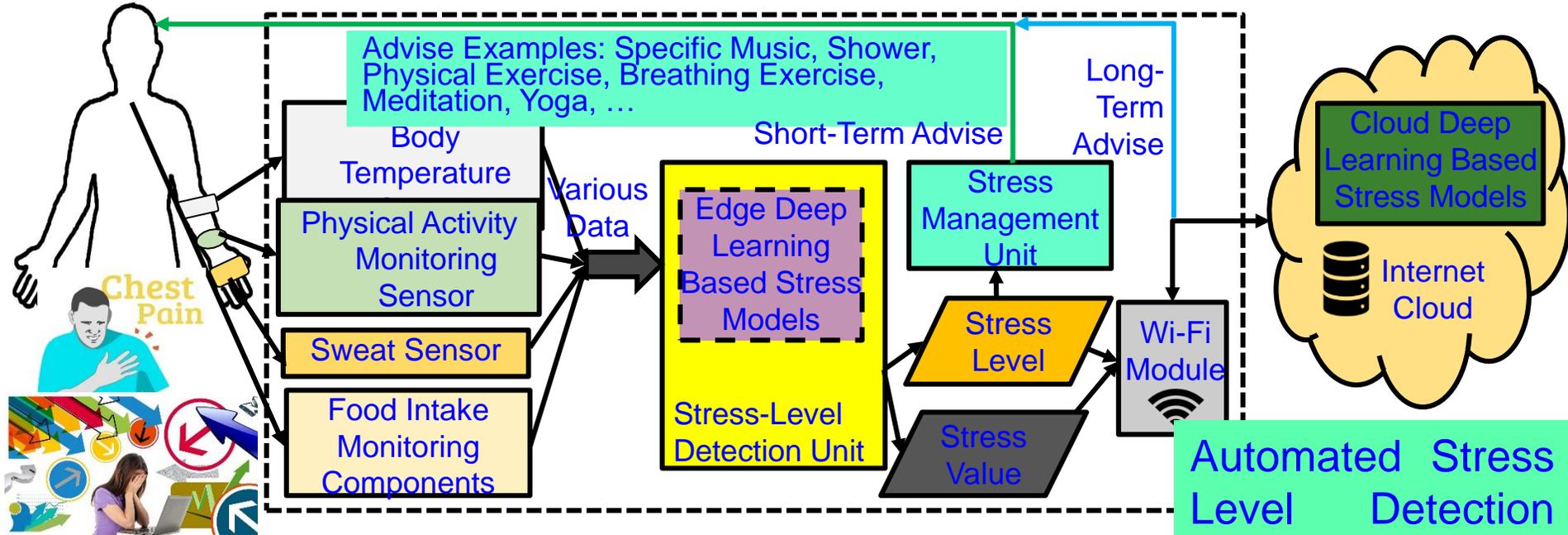


8172 user instances were considered

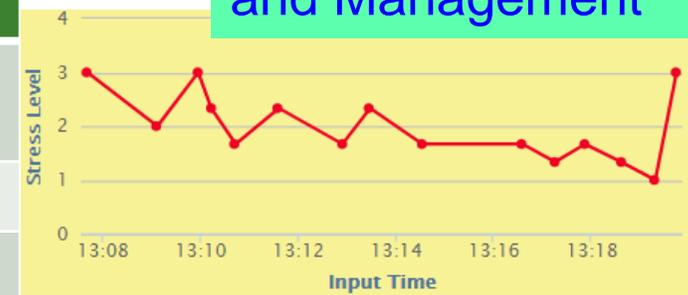
| Research Works | Food Recognition Method | Efficiency (%) |
|----------------|---------------------------------------|----------------|
| This Work | Mapping nutrition facts to a database | 98.4 |

Source: P. Sundaravadivel, K. Kesavan, L. Kesavan, S. P. Mohanty, and E. Kougianos, "Smart-Log: A Deep-Learning based Automated Nutrition Monitoring System in the IoT", IEEE Trans. on Consumer Electronics, Vol 64, No 3, Aug 2018, pp. 390-398.

Smart Healthcare - Stress Monitoring & Control

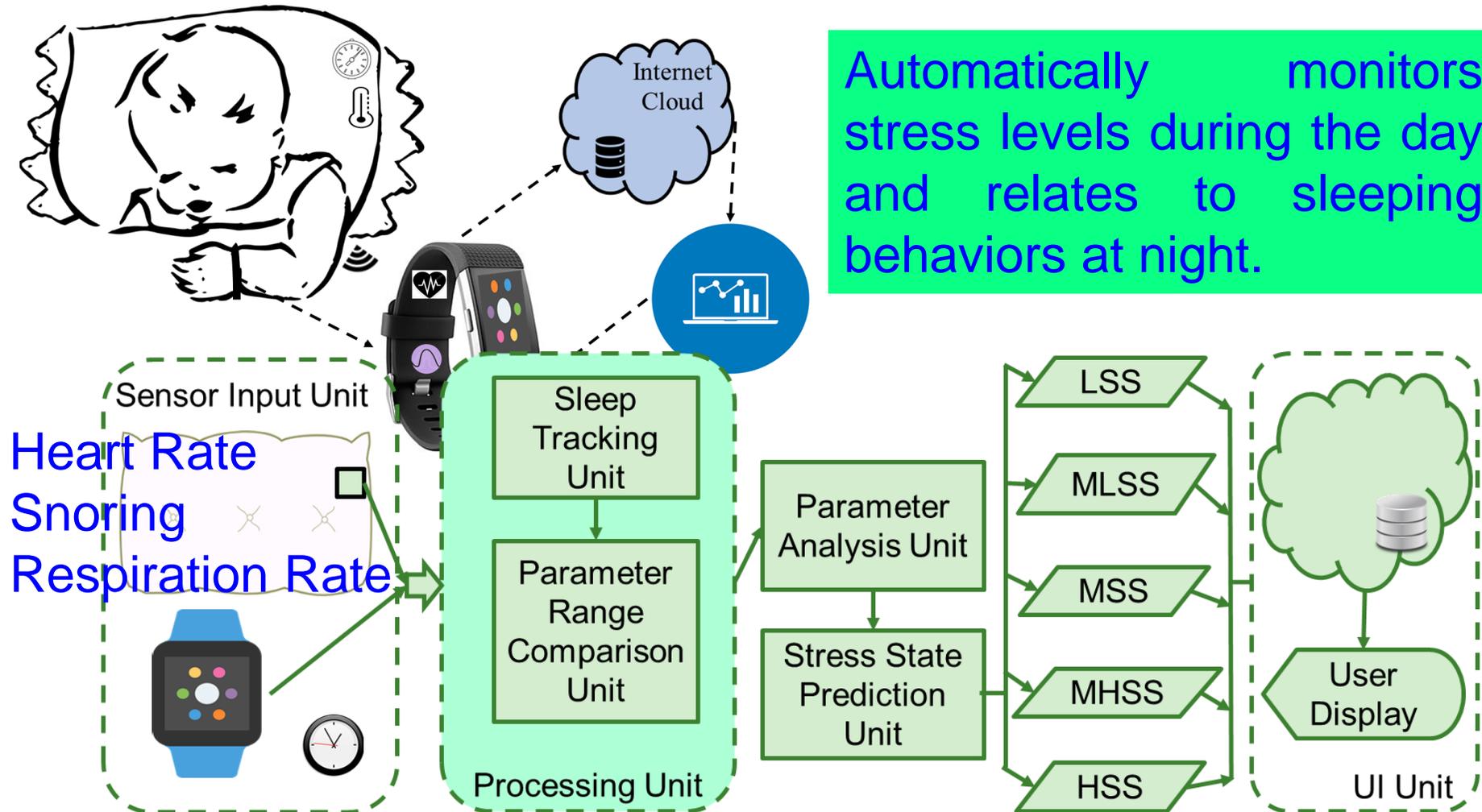


| Sensor | Low Stress | Normal Stress | High Stress |
|---------------------------|------------|---------------|-------------|
| Accelerometer (steps/min) | 0-75 | 75-100 | 101-200 |
| Humidity (RH%) | 27-65 | 66-91 | 91-120 |
| Temperature °F | 98-100 | 90-97 | 80-90 |



Source: L. Rachakonda, P. Sundaravadivel, S. P. Mohanty, E. Kougianos, and M. Ganapathiraju, "A Smart Sensor in the IoMT for Stress Level Detection", in Proc. 4th IEEE International Symposium on Smart Electronic Systems (iSES), 2018, pp. 141--145.

Smart Healthcare – Smart-Pillow



Source: Mohanty iSES 2018: "Smart-Pillow: An IoT based Device for Stress Detection Considering Sleeping Habits", in *Proc. of 4th IEEE International Symposium on Smart Electronic Systems (iSES) 2018*.

Smart-Yoga Pillow (SaYoPillow) - Sleeping Pattern

Person On Pillow:
Physiological Sensor Data Monitoring Starts

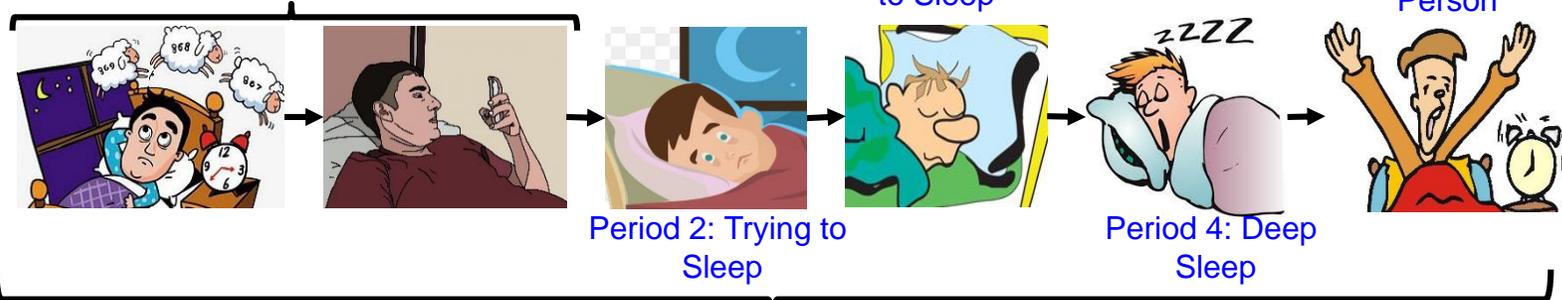
Person Off Pillow:
Physiological Sensor Data Monitoring Ends



Period 1. Lying on bed but not Sleeping

Period 3: Drift from Wakefulness to Sleep

Period 5: Awake Person

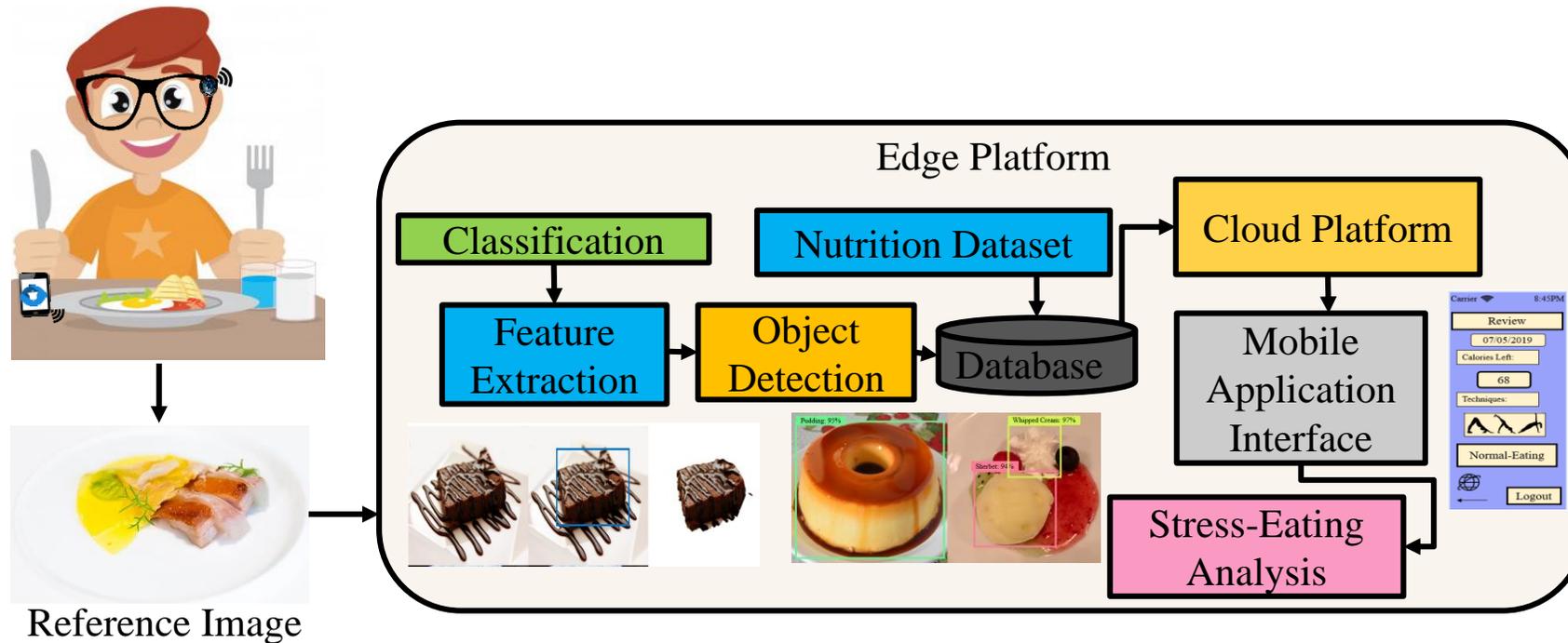


Transitions of a person drifting into non-rapid eye movement (NREM) followed by rapid eye movement (REM) to Awake State.



Source: L. Rachakonda, A. K. Bapatla, **S. P. Mohanty**, and E. Kougianos, "SaYoPillow: Blockchain-Integrated Privacy-Assured IoMT Framework for Stress Management Considering Sleeping Habit", *IEEE Transactions on Consumer Electronics (TCE)*, Vol. XX, No. YY, ZZ 2021, pp. Accepted on 07 Dec 2020, DOI: 10.1109/TCE.2020.3043683.

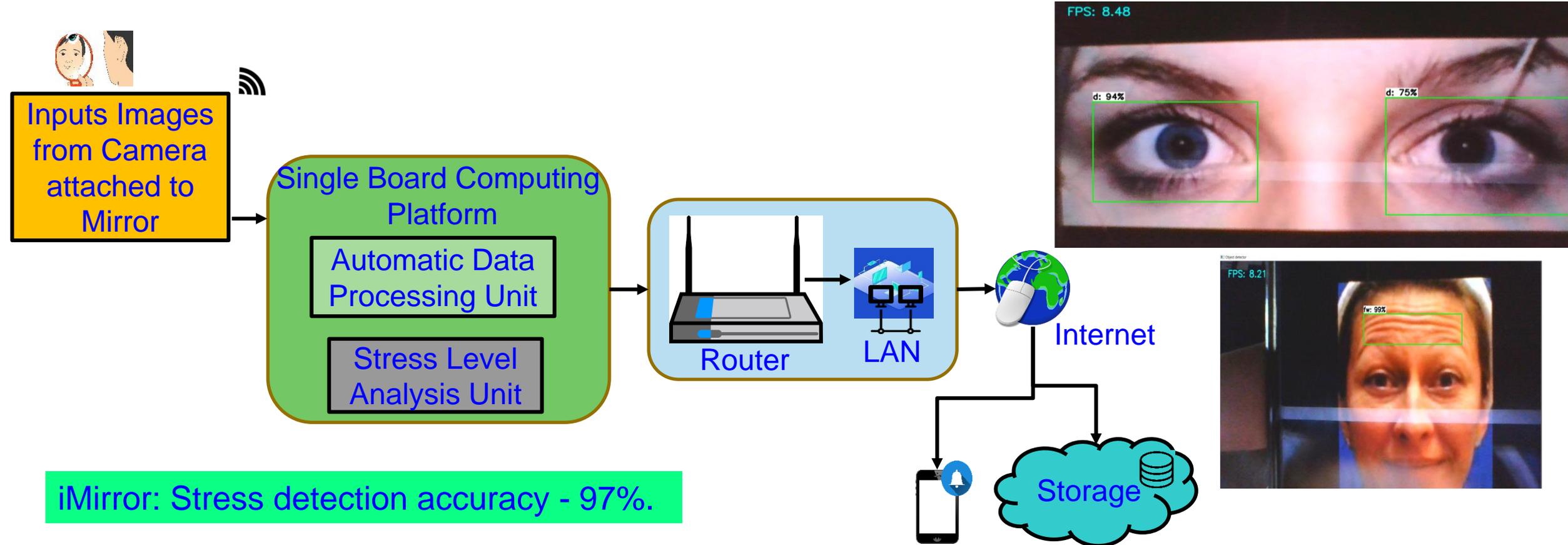
Smart Healthcare – iLog



iLog- Fully Automated Detection System with 98% accuracy.

Source: L. Rachakonda, S. P. Mohanty, and E. Kougianos, "iLog: An Intelligent Device for Automatic Food Intake Monitoring and Stress Detection in the IoMT", *IEEE Transactions on Consumer Electronics (TCE)*, Vol. 66, No. 2, May 2020, pp. 115--124.

iMirror: Our Smart Mirror for Stress Detection from Facial Features



iMirror: Stress detection accuracy - 97%.

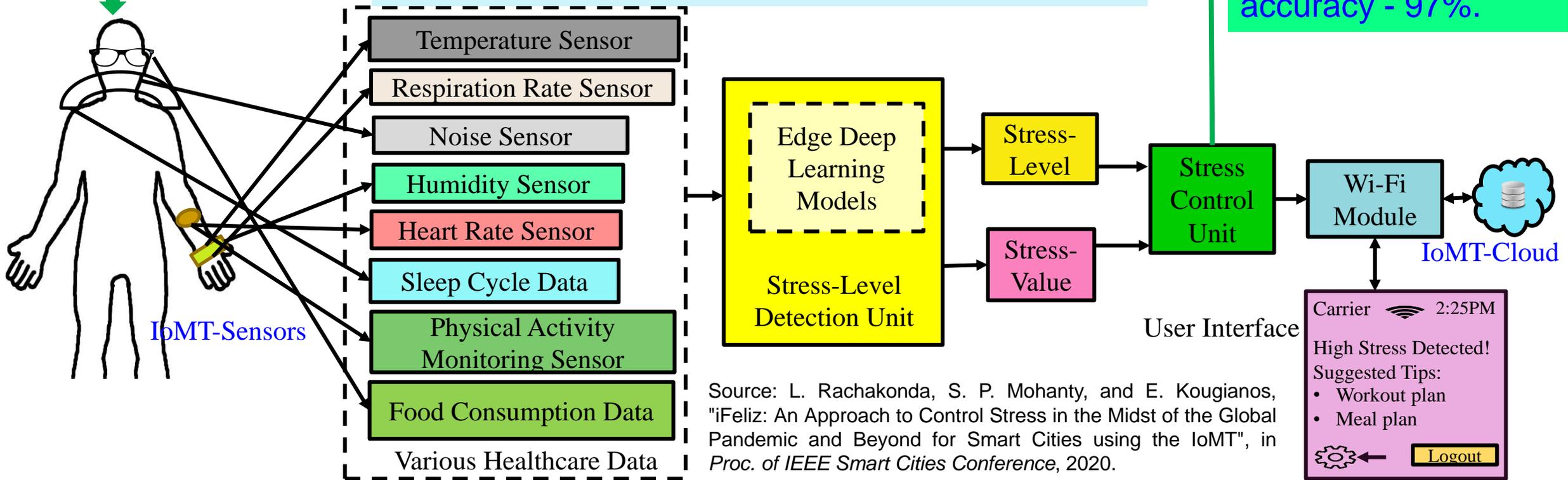
Source: L. Rachakonda, P. Rajkumar, **S. P. Mohanty**, and E. Kougianos, "iMirror: A Smart Mirror for Stress Detection in the IoMT Framework for Advancements in Smart Cities", *Proceedings of the 6th IEEE Smart Cities Conference (ISC2)*, 2020.

iFeliz: Our Framework for Automatic Stress Control

Generate workout plan, meal plan, sleep schedule, display stress relief paintings, play music in the background, suggest videos to play, quick 2 min breathe exercise, display positive and inspirational quotes, nearby therapy dog's location, automatic slide show of photos from gallery. **Long-Term Advice**

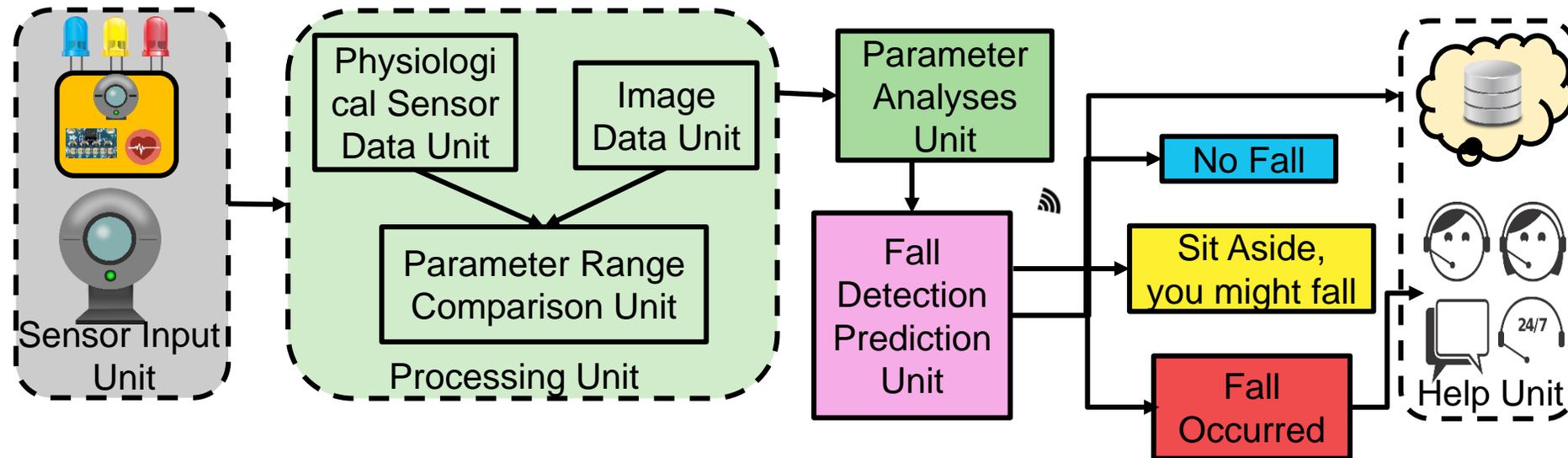
Physical exercise, yoga, meditation- heavy breathing, specific music, shower, Massage appointment, Nap, pet time. **Short-Term Advice**

iFeliz: Stress detection and control accuracy - 97%.



Source: L. Rachakonda, S. P. Mohanty, and E. Kougianos, "iFeliz: An Approach to Control Stress in the Midst of the Global Pandemic and Beyond for Smart Cities using the IoMT", in *Proc. of IEEE Smart Cities Conference*, 2020.

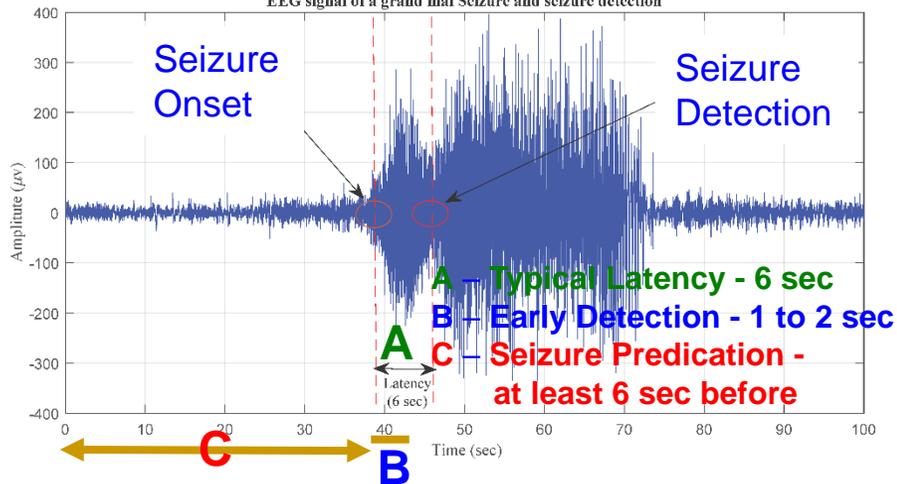
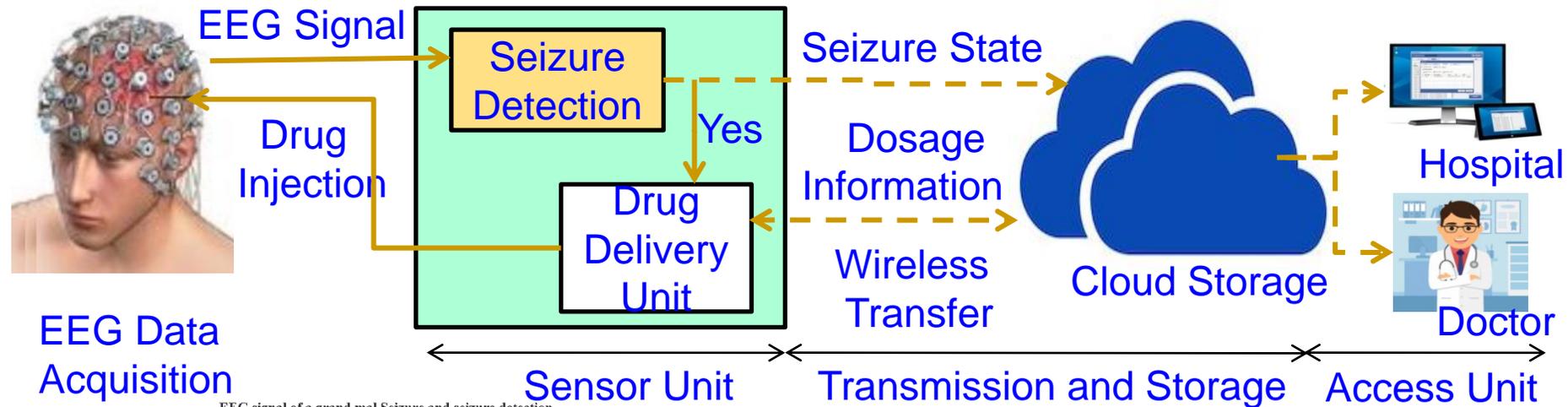
Good-Eye: Our Multimodal Sensor System for Elderly Fall Prediction and Detection



Good-Eye: Fall detection and prediction Accuracy - 95%.

Source: L. Rachakonda, A. Sharma, S. P. Mohanty, and E. Kougianos, "Good-Eye: A Combined Computer-Vision and Physiological-Sensor based Device for Full-Proof Prediction and Detection of Fall of Adults", in *Proceedings of the 2nd IFIP International Internet of Things (IoT) Conference (IFIP-IoT)*, 2019, pp. 273--288.

Smart Healthcare - Seizure Detection & Control

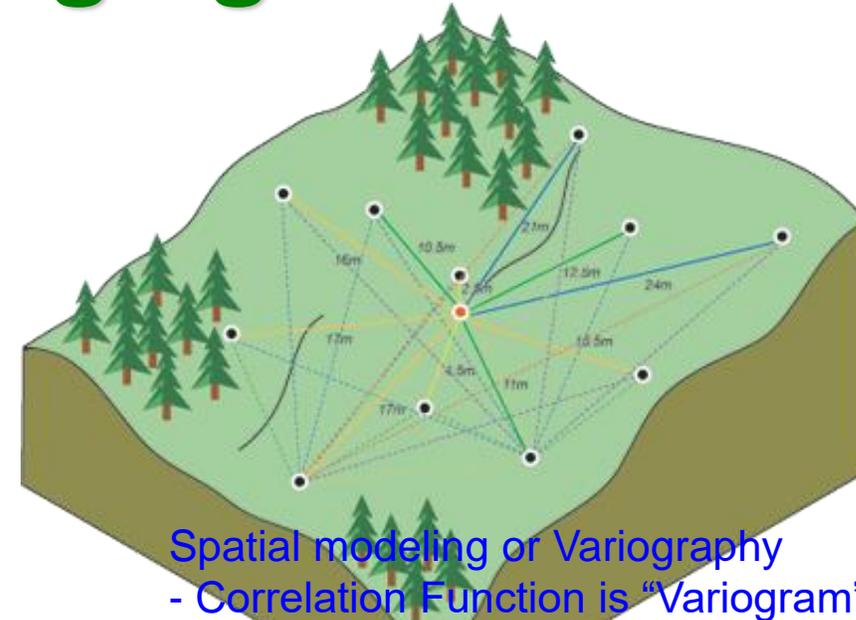
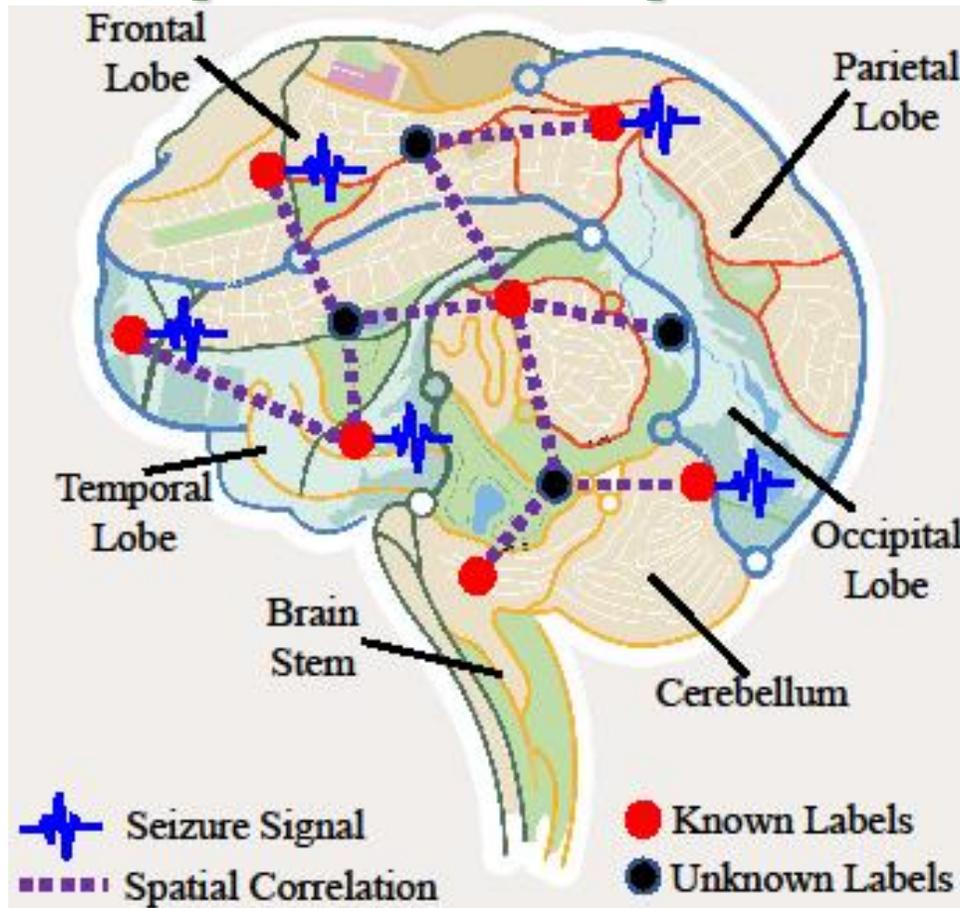


Automated Epileptic Seizure Detection and Control System

| Cloud Vs Edge | Latency | Accuracy |
|---------------------------|---------|----------|
| Cloud-IoT based Detection | 2.5 sec | 98.65% |
| Edge-IoT based Detection | 1.4 sec | 98.65% |

Source: M. A. Sayeed, S. P. Mohanty, E. Kougianos, and H. Zaveri, "Neuro-Detect: A Machine Learning Based Fast and Accurate Seizure Detection System in the IoMT", *IEEE Transactions on Consumer Electronics (TCE)*, Volume XX, Issue YY, ZZ 2019, pp. Accepted on 16 May 2019, DOI: 10.1109/TCE.2019.2917895 .

Smart Healthcare – Brain as a Spatial Map → Kriging Methods

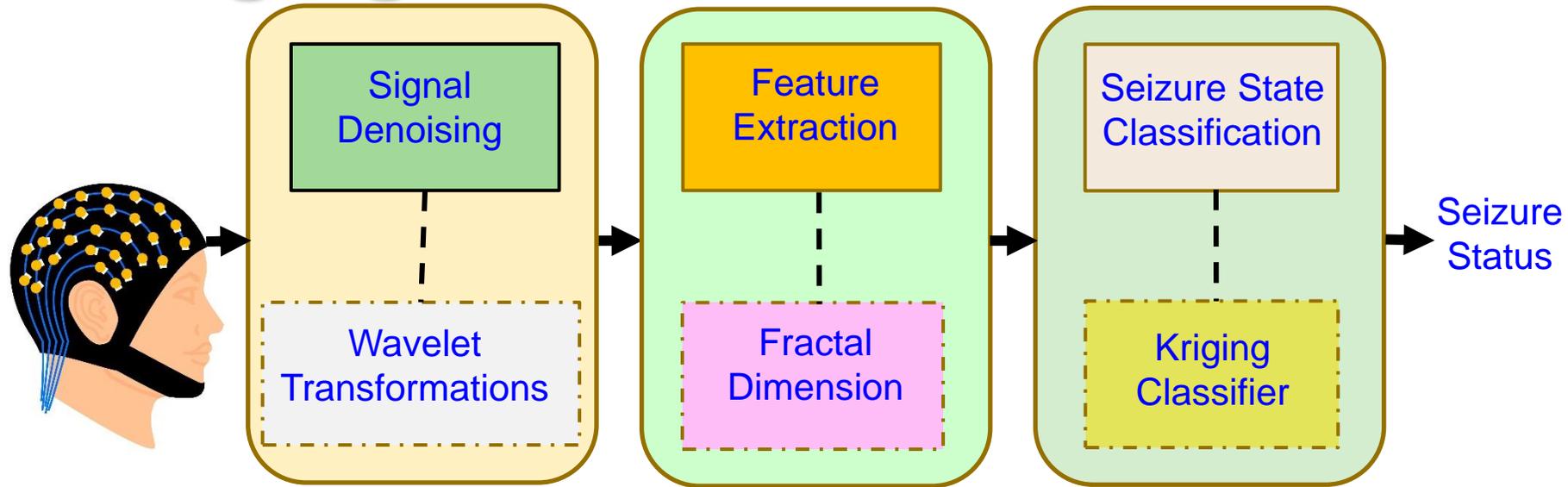


Source: <http://desktop.arcgis.com/en/arcmap/10.3/tools/3d-analyst-toolbox/how-kriging-works.htm>

Spatial autocorrelation principle
- things that are closer are more alike than things farther

Source: I. L. Olokodana, S. P. Mohanty, and E. Kougianos, "Ordinary-Kriging Based Real-Time Seizure Detection in an Edge Computing Paradigm", in *Proceedings of the 38th IEEE International Conference on Consumer Electronics (ICCE)*, 2020, Accepted.

Kriging based Seizure Detection



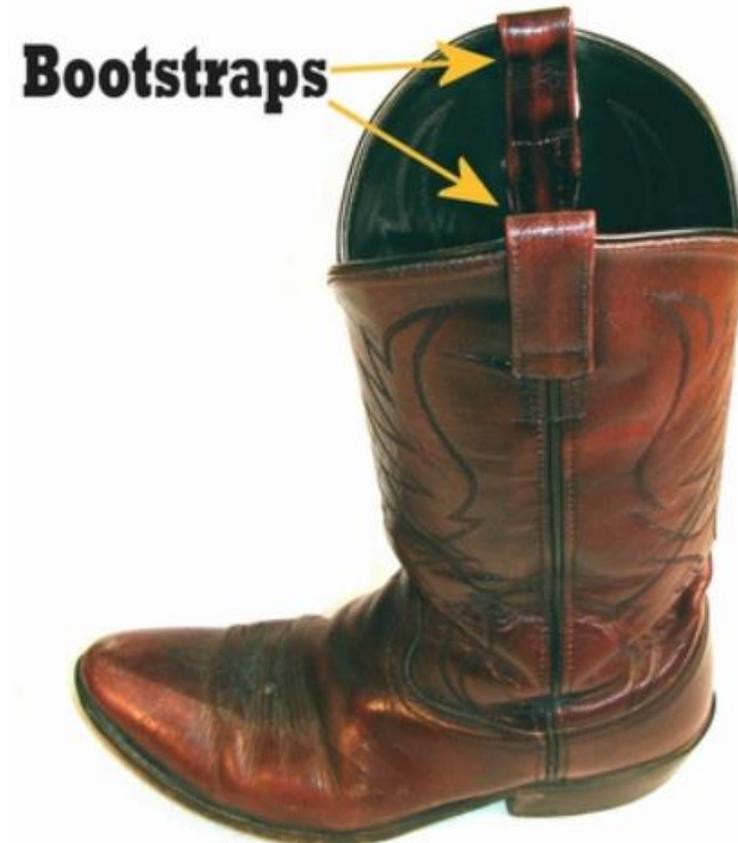
| Works | Extracted Features | Classification Algorithm | Sensitivity | Latency |
|------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|-------------|----------|
| Zandi, et al. 2012 [23] | Regularity, energy & combined seizure indices | Cumulative Sum thresholding | 91.00% | 9 sec. |
| Altaf,etal. 2015 [24] | Digital hysteresis | Support Vector Machine | 95.70% | 1 sec |
| Vidyaratne, et al. 2017 [25] | Fractal dimension, spatial/temporal features | Relevance Vector Machine (RVM) | 96.00% | 1.89 sec |
| Our Proposed | Petrosian fractal dimension | Kriging Classifier | 100.0% | 0.85 s |

Source: I. L. Olokodana, S. P. Mohanty, and E. Kougianos, "Ordinary-Kriging Based Real-Time Seizure Detection in an Edge Computing Paradigm", in *Proceedings of the 38th IEEE International Conference on Consumer Electronics (ICCE)*, 2020, Accepted.

AI Solutions Don't Target Energy Issues and Cybersecurity Problems

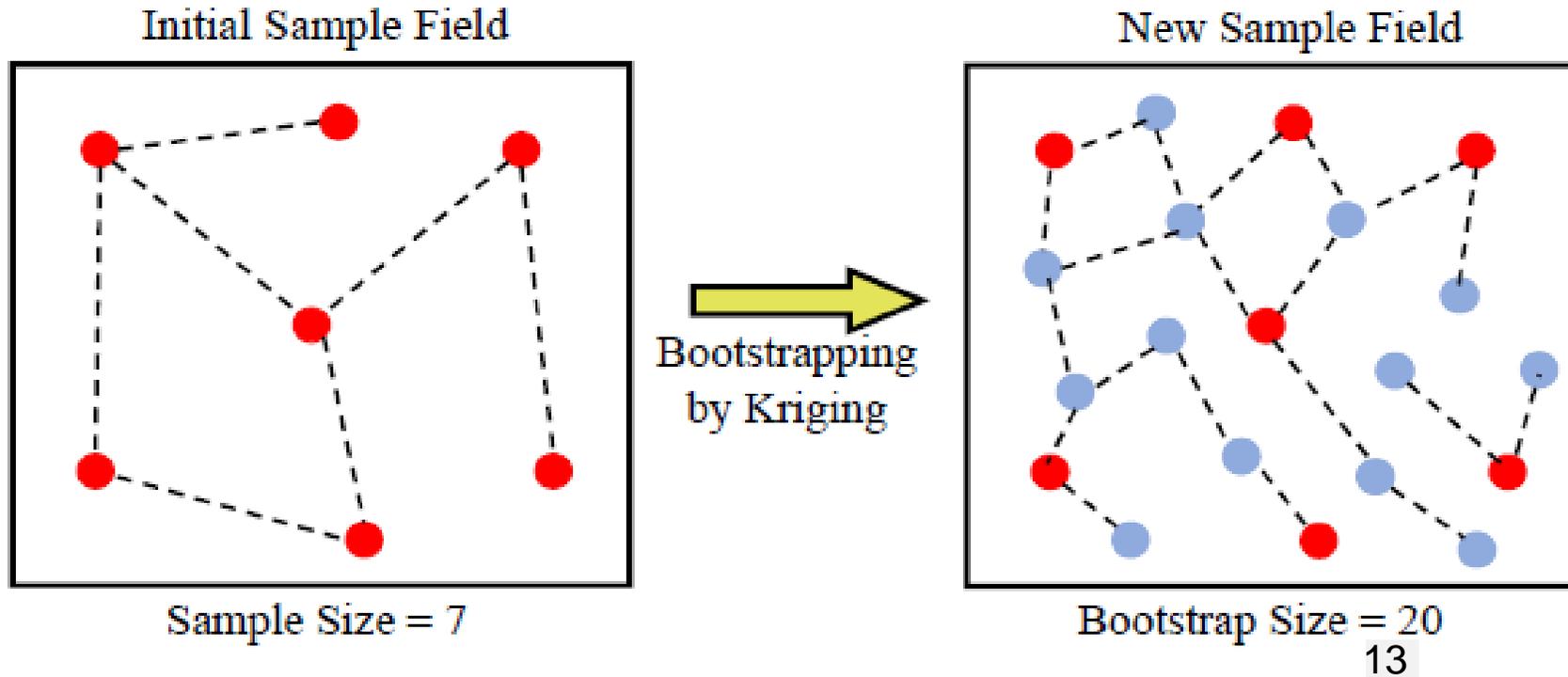
Our Hierarchical ML to Reduce Training Time - Bootstrapping

- A Bootstrap helps in pulling on a boot.
- It means solving a problem without external resources.



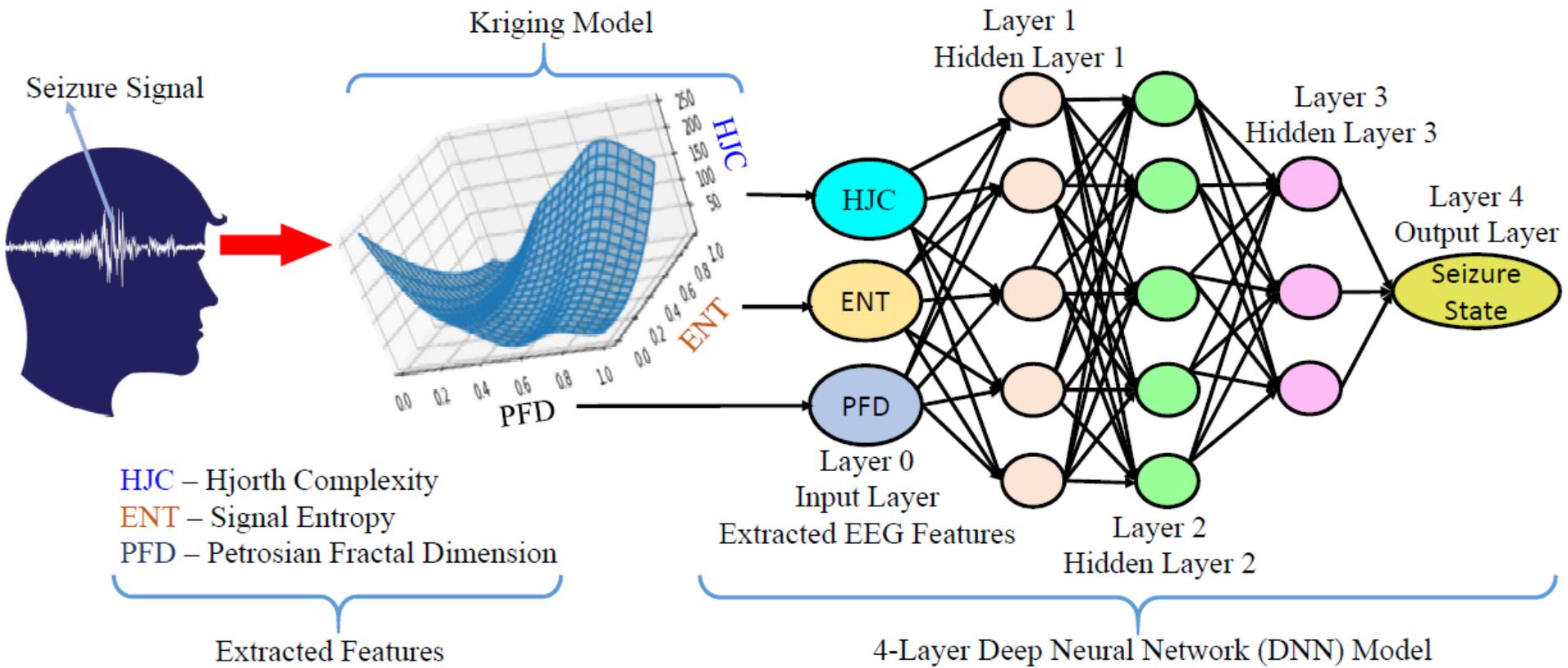
Source: <http://www.lemen.com/dictionary-b.html#bootstrap>

Our Bootstrapped Kriging



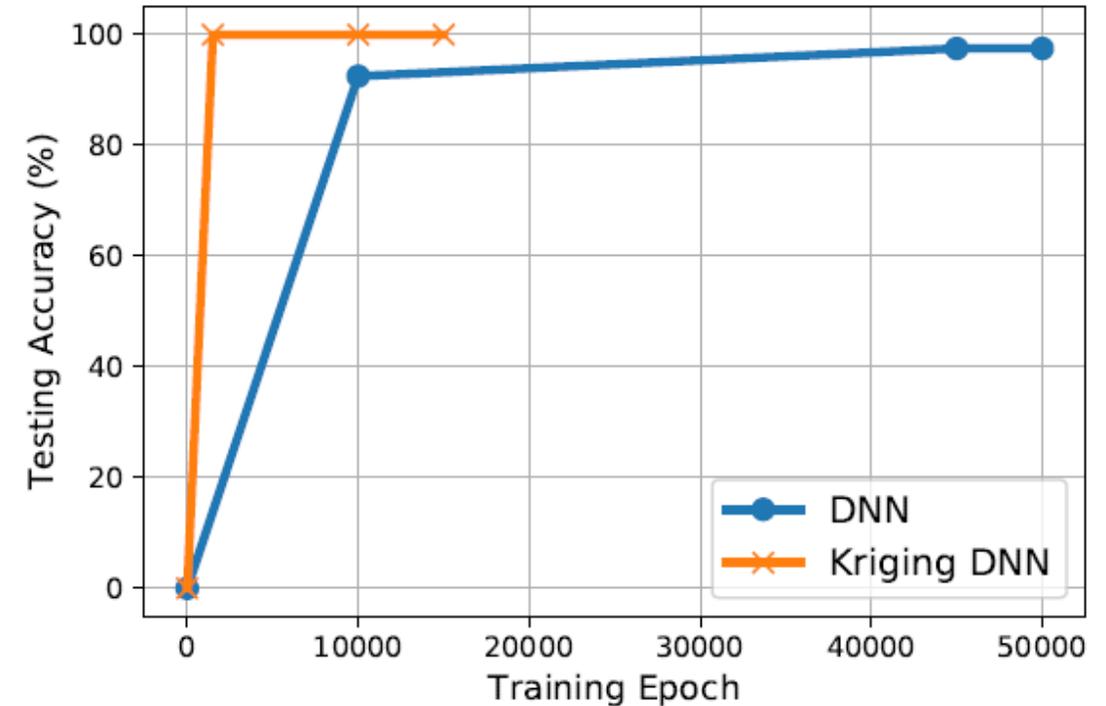
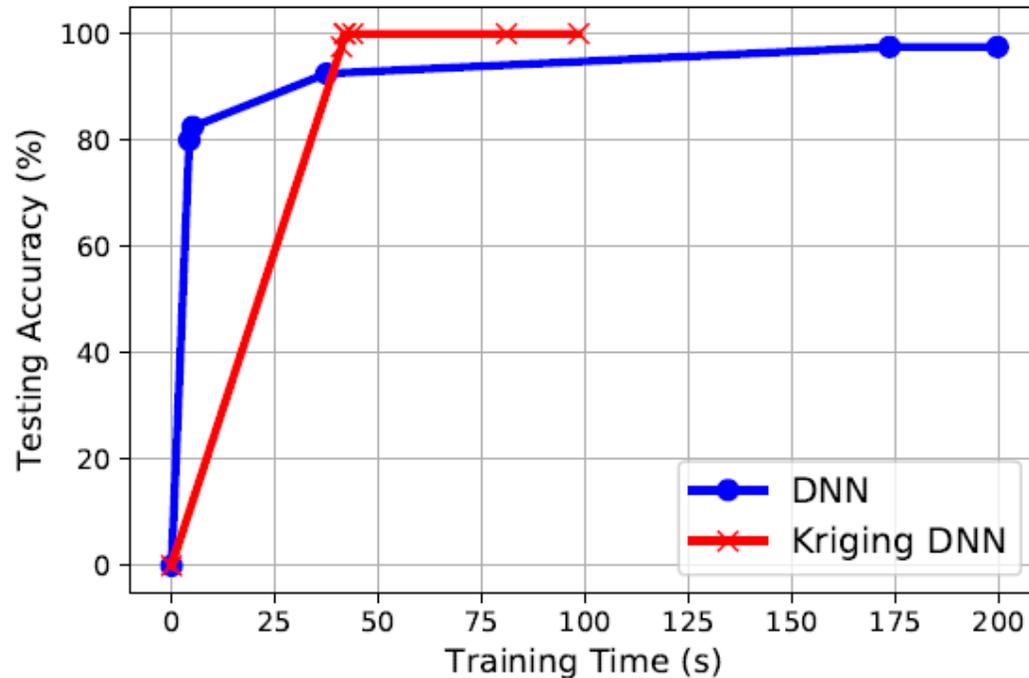
Source: I. L. Olokodana, S. P. Mohanty, and E. Kougianos, "Kriging-Bootstrapped DNN Hierarchical Model for Real-Time Seizure Detection from EEG Signals", in *Proceedings of the 6th IEEE World Forum on Internet of Things (WF-IoT)*, 2020

Our Kriging-Bootstrapped DNN Model



Source: I. L. Olokodana, S. P. Mohanty, and E. Kougianos, "Kriging-Bootstrapped DNN Hierarchical Model for Real-Time Seizure Detection from EEG Signals", in *Proceedings of the 6th IEEE World Forum on Internet of Things (WF-IoT)*, 2020.

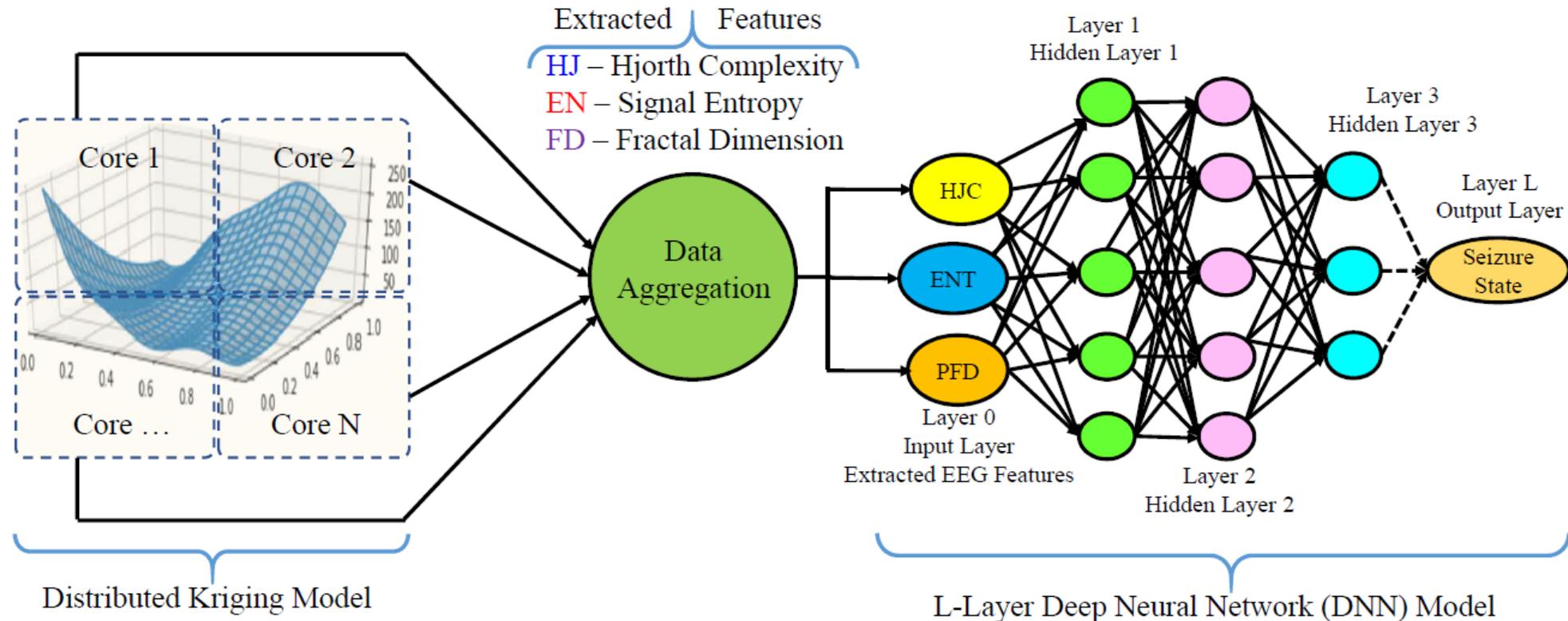
Experimental Results



Proposed model trains in 75% less time and 30 times reduced training epoch size than the ordinary DNN, as well as a 2.5% improvement in testing accuracy.

Source: I. L. Olokodana, **S. P. Mohanty**, and E. Kougianos, "Kriging-Bootstrapped DNN Hierarchical Model for Real-Time Seizure Detection from EEG Signals", in *Proceedings of the 6th IEEE World Forum on Internet of Things (WF-IoT)*, 2020.

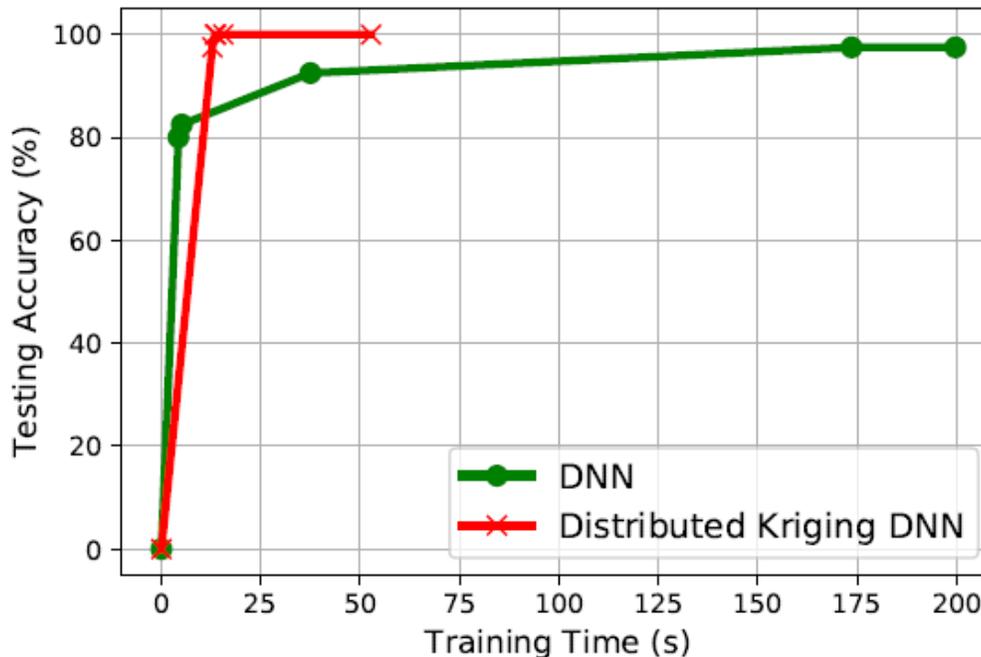
Our Distributed Kriging-Bootstrapped DNN Model



Source: I. L. Olokodana, **S. P. Mohanty**, and E. Kougianos, "Distributed Kriging-Bootstrapped DNN Model for Fast, Accurate Seizure Detection from EEG Signals", *Proceedings of the 19th IEEE Computer Society Annual Symposium on VLSI (ISVLSI)*, 2020, pp. 264--269.

Experimental Results: Dataset A

| Models | DNN | Ordinary Kriging | Kriging DNN | Distributed Kriging DNN |
|---------------|---------|------------------|-------------|-------------------------|
| Tr. Data Size | 10000 | 2000 | 10000 | 10000 |
| Tr. Epochs | 45000 | NA | 1500 | 1500 |
| Learning Rate | 0.00001 | NA | 0.001 | 0.001 |
| Training Acc. | 99.99% | 100.00% | 99.92% | 99.92% |
| Testing Acc. | 97.50% | 99.78% | 100.00% | 100.00% |
| Training Time | 173.57s | 72.24s | 43.83s | 15.56s |

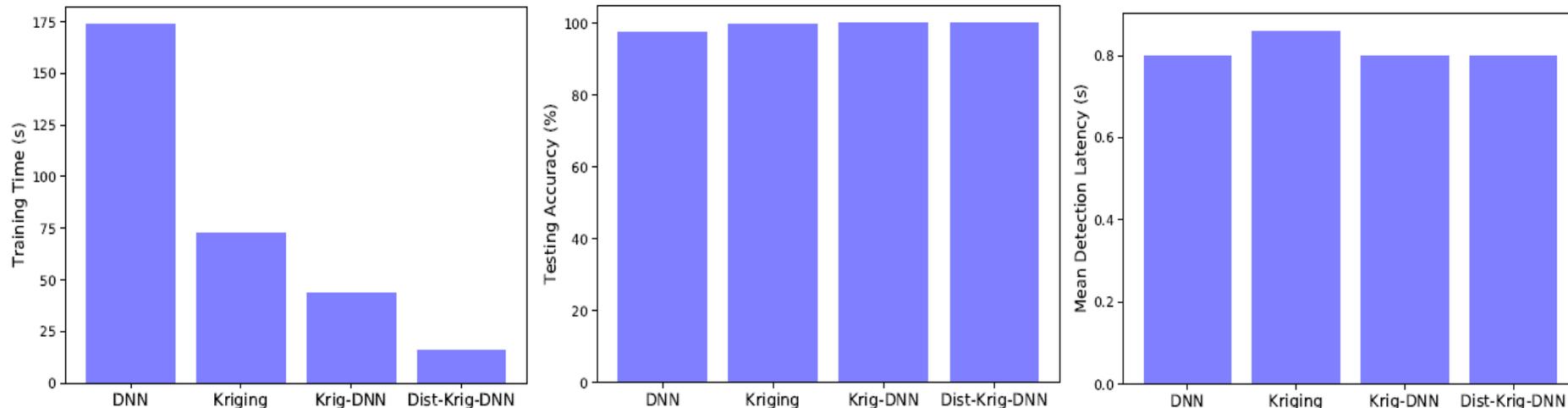


Training Time reduced by 91%

Source: I. L. Olokodana, **S. P. Mohanty**, and E. Kougianos, "Distributed Kriging-Bootstrapped DNN Model for Fast, Accurate Seizure Detection from EEG Signals", *Proceedings of the 19th IEEE Computer Society Annual Symposium on VLSI (ISVLSI)*, 2020, pp. 264--269.

Experimental Results: Dataset A

| Models | Detection Latency |
|------------------|-------------------|
| DNN | 0.80s |
| Ordinary Kriging | 0.86s |
| Krig-DNN | 0.80s |
| Dist-Krig-DNN | 0.80s |



Source: I. L. Olokodana, **S. P. Mohanty**, and E. Kougianos, "Distributed Kriging-Bootstrapped DNN Model for Fast, Accurate Seizure Detection from EEG Signals", *Proceedings of the 19th IEEE Computer Society Annual Symposium on VLSI (ISVLSI)*, 2020, pp. 264--269.

Drawbacks of Existing Security Solutions



CPS Security – Selected Solutions

Analysis of selected approaches to security and privacy issues in CE.

| Category | Current Approaches | Advantages | Disadvantages |
|---------------------|--|--|--|
| Confidentiality | Symmetric key cryptography | Low computation overhead | Key distribution problem |
| | Asymmetric key cryptography | Good for key distribution | High computation overhead |
| Integrity | Message authentication codes | Verification of message contents | Additional computation overhead |
| Availability | Signature-based authentication | Avoids unnecessary signature computations | Requires additional infrastructure and rekeying scheme |
| Authentication | Physically unclonable functions (PUFs) | High speed | Additional implementation challenges |
| | Message authentication codes | Verification of sender | Computation overhead |
| Nonrepudiation | Digital signatures | Link message to sender | Difficult in pseudonymous systems |
| Identity privacy | Pseudonym | Disguise true identity | Vulnerable to pattern analysis |
| | Attribute-based credentials | Restrict access to information based on shared secrets | Require shared secrets with all desired services |
| Information privacy | Differential privacy | Limit privacy exposure of any single data record | True user-level privacy still challenging |
| | Public-key cryptography | Integratable with hardware | Computationally intensive |
| Location privacy | Location cloaking | Personalized privacy | Requires additional infrastructure |
| Usage privacy | Differential privacy | Limit privacy exposure of any single data record | Recurrent/time-series data challenging to keep private |

Source: D. A. Hahn, A. Munir, and S. P. Mohanty, "Security and Privacy Issues in Contemporary Consumer Electronics", *IEEE Consumer Electronics Magazine*, Volume 8, Issue 1, January 2019, pp. 95--99.

IT Security Solutions Can't be Directly Extended to IoT/CPS Security

IT Security

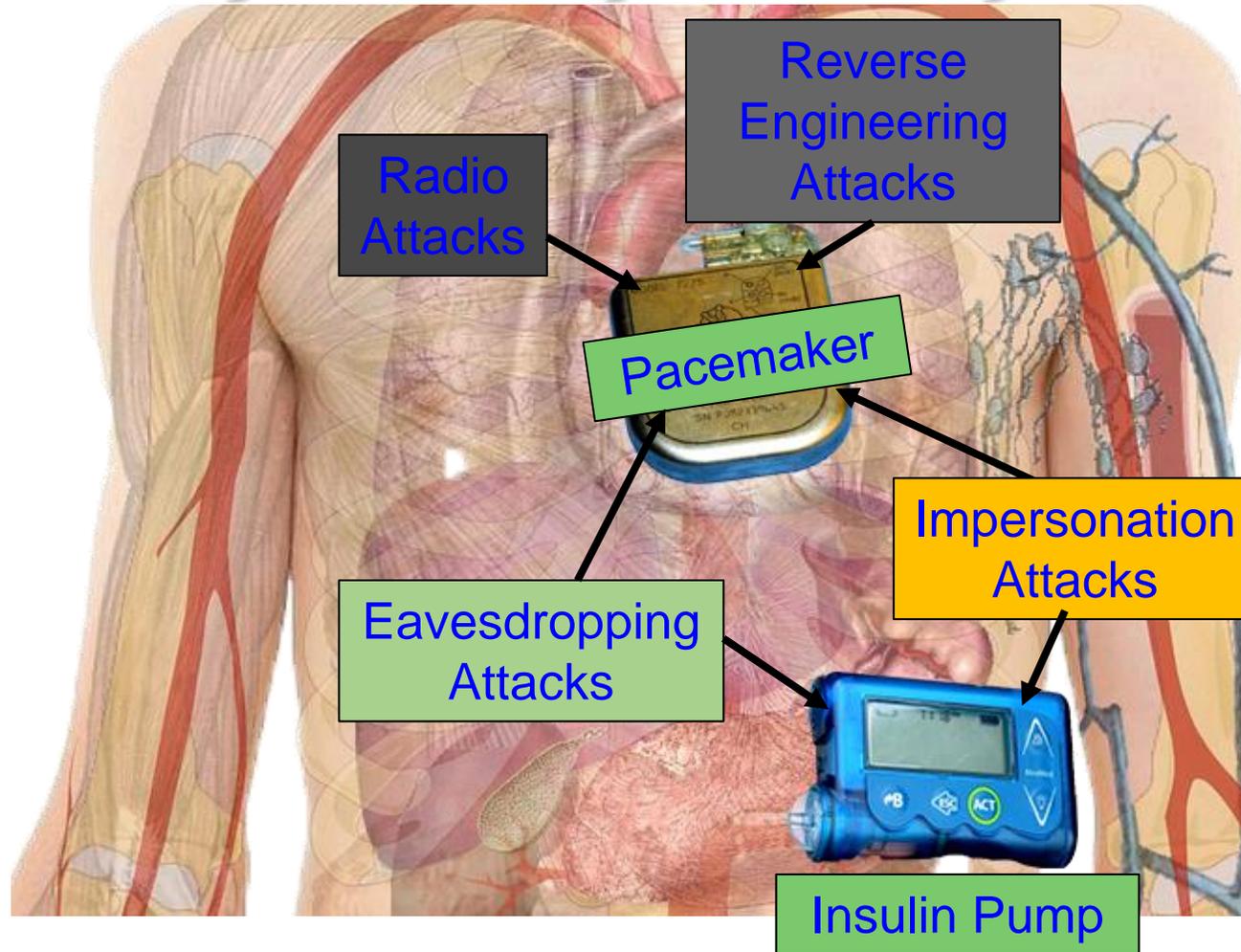
- IT infrastructure may be well protected rooms
- Limited variety of IT network devices
- Millions of IT devices
- Significant computational power to run heavy-duty security solutions
- IT security breach can be costly

IoT Security

- IoT may be deployed in open hostile environments
- Significantly large variety of IoT devices
- Billions of IoT devices
- May not have computational power to run security solutions
- IoT security breach (e.g. in a IoMT device like pacemaker, insulin pump) can be life threatening

Maintaining of Security of Consumer Electronics, Electronic Systems, IoT, CPS, etc. needs Energy and affects performance.

Security Measures in Healthcare Cyber-Physical Systems is Hard



Collectively
(WMD+IMD):
Implantable and
Wearable Medical
Devices (IWMDs)

Implantable and
Wearable Medical
Devices (IWMDs) --
Battery Characteristics:
→ Longer life
→ Safer
→ Smaller size
→ Smaller weight

Smart Car Security - Latency Constrained

Protecting Communications

Particularly any Modems for In-vehicle Infotainment (IVI) or in On-board Diagnostics (OBD-II)

Over The Air (OTA) Management
From the Cloud to Each Car

Cars can have 100 Electronic Control Units (ECUs) and 100 million lines of code, each from different vendors – Massive security issues.

Protecting Each Module

Sensors, Actuators, and Anything with an Microcontroller Unit (MCU)

Mitigating Advanced Threats
Analytics in the Car and in the Cloud

- Connected cars require latency of ms to communicate and avoid impending crash:
 - Faster connection
 - Low latency
 - Energy efficiency

Security Mechanism Affects:

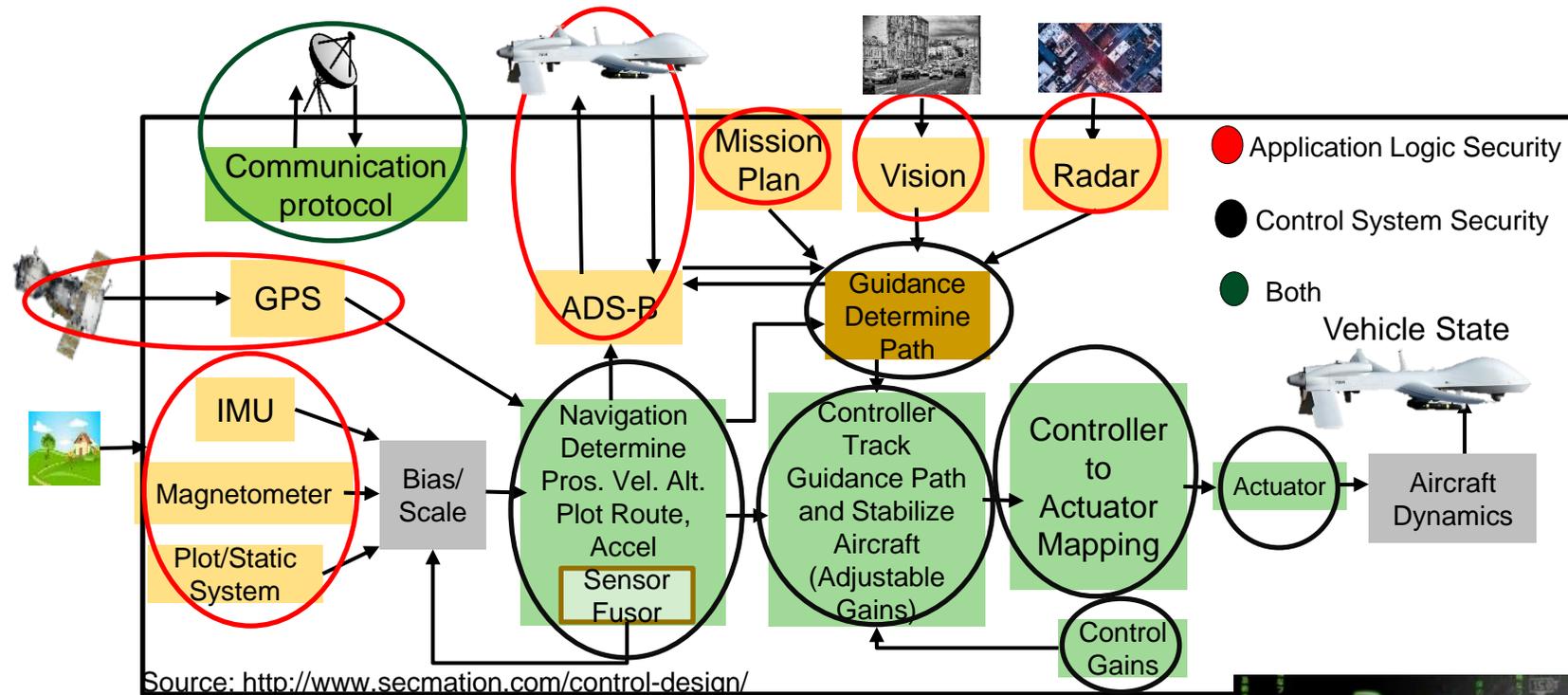
- Latency
- Mileage
- Battery Life

Car Security –
Latency Constraints



Source: http://www.symantec.com/content/en/us/enterprise/white_papers/public-building-security-into-cars-20150805.pdf

UAV Security - Energy & Latency Constrained



Security Mechanisms Affect:

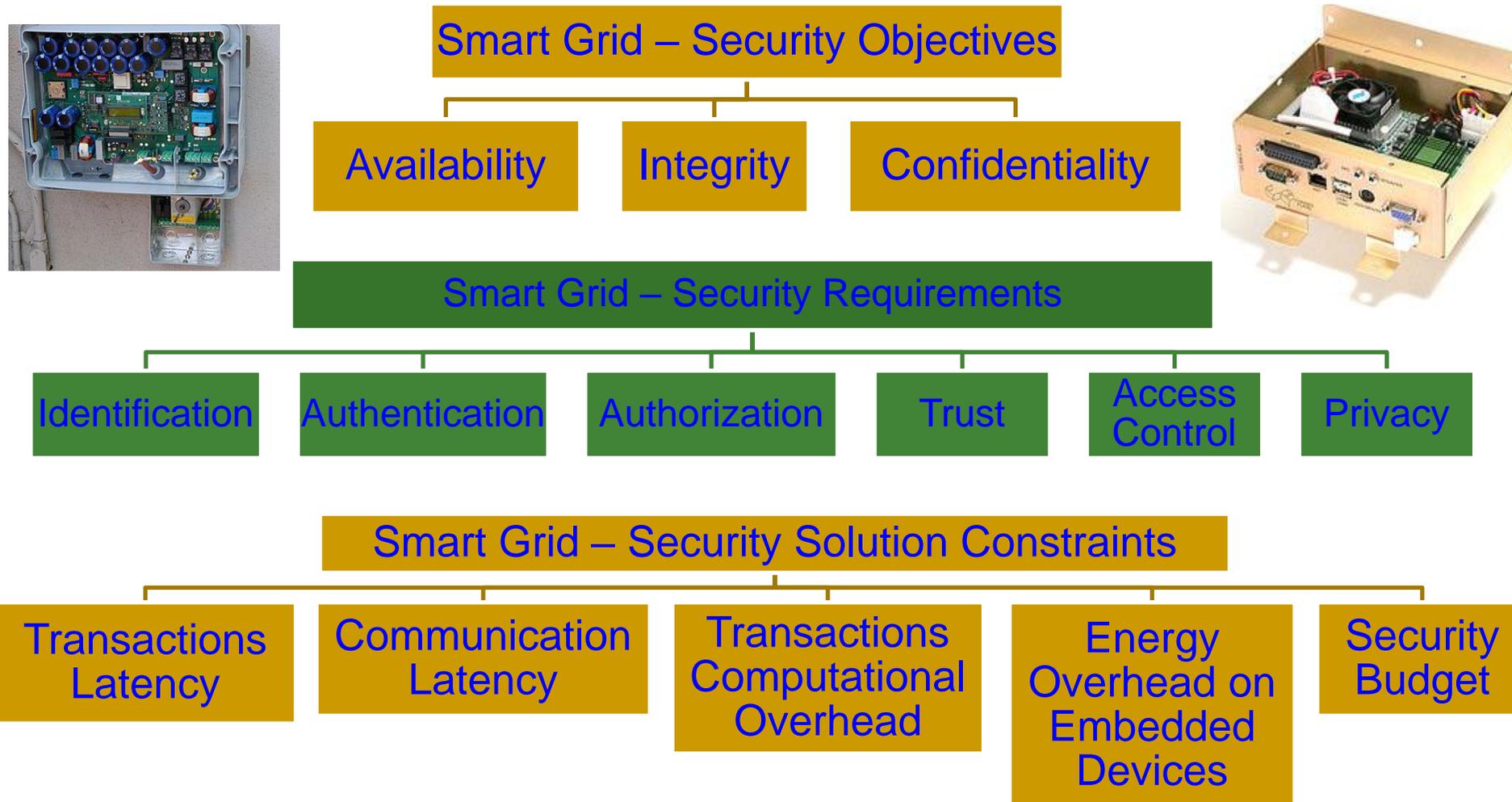
Battery Life Latency Weight Aerodynamics

UAV Security – Energy and Latency Constraints



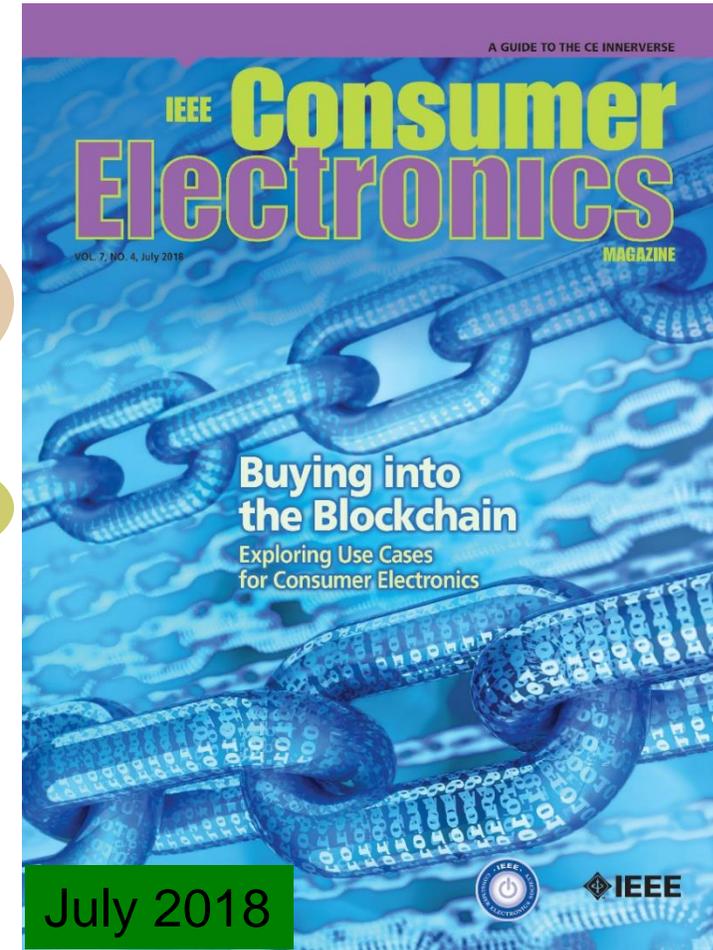
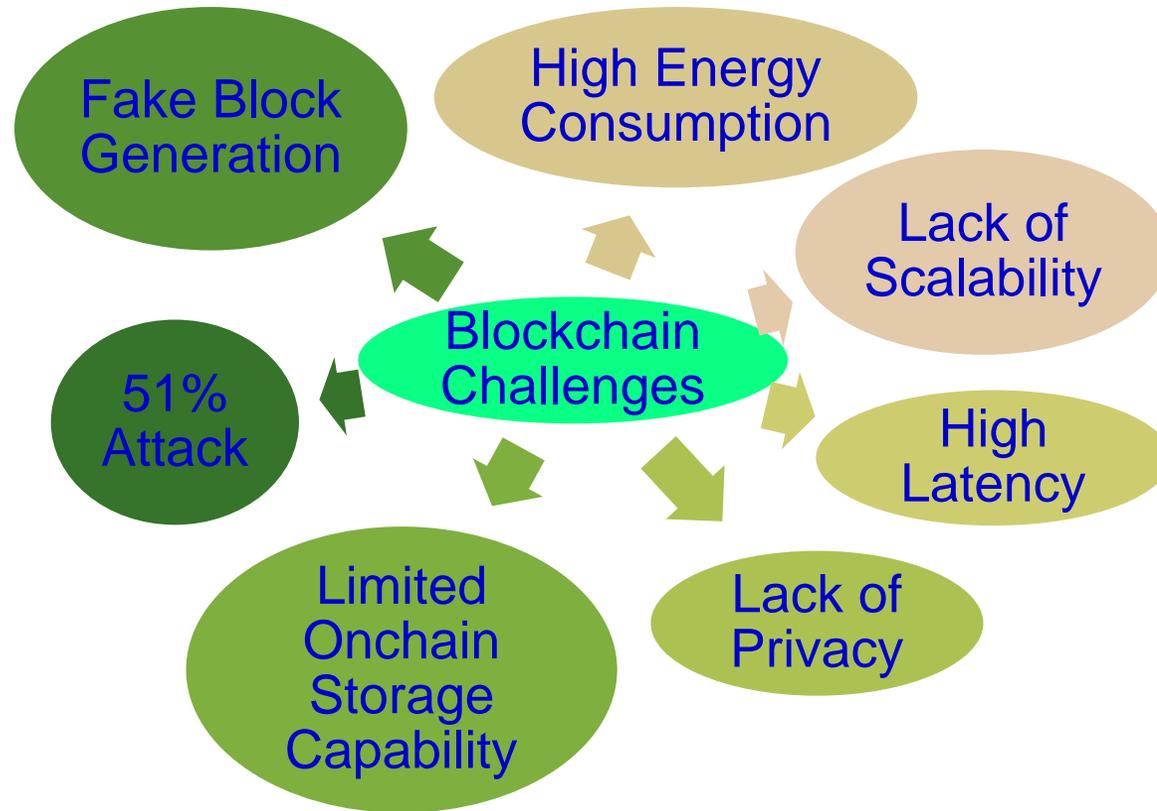
Source: <http://politicalblindspot.com/u-s-drone-hacked-and-hijacked-with-ease/>

Smart Grid Security Constraints



Source: R. K. Pandey and M. Misra, "Cyber security threats - Smart grid infrastructure," in *Proc. National Power Systems Conference (NPSC)*, 2016, pp. 1-6.

Blockchain has Many Challenges

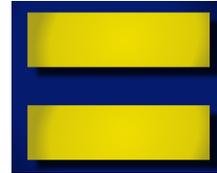


Source: D. Puthal, N. Malik, S. P. Mohanty, E. Kougianos, and G. Das, "Everything you Wanted to Know about the Blockchain", *IEEE Consumer Electronics Magazine (CEM)*, Volume 7, Issue 4, July 2018, pp. 06--14.

Blockchain Energy Need is Huge



Energy for mining of 1 bitcoin



Energy consumption 2 years of a US household



Energy consumption for each bitcoin transaction



80,000X



Energy consumption of a credit card processing

Blockchain has Security Challenges

| Selected attacks on the blockchain and defences | | |
|---|---|--|
| Attacks | Descriptions | Defence |
| Double spending | Many payments are made with a body of funds | Complexity of mining process |
| Record hacking | Blocks are modified, and fraudulent transactions are inserted | Distributed consensus |
| 51% attack | A miner with more than half of the network's computational power dominates the verification process | Detection methods and design of incentives |
| Identity theft | An entity's private key is stolen | Reputation of the blockchain on identities |
| System hacking | The software systems that implement a blockchain are compromised | Advanced intrusion detection systems |

Source: N. Kolokotronis, K. Limniotis, S. Shiaeles, and R. Griffiths, "Secured by Blockchain: Safeguarding Internet of Things Devices," *IEEE Consumer Electronics Magazine*, vol. 8, no. 3, pp. 28–34, May 2019.

Blockchain has Serious Privacy Issue

| | Bitcoin | Dash | Monero | Verge | PIVX | Zcash |
|--------------------------------|--------------|--------------|------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|
| Origin | - | Bitcoin | Bytecoin | Bitcoin | Dash | Bitcoin |
| Release | January 2009 | January 2014 | April 2014 | October 2014 | February 2016 | October 2016 |
| Consensus Algorithm | PoW | PoW | PoW | PoW | PoS | PoW |
| Hardware Mineable | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes |
| Block Time | 600 sec. | 150 sec. | 120 sec. | 30 sec. | 60 sec. | 150 sec. |
| Rich List | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | Yes | No |
| Master Node | No | Yes | No | No | Yes | No |
| Sender Address Hidden | No | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | Yes |
| Receiver Address Hidden | No | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | Yes |
| Sent Amount Hidden | No | No | Yes | No | No | Yes |
| IP Addresses Hidden | No | No | No | Yes | No | No |
| Privacy | No | No | Yes | No | No | Yes |
| Untraceability | No | No | Yes | No | No | Yes |
| Fungibility | No | No | Yes | No | No | Yes |

Source: J. Lee, "Rise of Anonymous Cryptocurrencies: Brief Introduction", IEEE Consumer Electronics Magazine, vol. 8, no. 5, pp. 20-25, 1 Sept. 2019.

Smart Contracts - Vulnerabilities

| Vulnerability | Cause | Level |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Call to unknown | The called function does not exist | Contract's source code |
| Out-of-gas send | Fallback of the callee is executed | Contract's source code |
| Exception disorder | Exception handling irregularity | Contract's source code |
| Type casts | Contract execution type-check error | Contract's source code |
| Reentrance flaw | Function reentered before exit | Contract's source code |
| Field disclosure | Private value published by miner | Contract's source code |
| Immutable bug | Contract altering after deployment | Ethereum virtual machine bytecode |
| Ether lost | Ether sent to orphan address | Ethereum virtual machine bytecode |
| Unpredicted state | Contract state change before call | Blockchain Mechanism |
| Randomness bug | Seed biased by malicious miner | Blockchain mechanism |
| Time-stamp failure | Malicious miner alters time stamp | Blockchain mechanism |

Source: N. Kolokotronis, K. Limniotis, S. Shiaeles, and R. Griffiths, "Secured by Blockchain: Safeguarding Internet of Things Devices," *IEEE Consumer Electronics Magazine*, vol. 8, no. 3, pp. 28–34, May 2019.

Cybersecurity Attacks - Software and Hardware Based

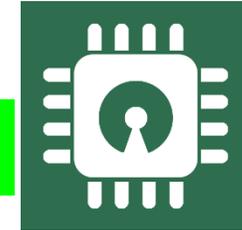
Software Based



via

- Software attacks via communication channels
- Typically from remote
- More frequent
- Selected Software based:
 - Denial-of-Service (DoS)
 - Routing Attacks
 - Malicious Injection
 - Injection of fraudulent packets
 - Snooping attack of memory
 - Spoofing attack of memory and IP address
 - Password-based attacks

Hardware Based



- Hardware or physical attacks
- Maybe local
- More difficult to prevent
- Selected Hardware based:
 - Hardware backdoors (e.g. Trojan)
 - Inducing faults
 - Electronic system tampering/jailbreaking
 - Eavesdropping for protected memory
 - Side channel attack
 - Hardware counterfeiting

Source: Mohanty ICCE Panel 2018

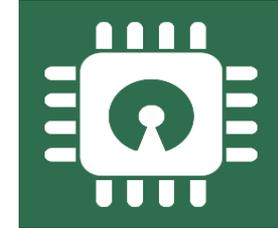
Cybersecurity Solutions - Software Vs Hardware Based

Software Based



- Introduces latency in operation
- Flexible - Easy to use, upgrade and update
- Wider-Use - Use for all devices in an organization
- Higher recurring operational cost
- Tasks of encryption easy compared to hardware – substitution tables
- Needs general purpose processor
- Can't stop hardware reverse engineering

Hardware Based

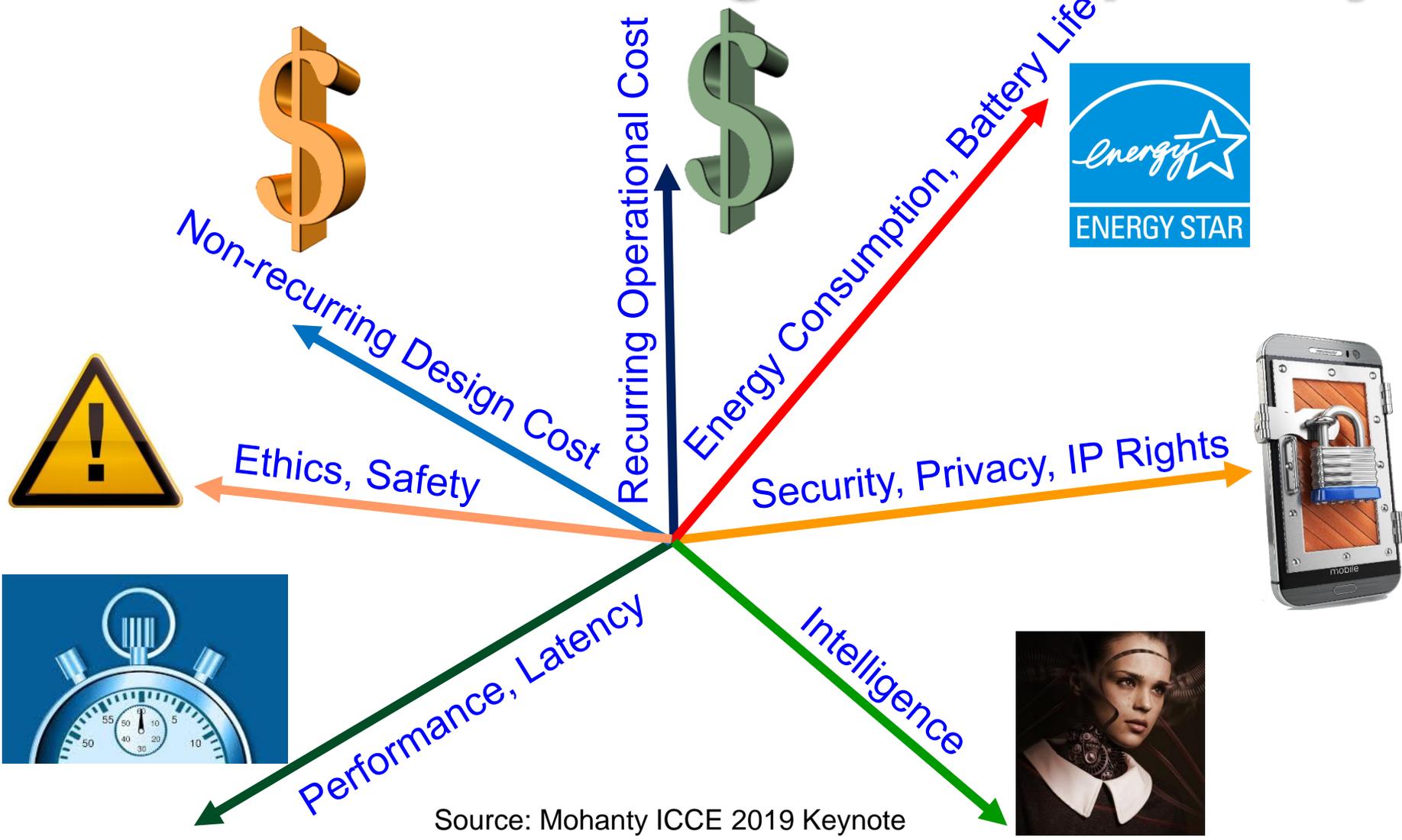


- High-Speed operation
- Energy-Efficient operation
- Low-cost using ASIC and FPGA
- Tasks of encryption easy compared to software – bit permutation
- Easy integration in CE systems
- Possible security at source-end like sensors, better suitable for IoT
- Susceptible to side-channel attacks
- Can't stop software reverse engineering

Source: Mohanty ICCE Panel 2018

Cybersecurity Solutions Don't Target Energy Issues and AI Problems

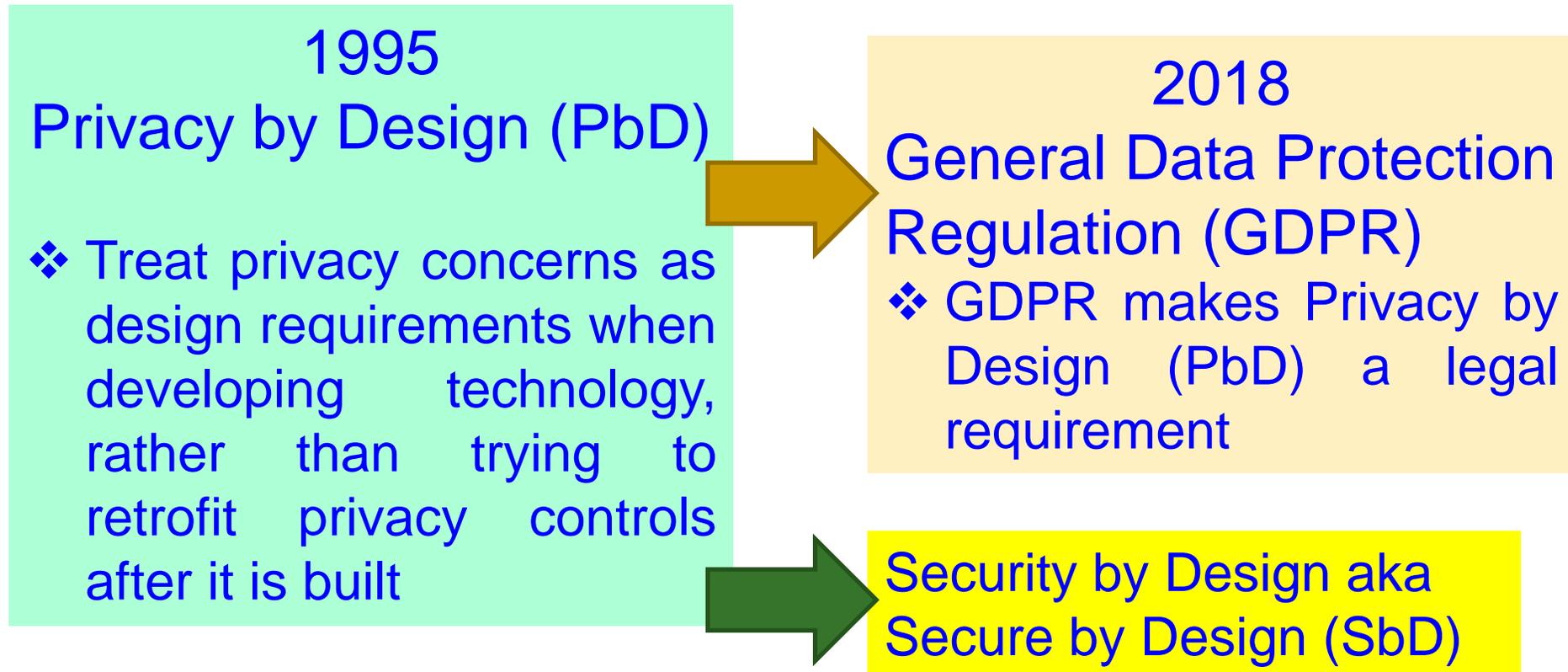
IoT/CPS Design – Multiple Objectives



Smart Cities
Vs
Smart Villages

Source: Mohanty ICCE 2019 Keynote

Privacy by Design (PbD) → General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR)



Security by Design (SbD) and/or Privacy by Design (PbD)

Embedding of security/privacy into the architecture (hardware+software) of various products, programs, or services.

Retrofitting: Difficult → Impossible!



Source: <https://teachprivacy.com/tag/privacy-by-design/>

IEEE
Consumer

Electronics Magazine

March 2020

Volume 9 Number 2



Privacy and Security by Design



<https://cesoc.ieee.org/>



Security by Design (SbD) and/or Privacy by Design (PbD)



Source: https://iapp.org/media/pdf/resource_center/Privacy%20by%20Design%20-%207%20Foundational%20Principles.pdf

CEI Tradeoffs for Smart Electronic Systems



Security of systems and data.

Cybersecurity

Energy



iPhone 5
\$0.41/year (3.5 kWh)

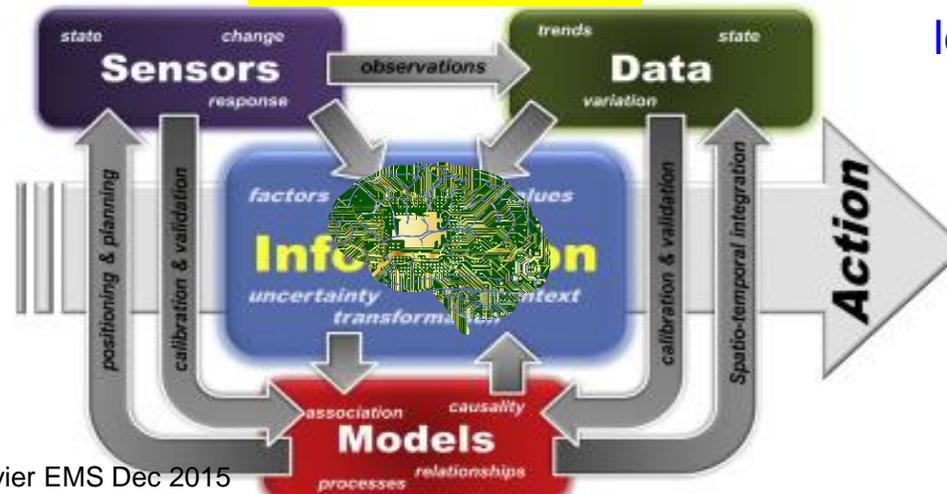


Galaxy S III
\$0.53/year (4.9 kWh)

Source: <https://mashable.com/2012/10/05/energy-efficient-smartphone/>

Energy consumption is minimal and adaptive for longer battery life and lower energy bills.

Intelligence



Accurate sensing, analytics, and fast actuation.

Source: Reis, et al. Elsevier EMS Dec 2015

Source: Mohanty iSES 2018 Keynote

Hardware-Assisted Security (HAS)

- **Hardware-Assisted Security:** Security provided by hardware for:

(1) information being processed,

Privacy by Design (PbD)

(2) hardware itself,

Security/Secure by Design (SbD)

(3) overall system

- Additional hardware components used for security.
- Hardware design modification is performed.
- System design modification is performed.

RF Hardware Security

Digital Hardware Security – Side Channel

Hardware Trojan Protection

Information Security, Privacy, Protection

IR Hardware Security

Memory Protection

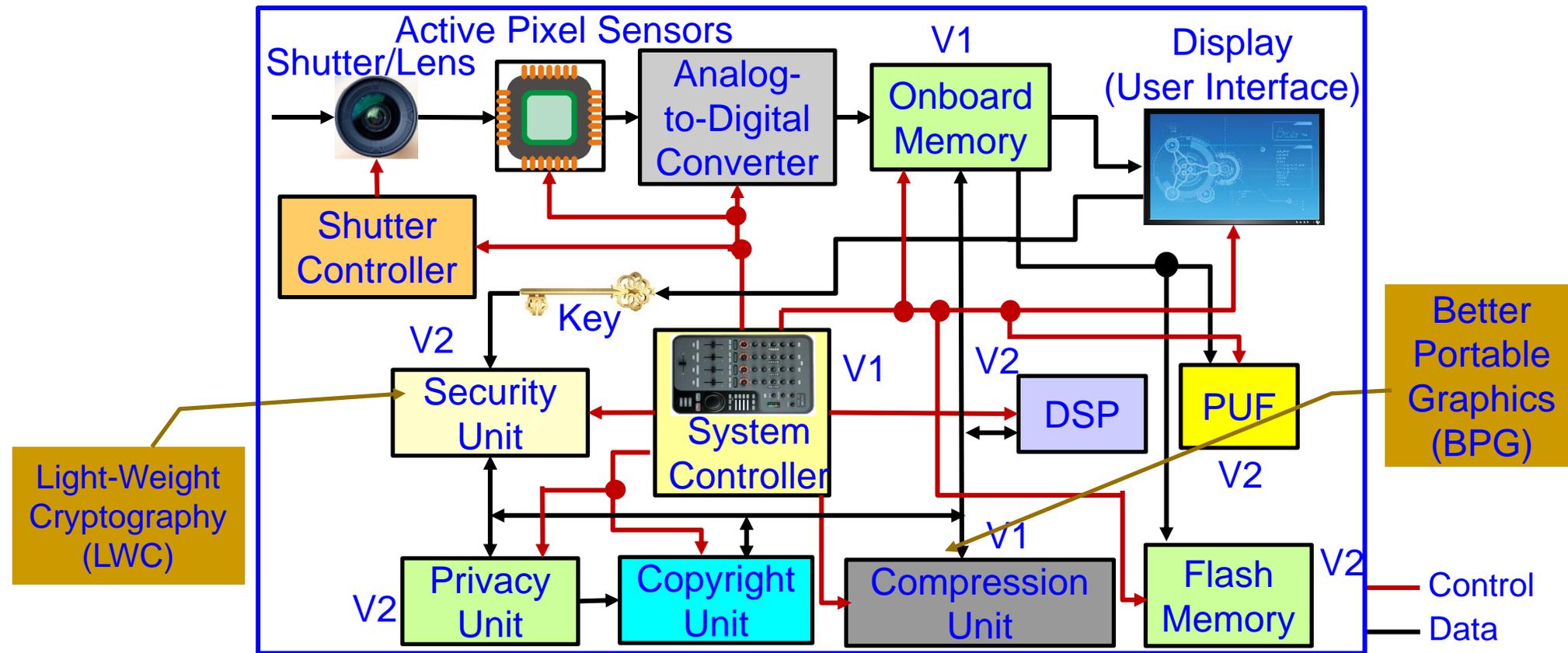
Digital Core IP Protection

Source: Mohanty ICCE 2018 Panel

Secure SoC Design : Two Modes

- Addition of security and AI features in SoC:
 - Algorithms
 - Protocols
 - Architectures
 - Accelerators / Engines – Cybersecurity and AI Instructions
- Consideration of security as a dimension in the design flow:
 - New design methodology
 - Design automation or computer aided design (CAD) tools for fast design space exploration.

Secure Digital Camera (SDC) – My Invention

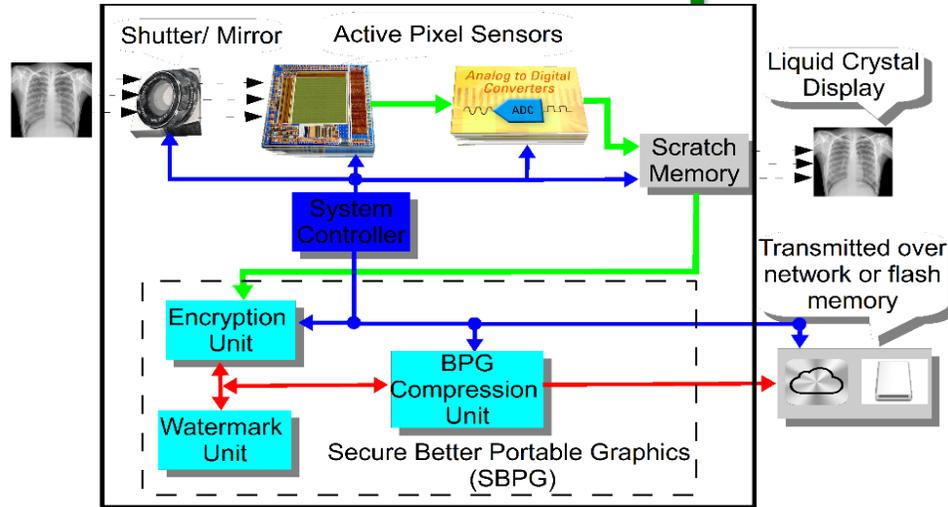


Include additional/alternative hardware/software components and uses DVFS like technology for energy and performance optimization.

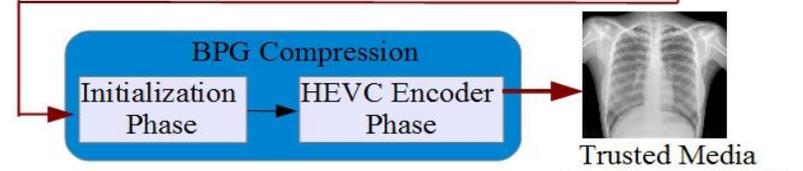
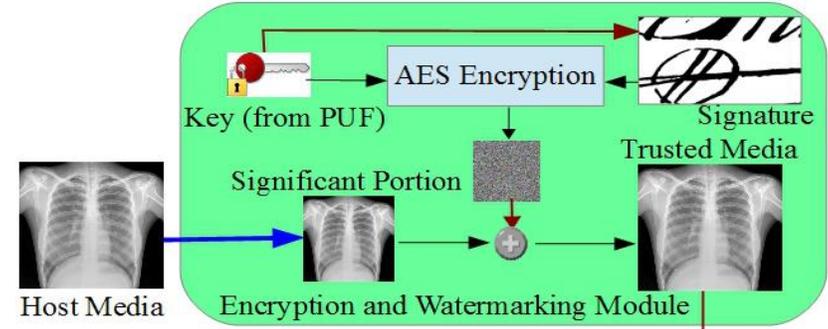
Security and/or Privacy by Design (SbD and/or PbD)

Source: S. P. Mohanty, "A Secure Digital Camera Architecture for Integrated Real-Time Digital Rights Management", *Elsevier Journal of Systems Architecture (JSA)*, Volume 55, Issues 10-12, October-December 2009, pp. 468-480.

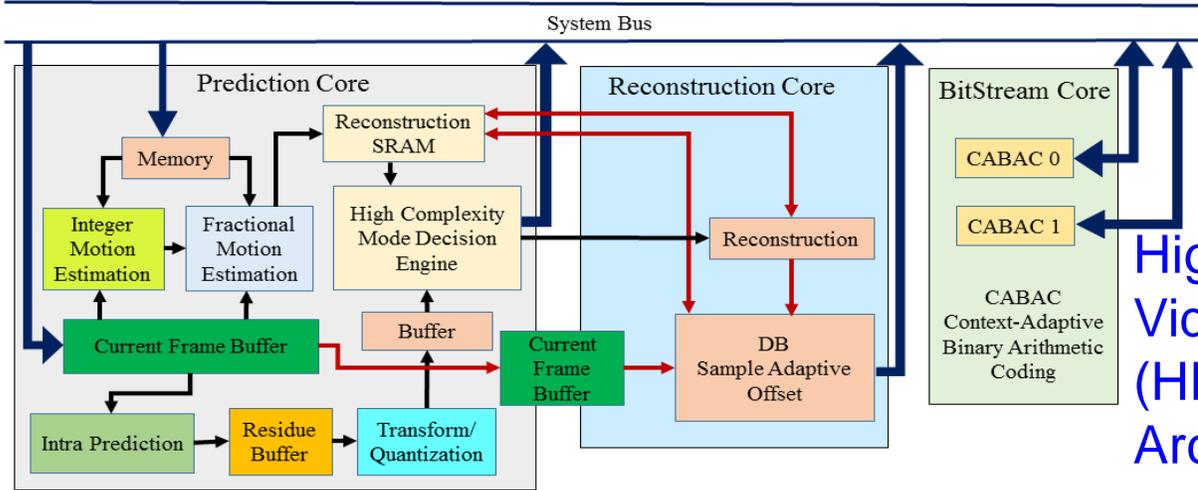
We Introduced First Ever Secure Better Portable Graphics (SBPG) Architecture



Secure Digital Camera (SDC) with SBPG



Secure BPG (SBPG)

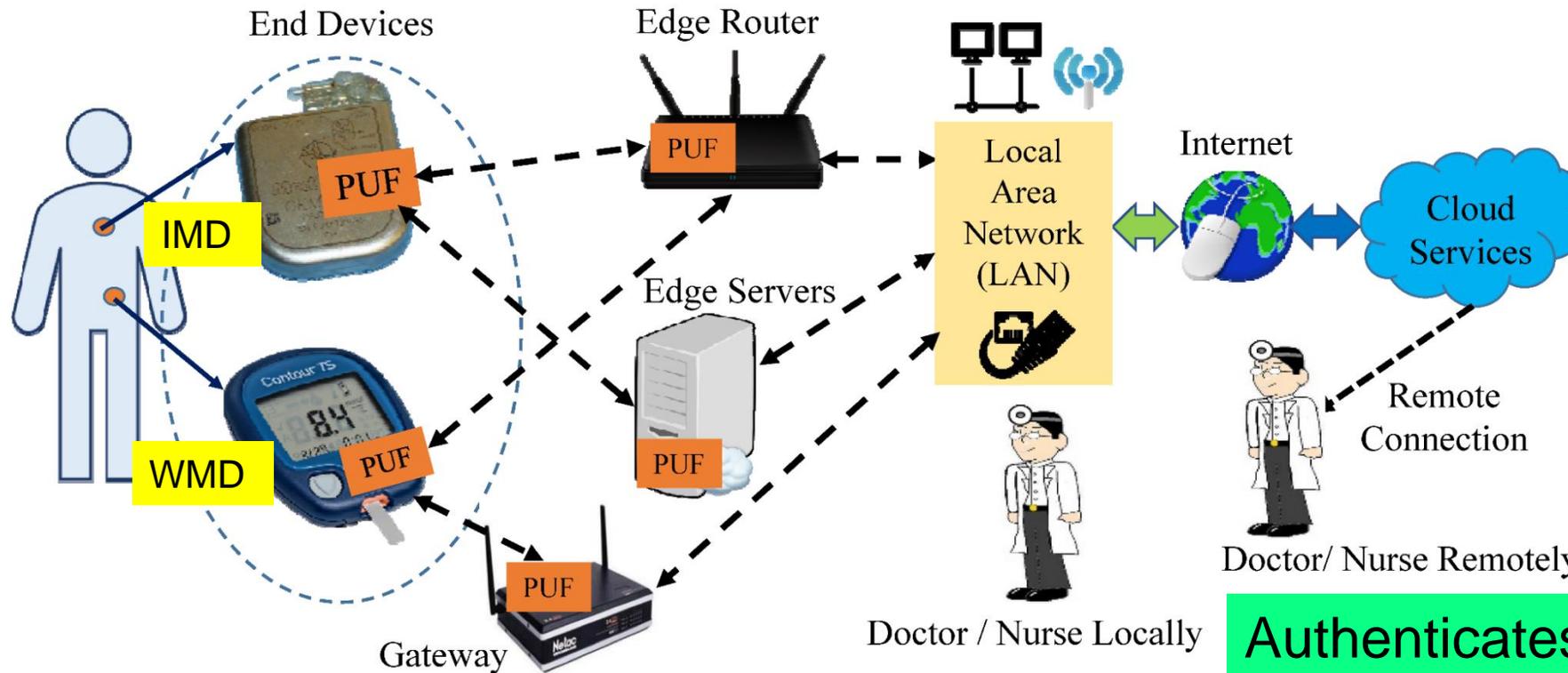


High-Efficiency Video Coding (HEVC) Architecture

Simulink Prototyping
Throughput: 44 frames/sec
Power Dissipation: 8 nW

Source: S. P. Mohanty, E. Kougianos, and P. Guturu, "SBPG: Secure Better Portable Graphics for Trustworthy Media Communications in the IoT (Invited Paper)", IEEE Access Journal, Volume 6, 2018, pp. 5939--5953.

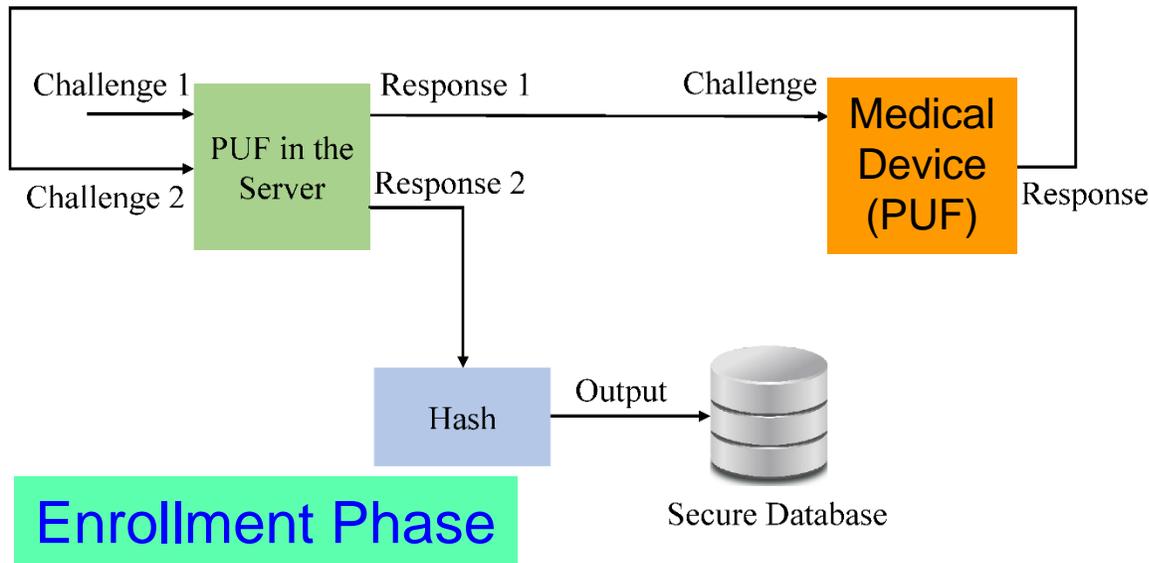
PMsec: Our Secure by Design Approach for Robust Security in Healthcare CPS



Authenticates Time - 1 sec
Power Consumption - 200 μ W

Source: V. P. Yanambaka, S. P. Mohanty, E. Kougianos, and D. Puthal, "PMsec: Physical Unclonable Function-Based Robust and Lightweight Authentication in the Internet of Medical Things", *IEEE Transactions on Consumer Electronics (TCE)*, Volume 65, Issue 3, August 2019, pp. 388--397.

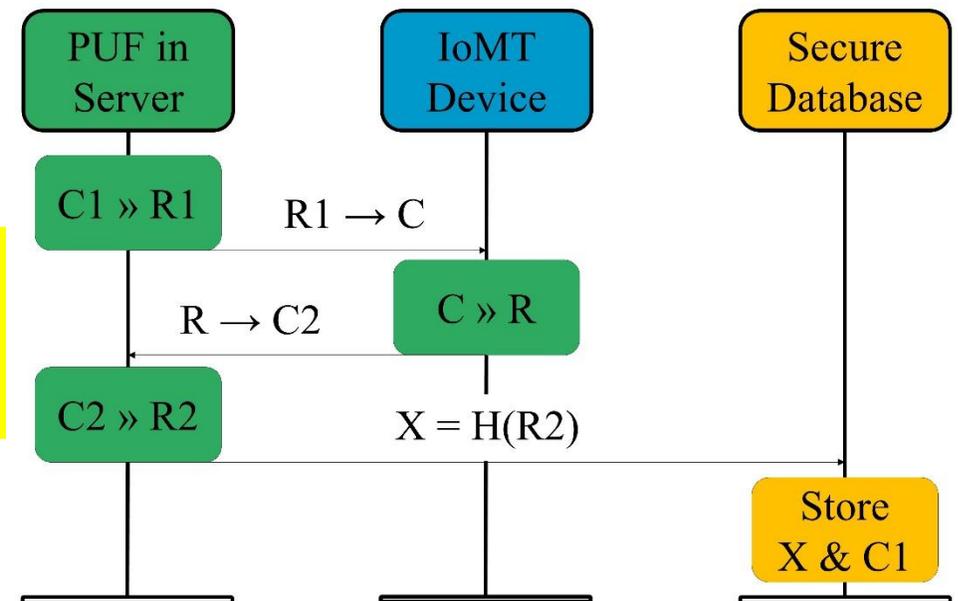
IoMT Security – Our Proposed PMsec



At the Doctor

- When a new IoMT-Device comes for an User

Device Registration Procedure

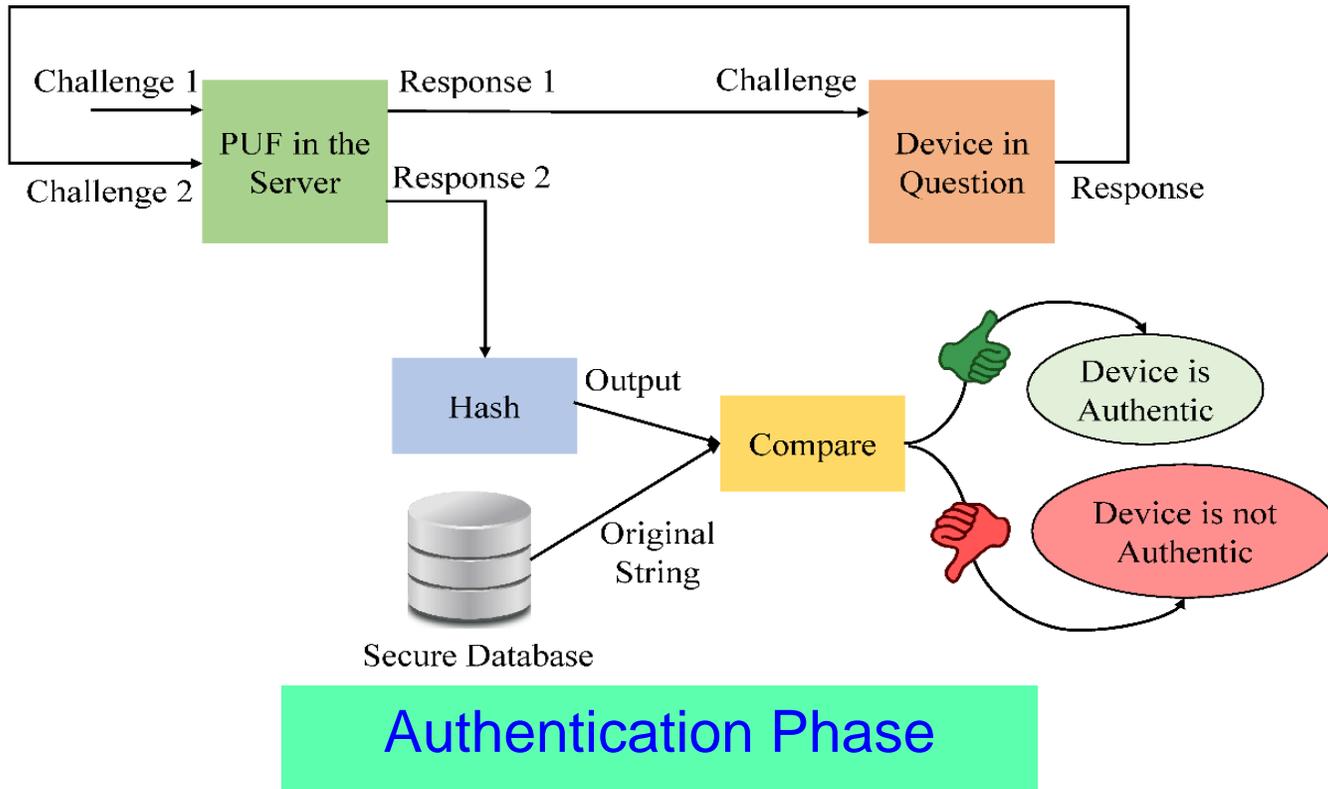


PUF Security Full Proof:

- Only server PUF Challenges are stored, not Responses
- Impossible to generate Responses without PUF

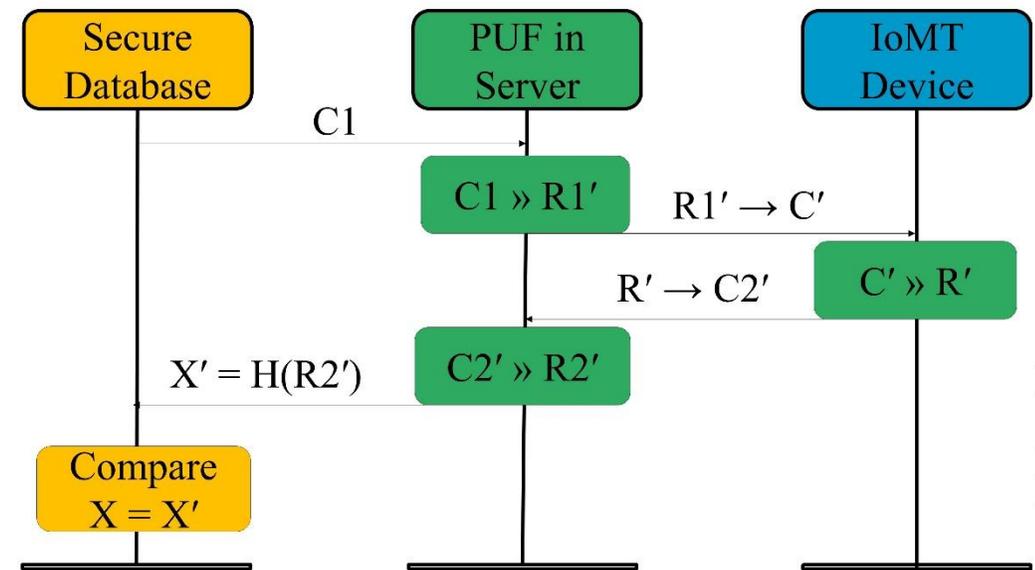
Source: V. P. Yanambaka, S. P. Mohanty, E. Kougianos, and D. Puthal, "PMsec: Physical Unclonable Function-Based Robust and Lightweight Authentication in the Internet of Medical Things", *IEEE Transactions on Consumer Electronics (TCE)*, Volume 65, Issue 3, August 2019, pp. 388--397.

IoMT Security – Our Proposed PMsec



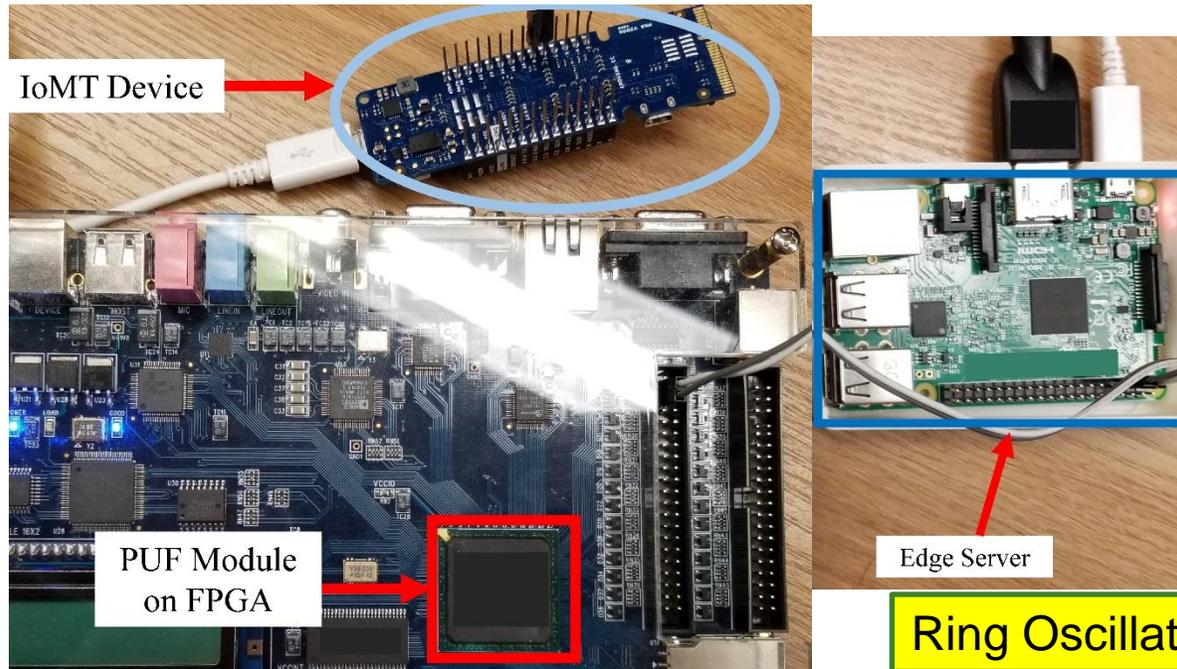
At the Doctor
 ➤ When doctor needs to access an existing IoMT-device

Device Authentication Procedure



Source: V. P. Yanambaka, S. P. Mohanty, E. Kougianos, and D. Puthal, "PMsec: Physical Unclonable Function-Based Robust and Lightweight Authentication in the Internet of Medical Things", *IEEE Transactions on Consumer Electronics (TCE)*, Volume 65, Issue 3, August 2019, pp. 388--397.

IoMT Security – Our Proposed PMsec



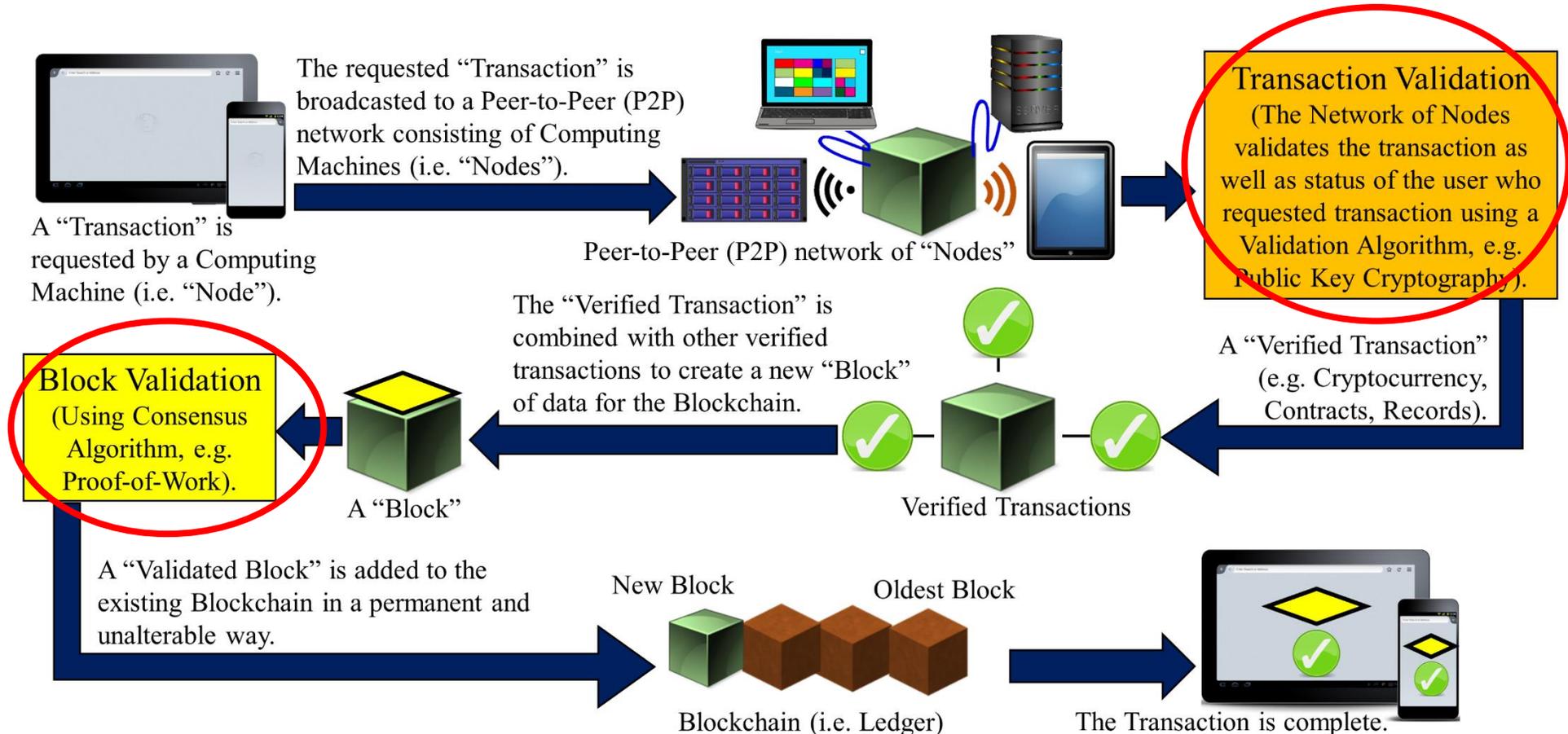
Average Power Overhead
– 200 μ W

Ring Oscillator PUF – 64-bit, 128-bit, ...

| Proposed Approach Characteristics | Value (in a FPGA / Raspberry Pi platform) |
|---|---|
| Time to Generate the Key at Server | 800 ms |
| Time to Generate the Key at IoMT Device | 800 ms |
| Time to Authenticate the Device | 1.2 sec - 1.5 sec |

Source: V. P. Yanambaka, S. P. Mohanty, E. Kougianos, and D. Puthal, "PMsec: Physical Unclonable Function-Based Robust and Lightweight Authentication in the Internet of Medical Things", *IEEE Transactions on Consumer Electronics*, Vol 65, No 3, Aug 2019, pp. 388--397.

Blockchain Challenges - Energy

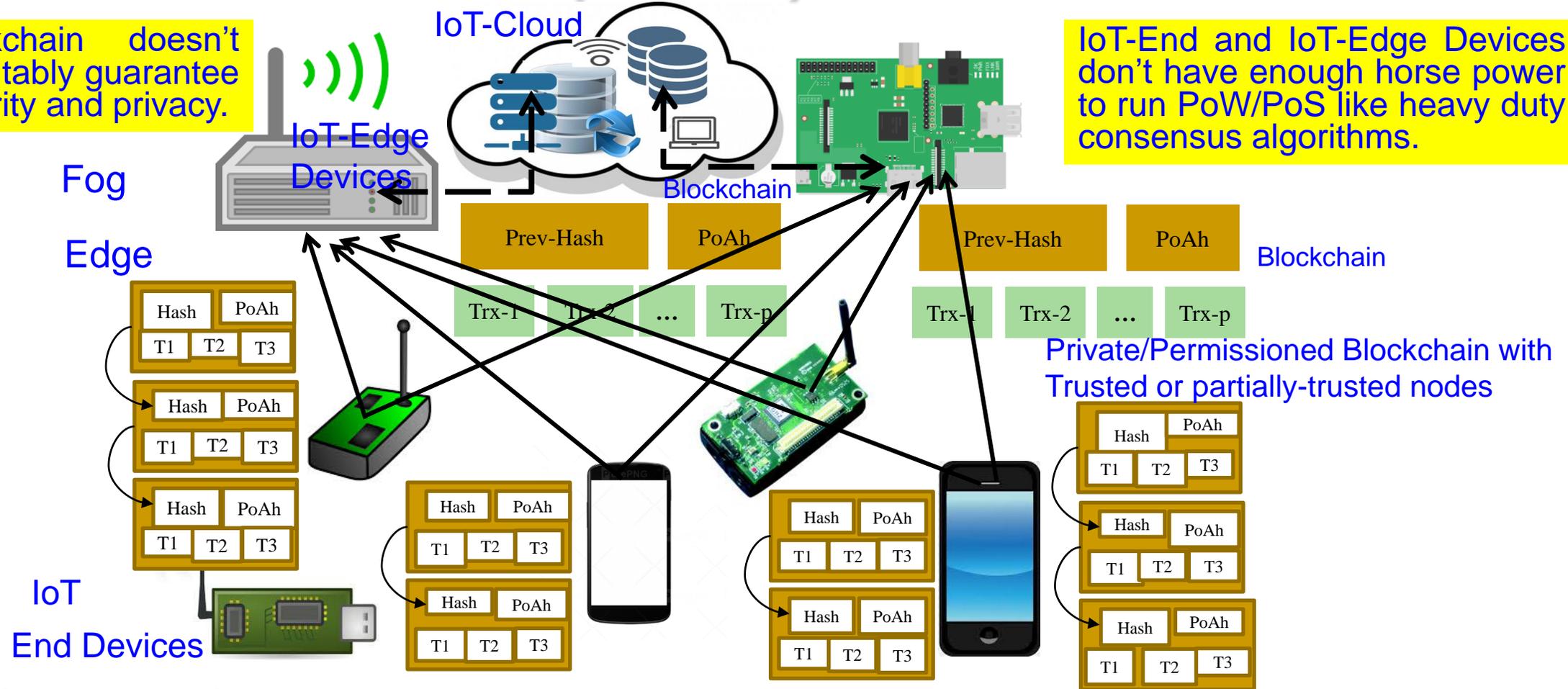


Source: D. Puthal, N. Malik, S. P. Mohanty, E. Kougianos, and G. Das, "Everything you Wanted to Know about the Blockchain", *IEEE Consumer Electronics Magazine (CEM)*, Volume 7, Issue 4, July 2018, pp. 06--14.

IoT-Friendly Blockchain – Our Proof-of-Authentication (PoAh) based Blockchain

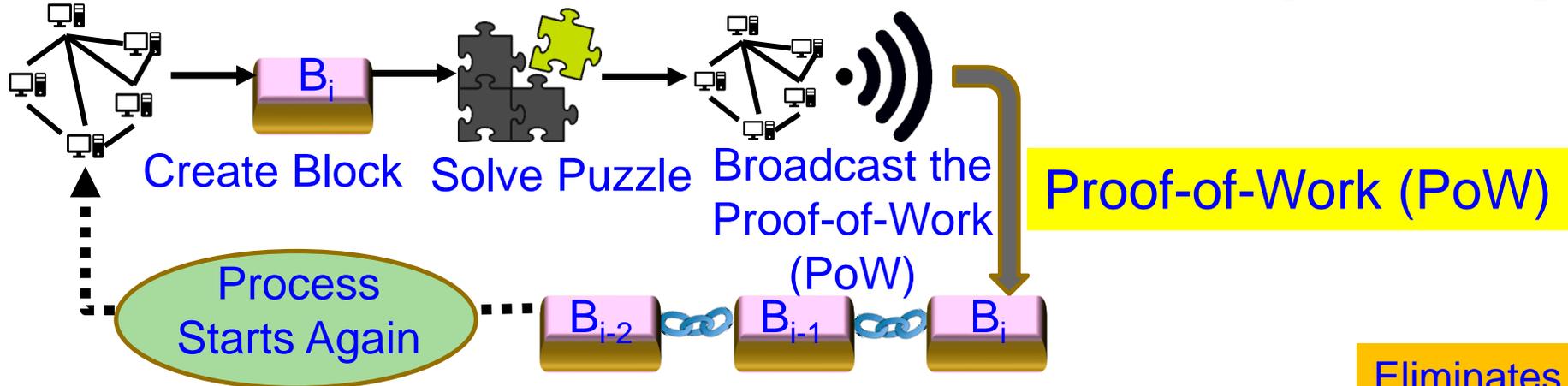
Blockchain doesn't inherently guarantee security and privacy.

IoT-End and IoT-Edge Devices don't have enough horse power to run PoW/PoS like heavy duty consensus algorithms.

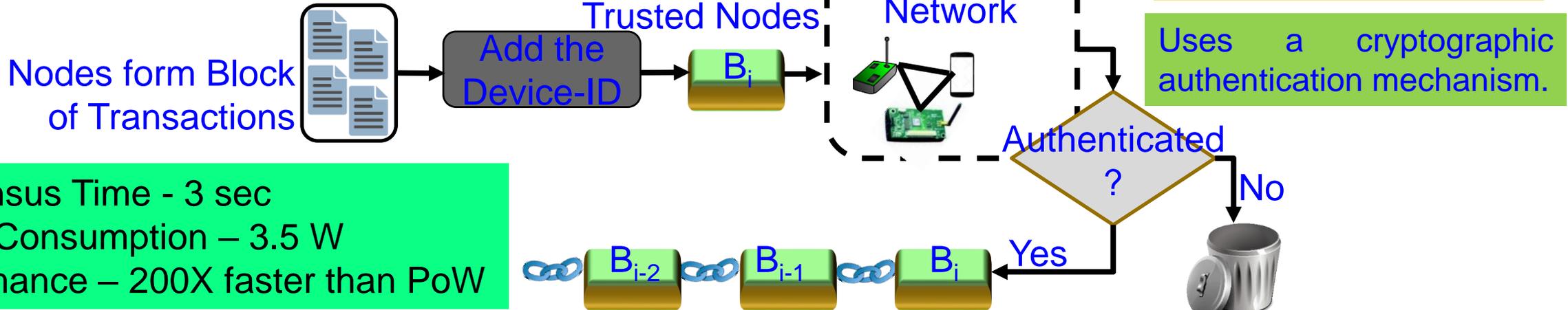


Source: D. Puthal and S. P. Mohanty, "Proof of Authentication: IoT-Friendly Blockchains", *IEEE Potentials Magazine*, Vol. 38, No. 1, January 2019, pp. 26--29.

Our Proof-of-Authentication (PoAh)



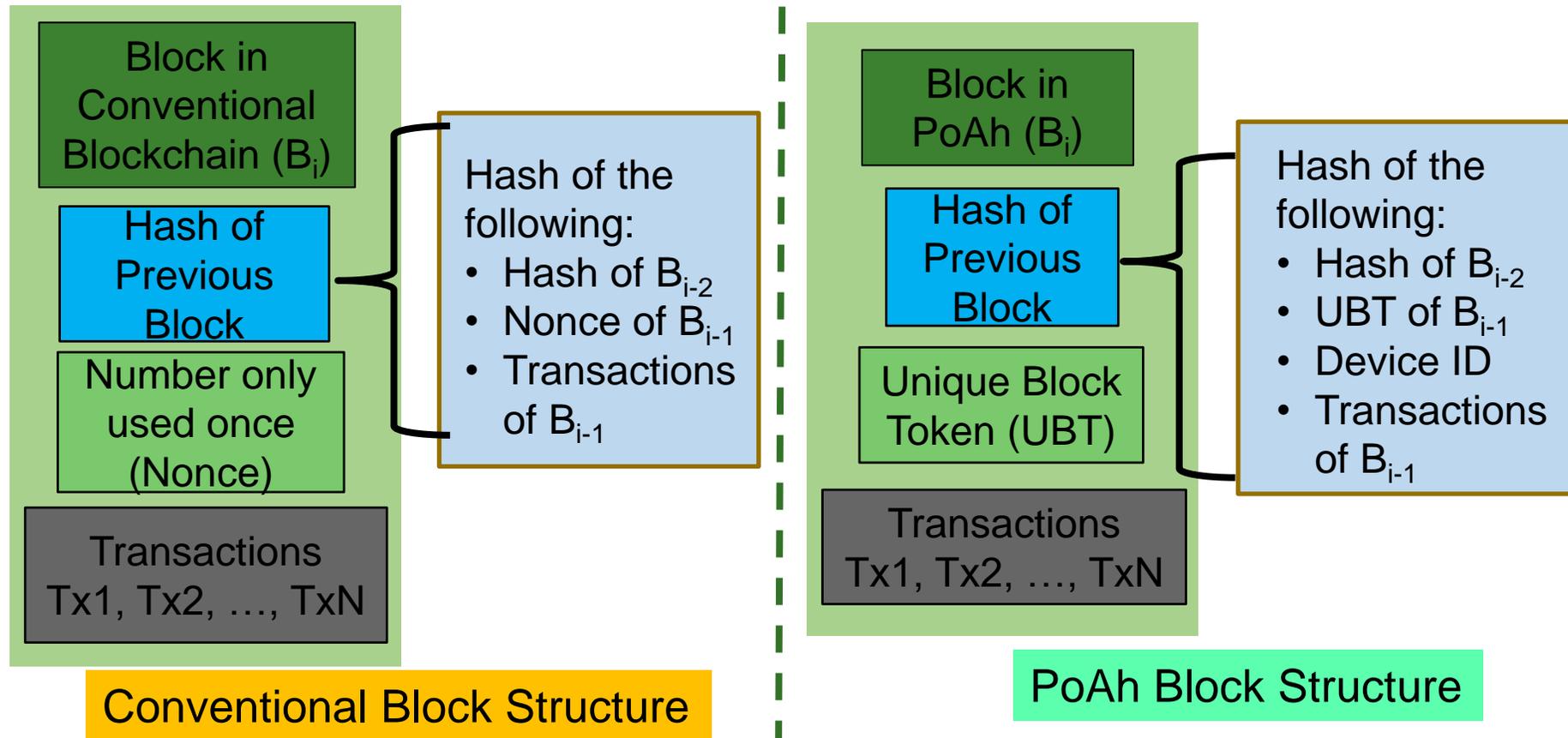
Proof of Authentication (PoAh)



Consensus Time - 3 sec
 Power Consumption – 3.5 W
 Performance – 200X faster than PoW

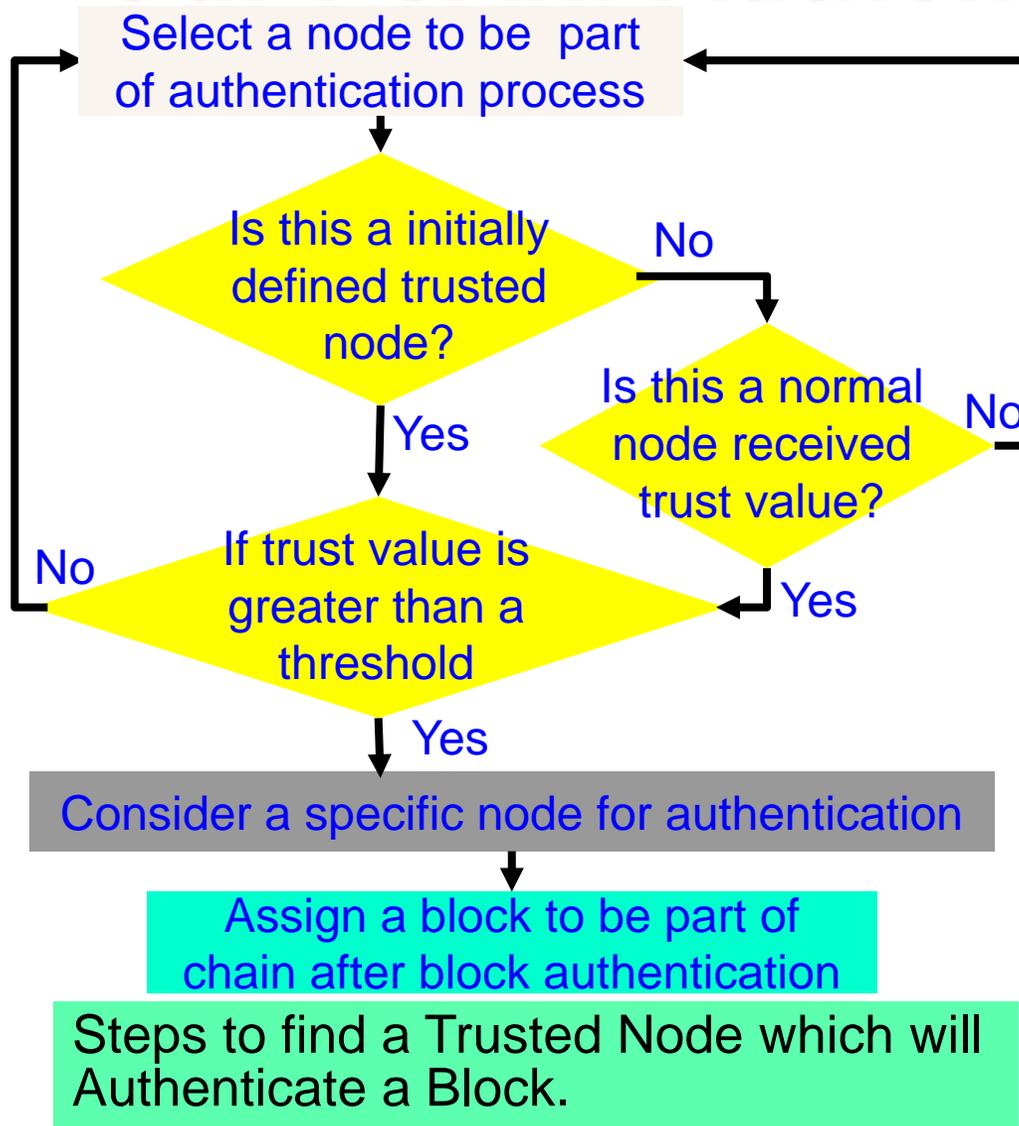
Source: D. Puthal and S. P. Mohanty, "Proof of Authentication: IoT-Friendly Blockchains", *IEEE Potentials Magazine*, Vol. 38, No. 1, January 2019, pp. 26--29.

Our PoAh-Chain: Proposed New Block Structure



Source: S. P. Mohanty, V. P. Yanambaka, E. Kougianos, and D. Puthal, "PUFchain: Hardware-Assisted Blockchain for Sustainable Simultaneous Device and DataSecurity in the Internet of Everything(IoE)", arXiv Computer Science, arXiv:1909.06496, Sep 2019, 37-pages.

Our PoAh: Authentication Process



Algorithm 1: PoAh Block Authentication

Provided:

All nodes in the network follow SHA-256 Hash

Individual node has Private (PrK) and Public key (PuK)

Steps:

(1) Nodes combine transactions to form blocks

$(Trx^+) \rightarrow$ blocks

(2) Blocks sign with own private key

$S_{PrK}(\text{block}) \rightarrow$ broadcast

(3) Trusted node verifies signature with source public key

$V_{PuK}(\text{block}) \rightarrow$ MAC Checking

(4) If (Authenticated)

$\text{Block} || \text{PoAh}(\text{ID}) \rightarrow$ broadcast

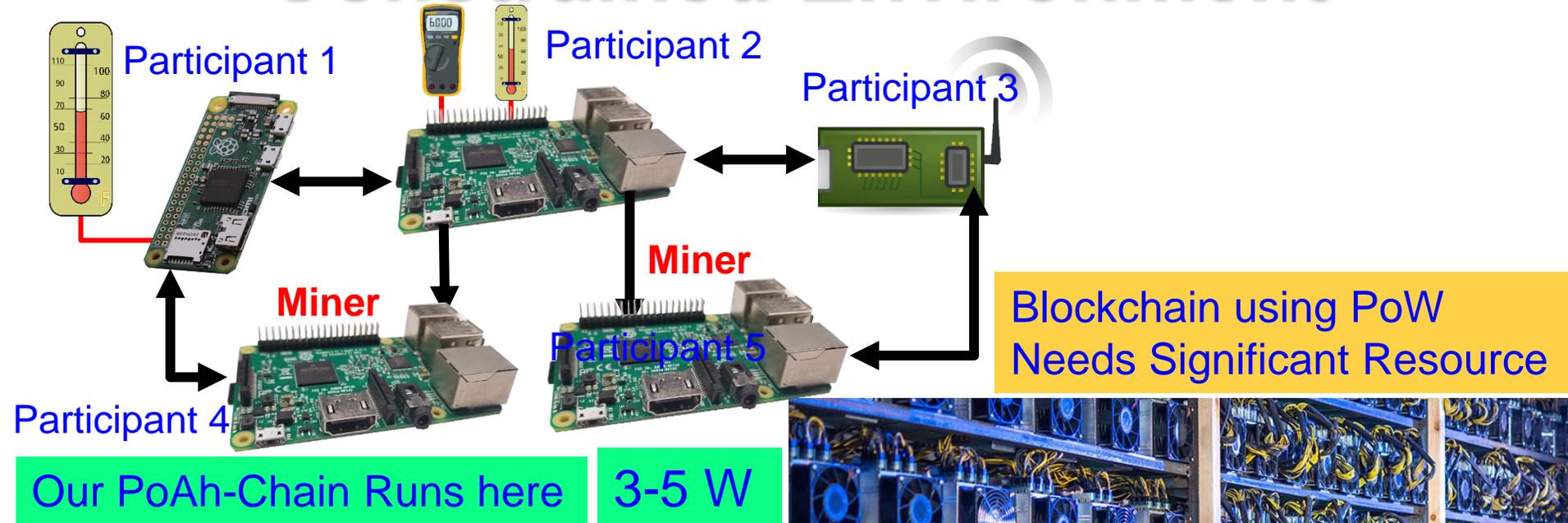
$H(\text{block}) \rightarrow$ Add blocks into chain

(5) Else

Drop blocks

(6) GOTO (Step-1) for next block

Our PoAh-Chain Runs in Resource Constrained Environment

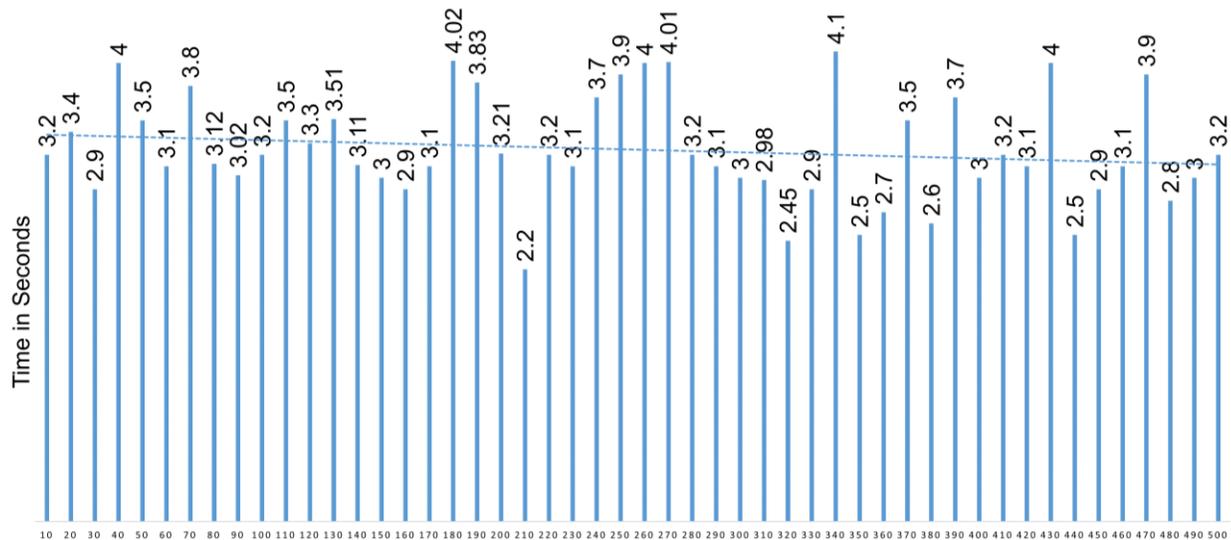


Source: <https://www.ida.org/newsroom/news/2019/july/brazil-energy-has-mined-the-gap.html>

500,000 W

Our PoAh is 200X Faster than PoW While Consuming a Very Minimal Energy

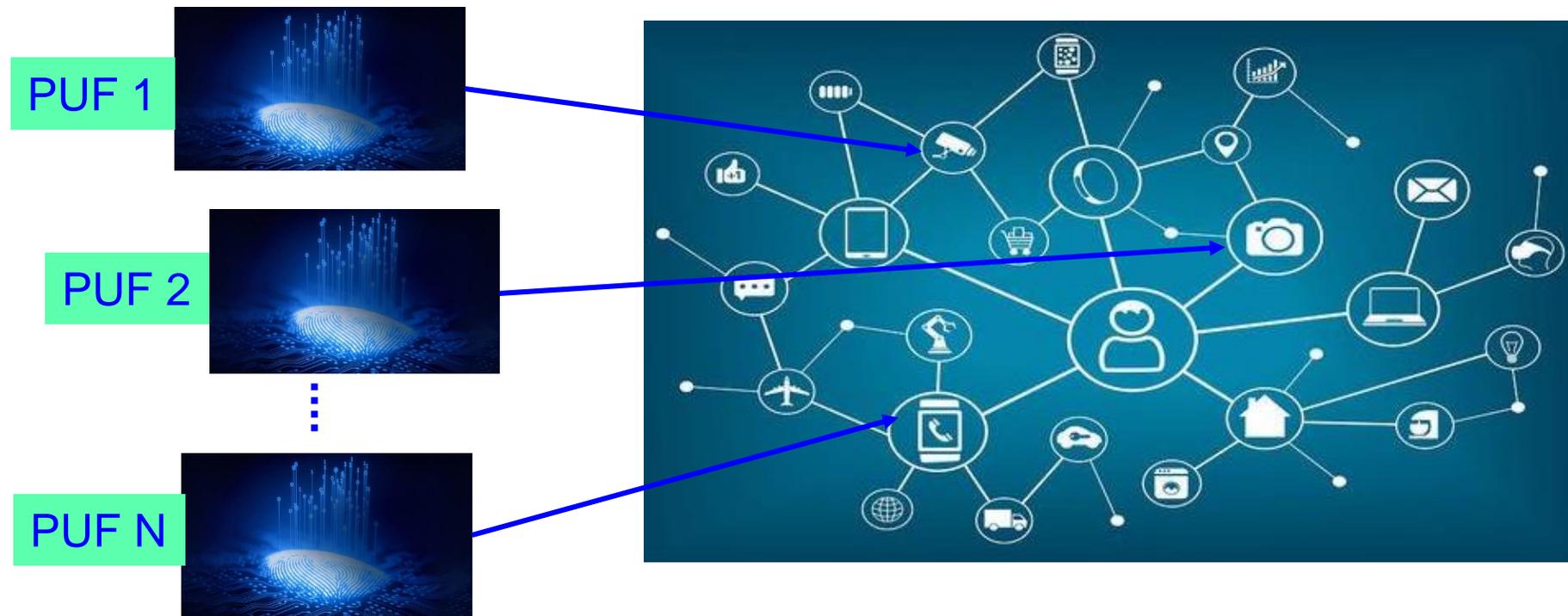
| Consensus Algorithm | Blockchain Type | Prone To Attacks | Power Consumption | Time for Consensus |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| Proof-of-Work (PoW) | Public | Sybil, 51% | 538 KWh | 10 min |
| Proof-of-Stake (PoS) | Public | Sybil, Dos | 5.5 KWh | |
| Proof-of-Authentication (PoAh) | Private | Not Known | 3.5 W | 3 sec |



PoAh Execution for 100s of Nodes

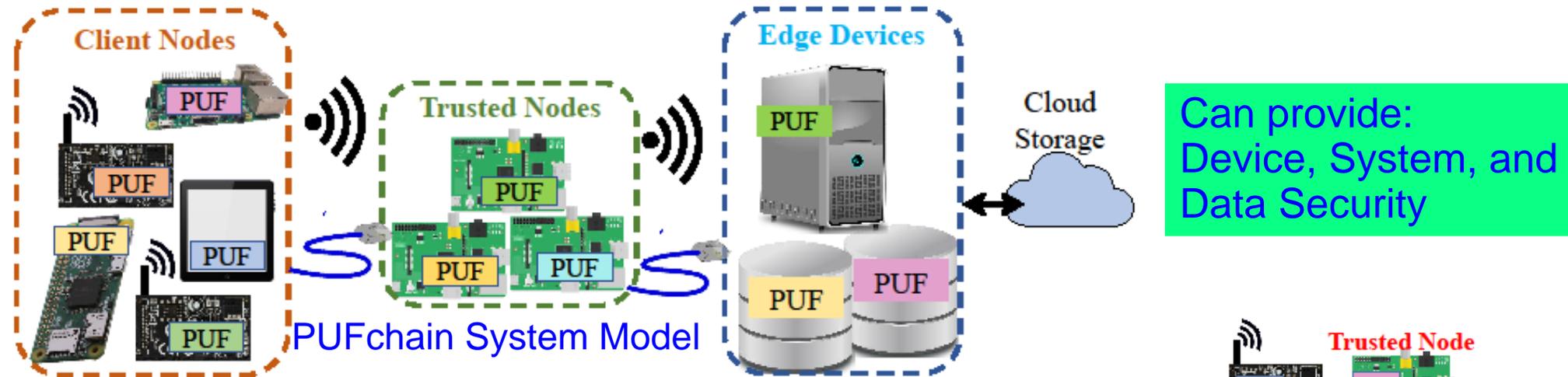
Source: D. Puthal, S. P. Mohanty, P. Nanda, E. Kougianos, and G. Das, "Proof-of-Authentication for Scalable Blockchain in Resource-Constrained Distributed Systems", in *Proc. 37th IEEE International Conference on Consumer Electronics (ICCE)*, 2019.

We Proposed World's First Hardware-Integrated Blockchain (PUFchain) that is Scalable, Energy-Efficient, and Fast



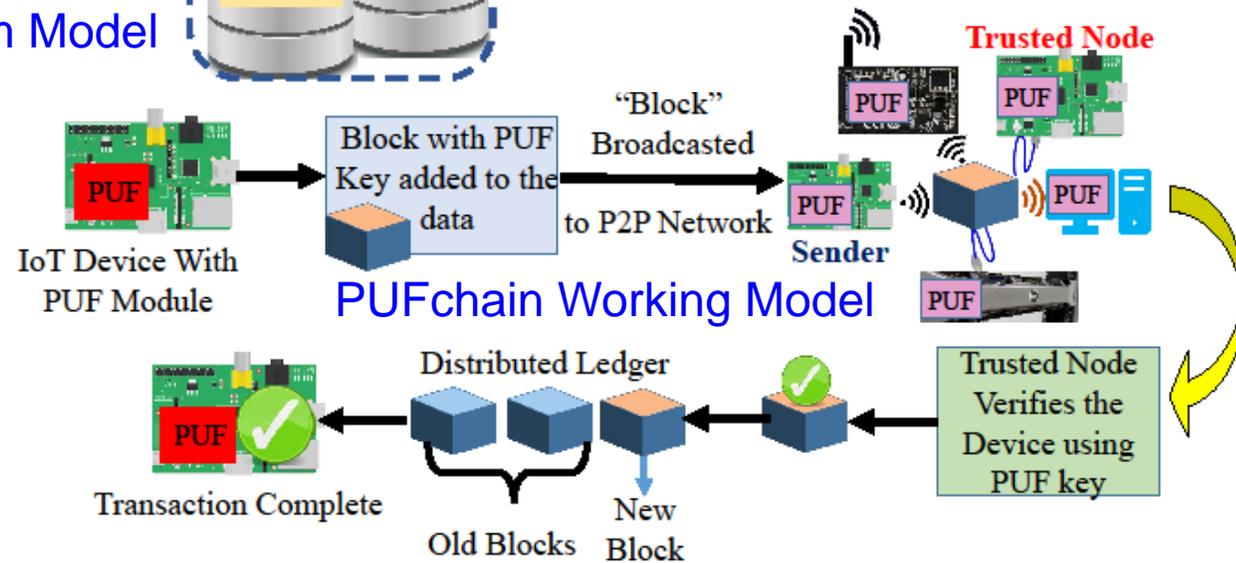
Source: S. P. Mohanty, V. P. Yanambaka, E. Kougianos, and D. Puthal, "PUFchain: Hardware-Assisted Blockchain for Sustainable Simultaneous Device and Data Security in Internet of Everything (IoE)", *IEEE Consumer Electronics Magazine (MCE)*, Vol. 9, No. 2, March 2020, pp. 8-16.

PUFchain: Our Hardware-Assisted Scalable Blockchain



Can provide:
Device, System, and
Data Security

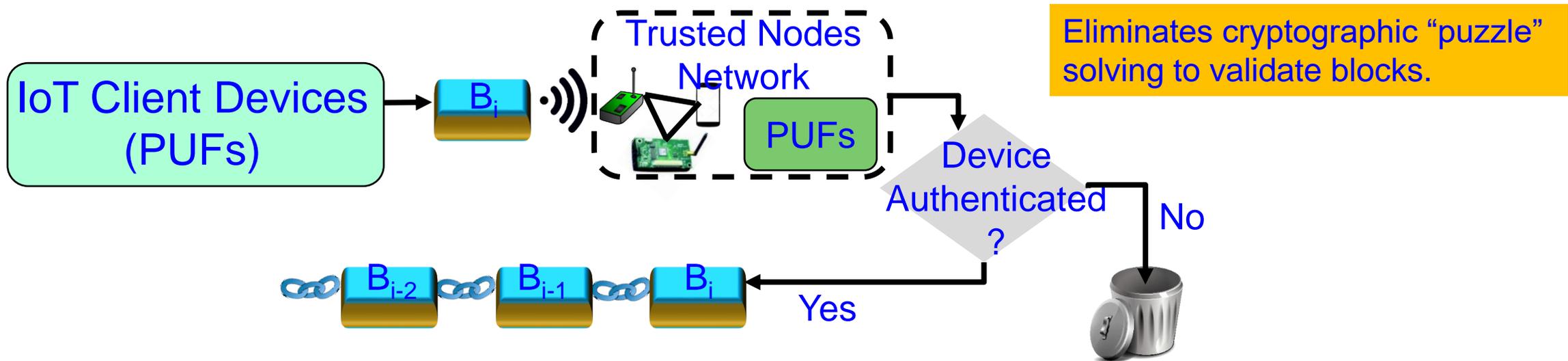
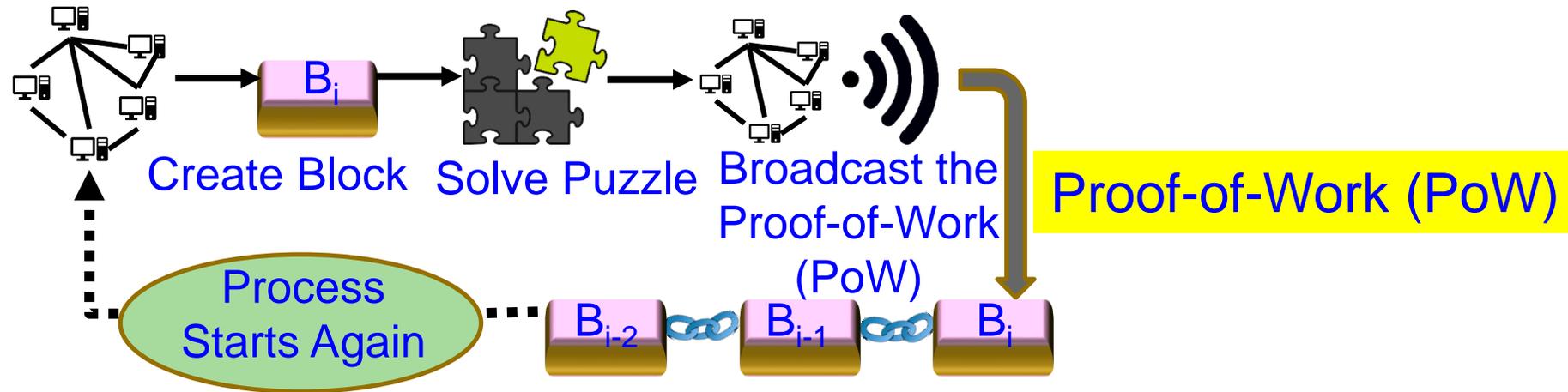
PUFChain 2 Modes:
(1) PUF Mode and
(2) PUFChain Mode



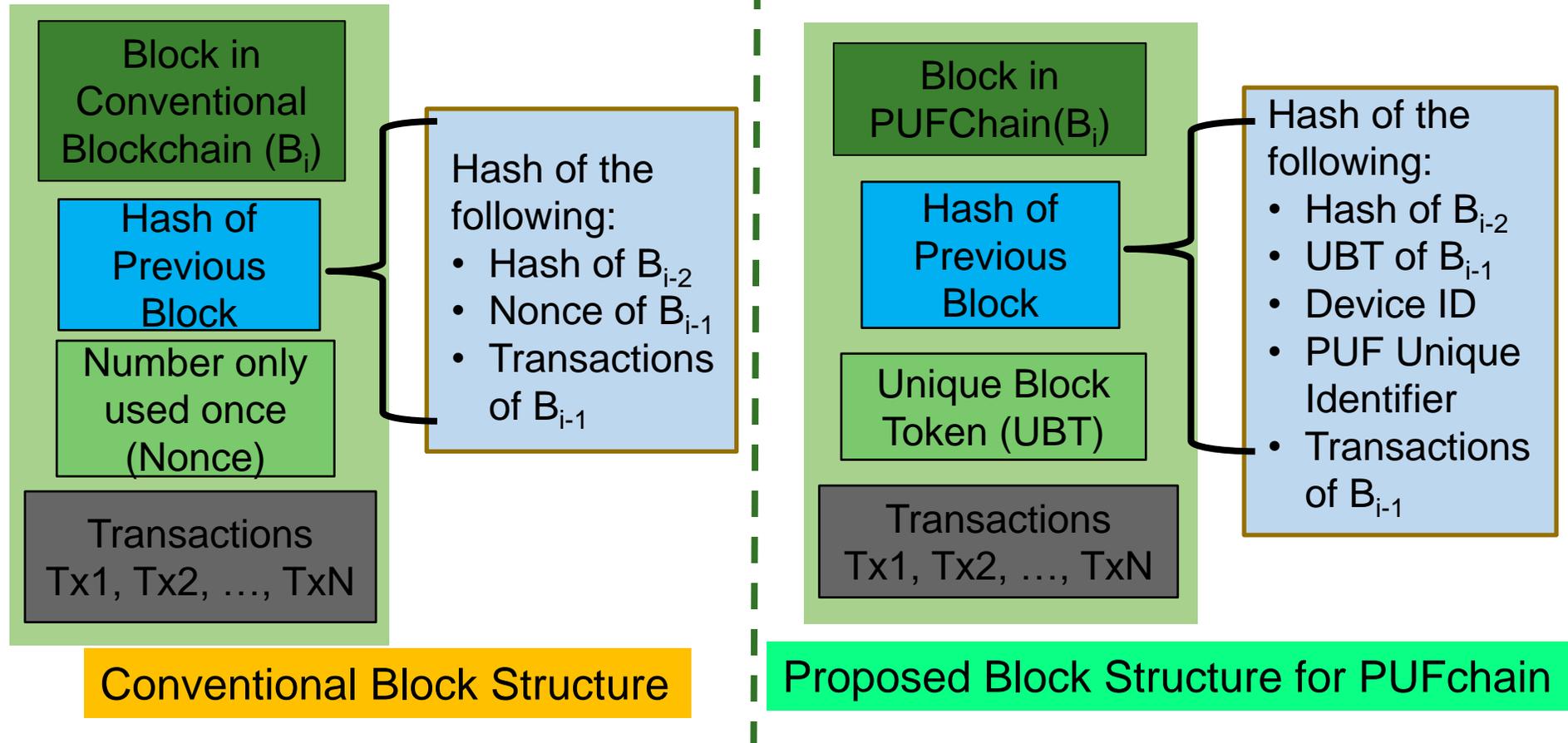
- ✓ PoP is 1,000X faster than PoW
- ✓ PoP is 5X faster than PoAh

Source: S. P. Mohanty, V. P. Yanambaka, E. Kougianos, and D. Puthal, "PUFchain: Hardware-Assisted Blockchain for Sustainable Simultaneous Device and Data Security in Internet of Everything (IoE)", *IEEE Consumer Electronics Magazine (MCE)*, Vol. 9, No. 2, March 2020, pp. 8-16.

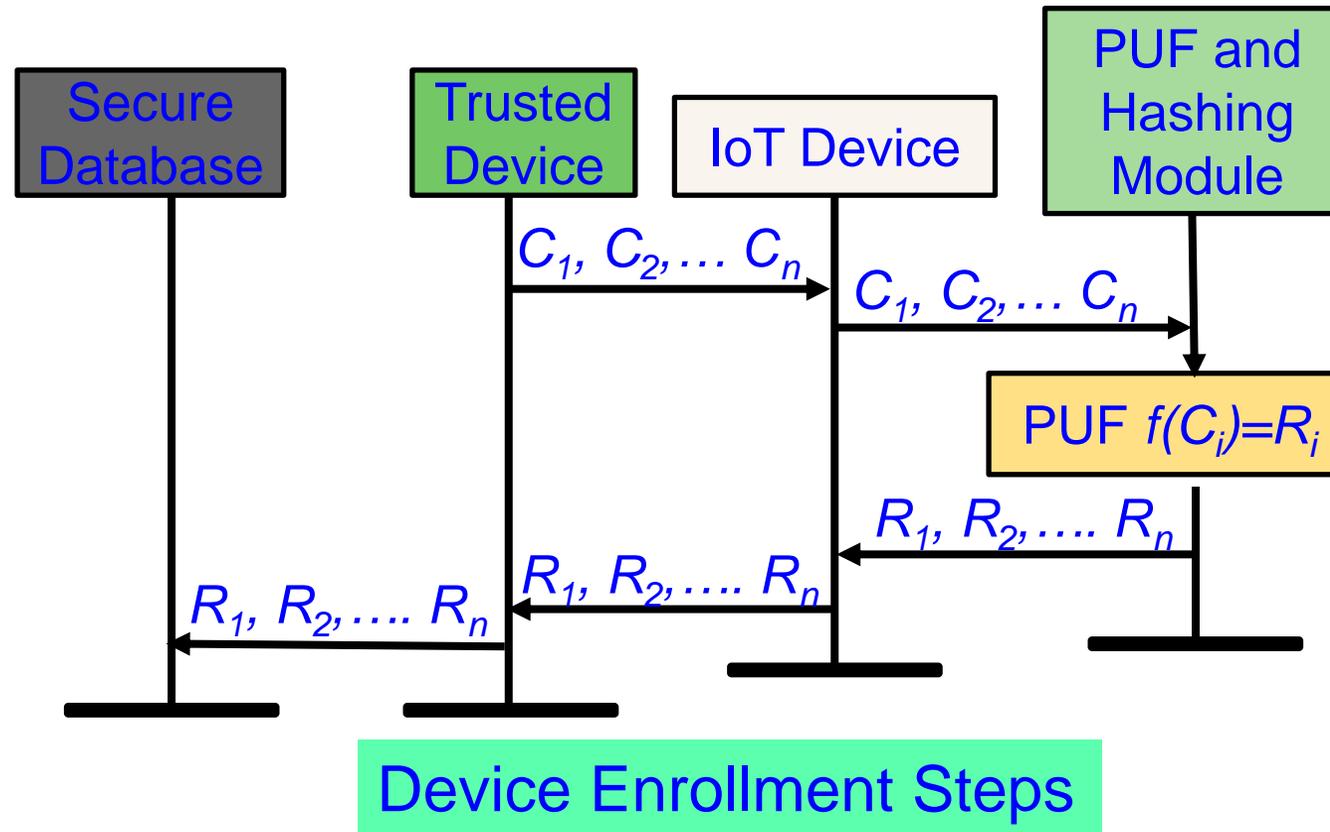
Our Proof-of-PUF-Enabled-Authentication (PoP)



PUFchain: Proposed New Block Structure

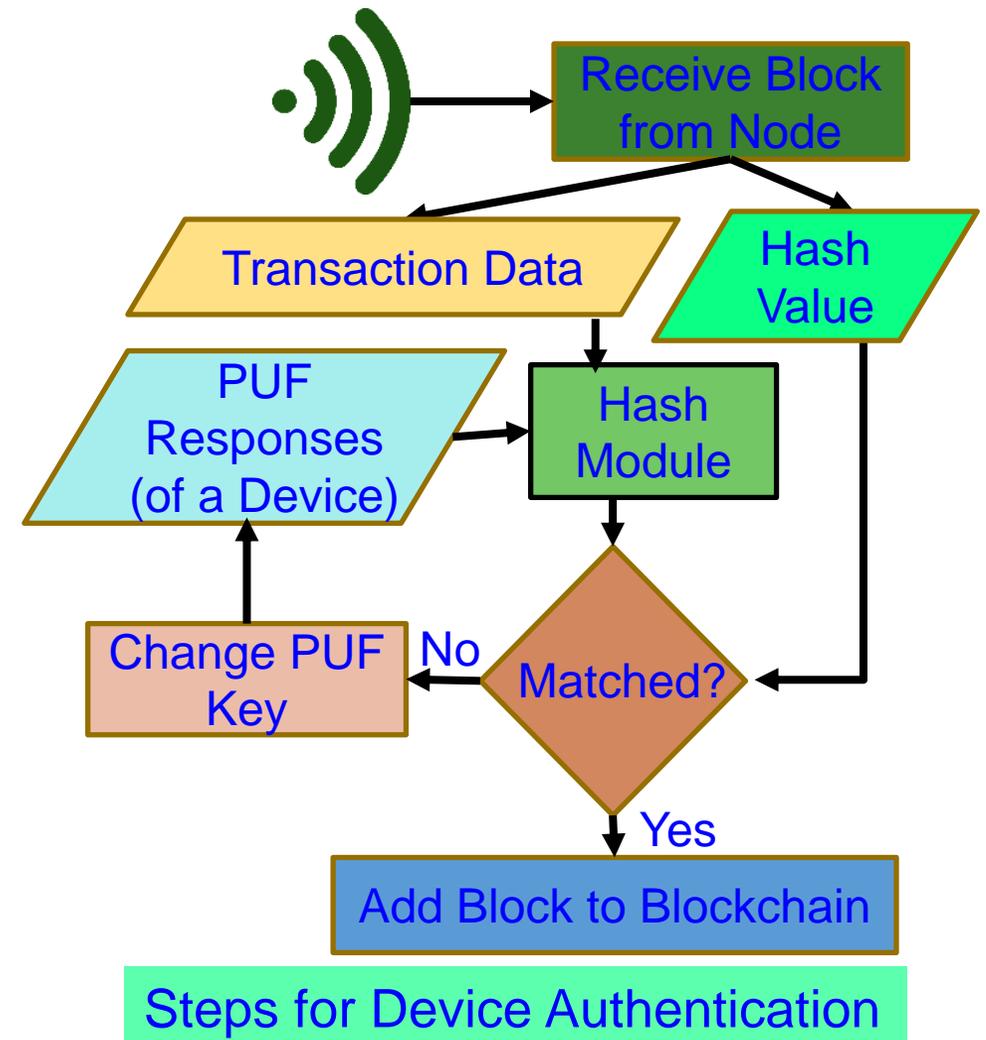
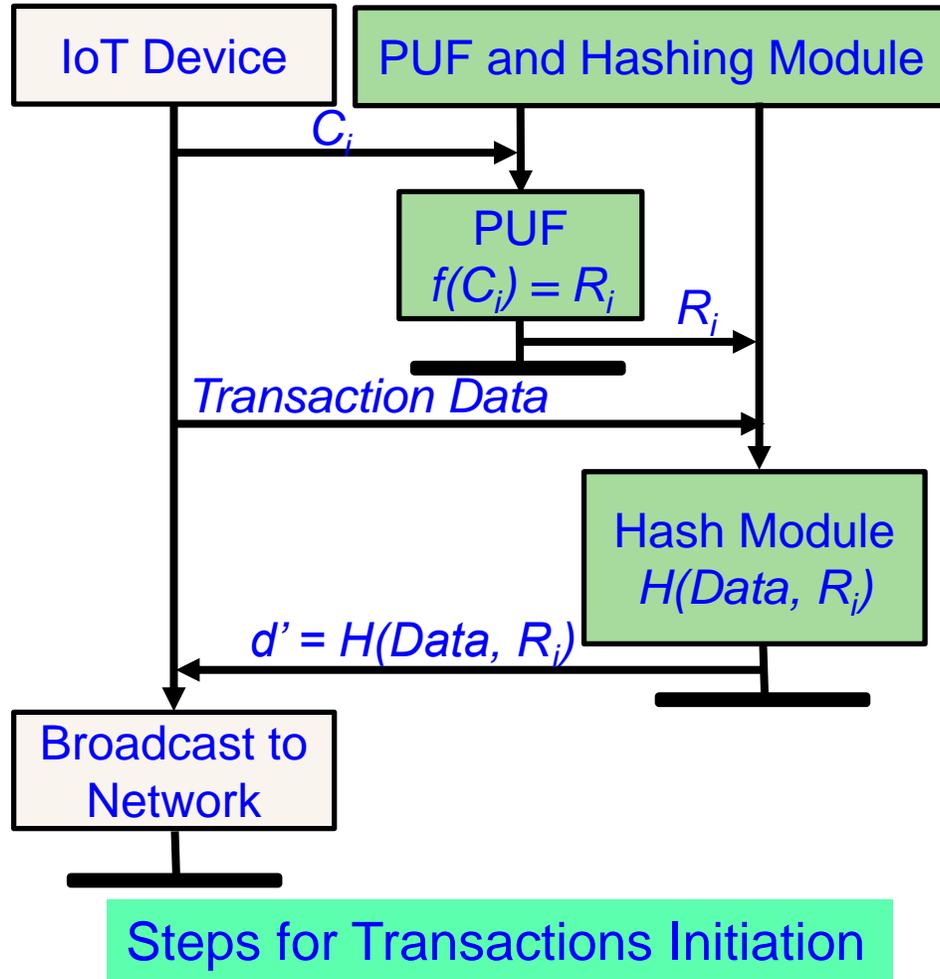


PUFchain: Device Enrollment Steps

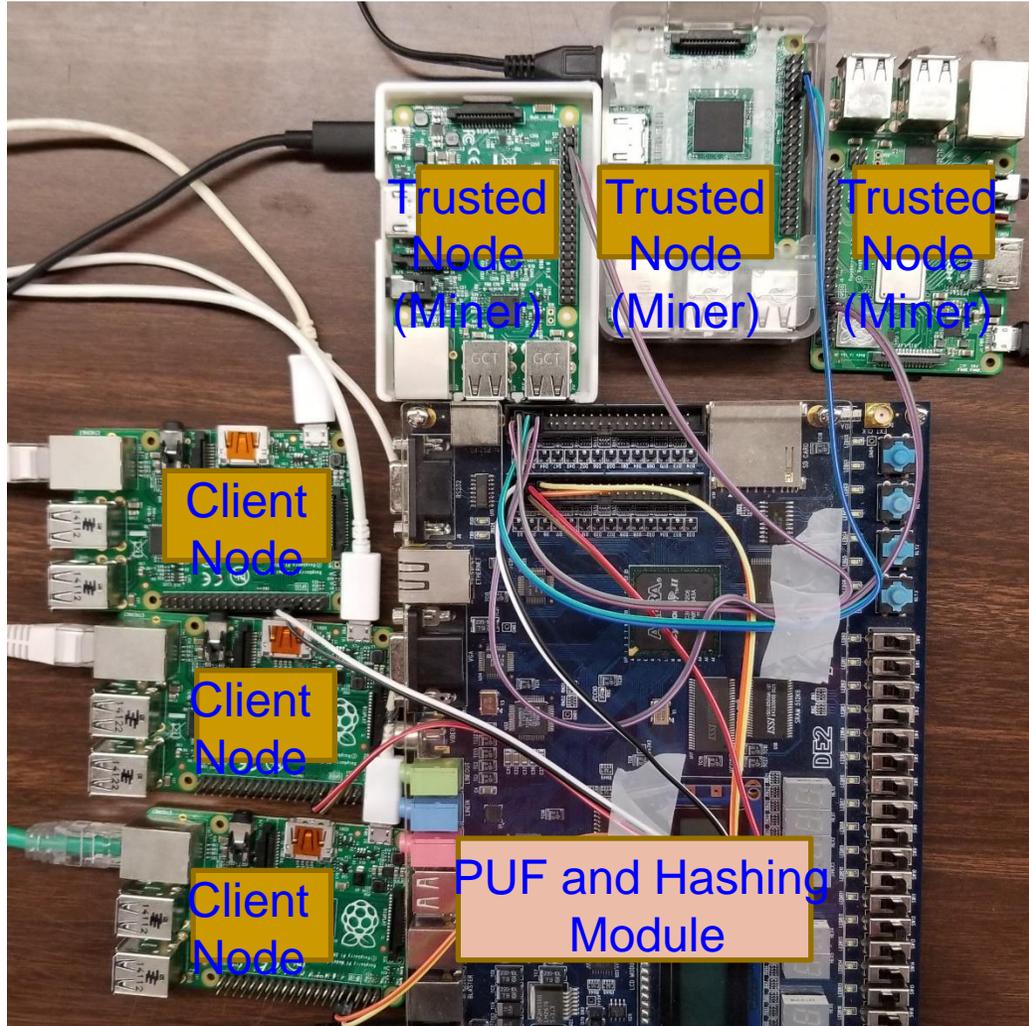


Source: S. P. Mohanty, V. P. Yanambaka, E. Kougianos, and D. Puthal, "PUFchain: Hardware-Assisted Blockchain for Sustainable Simultaneous Device and Data Security in Internet of Everything (IoE)", *IEEE Consumer Electronics Magazine (MCE)*, Vol. 9, No. 2, March 2020, pp. in Press.

Proof-of-PUF-Enabled-Authentication (PoP)



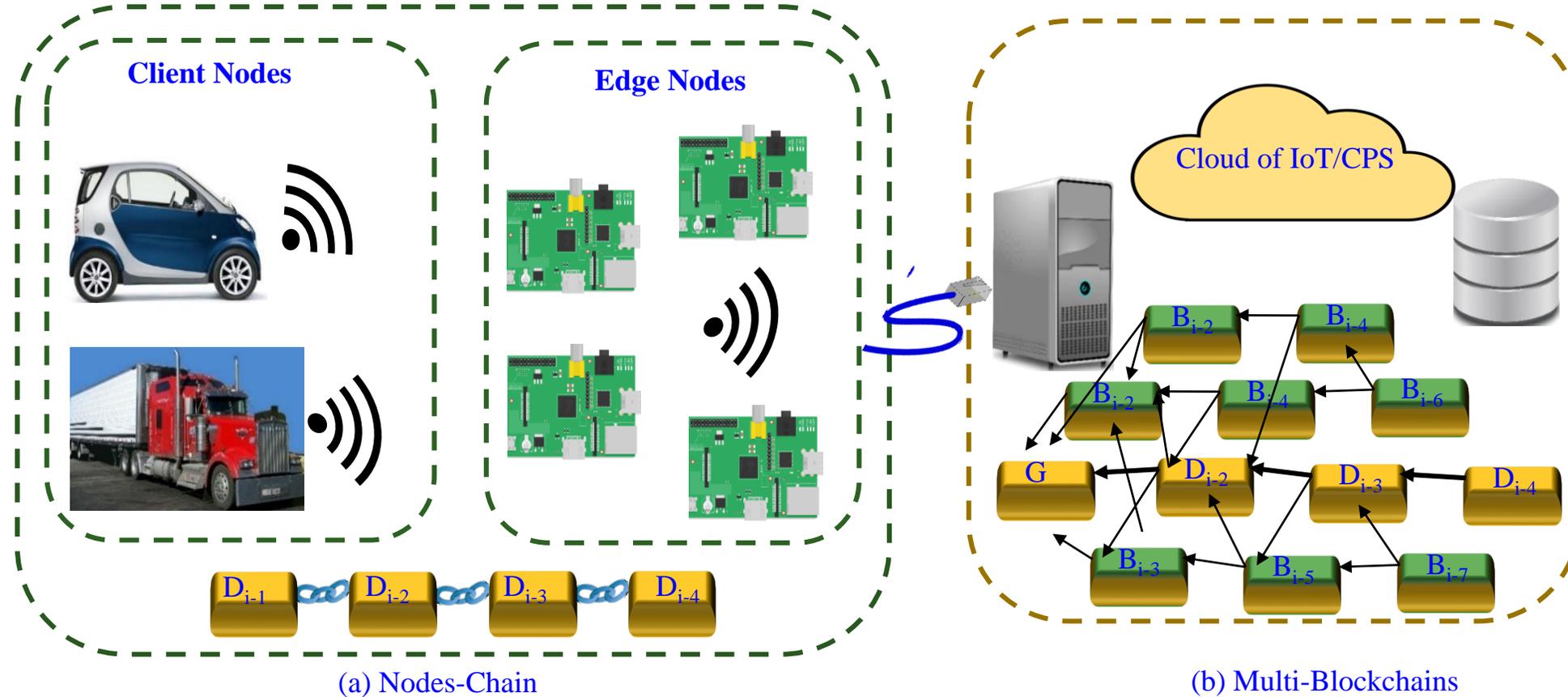
Our PoP is 1000X Faster than PoW



| | | |
|-----------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| PoW - 10 min in cloud | PoAh - 950ms in Raspberry Pi | PoP - 192ms in Raspberry Pi |
| High Power | 3 W Power | 5 W Power |

- ✓ PoP is 1,000X faster than PoW
- ✓ PoP is 5X faster than PoAh

Our Multi-Chain Technology to Enhance Blockchain Scalability



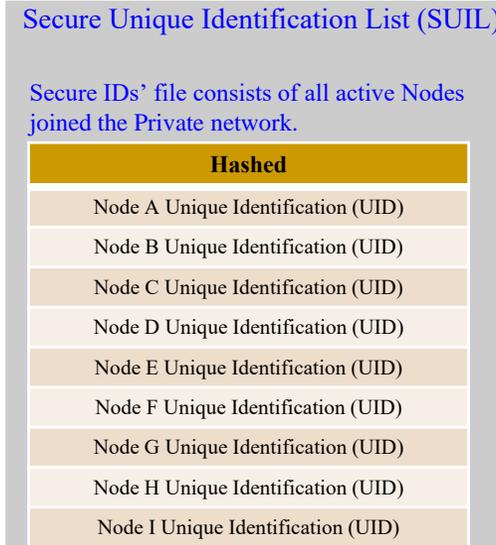
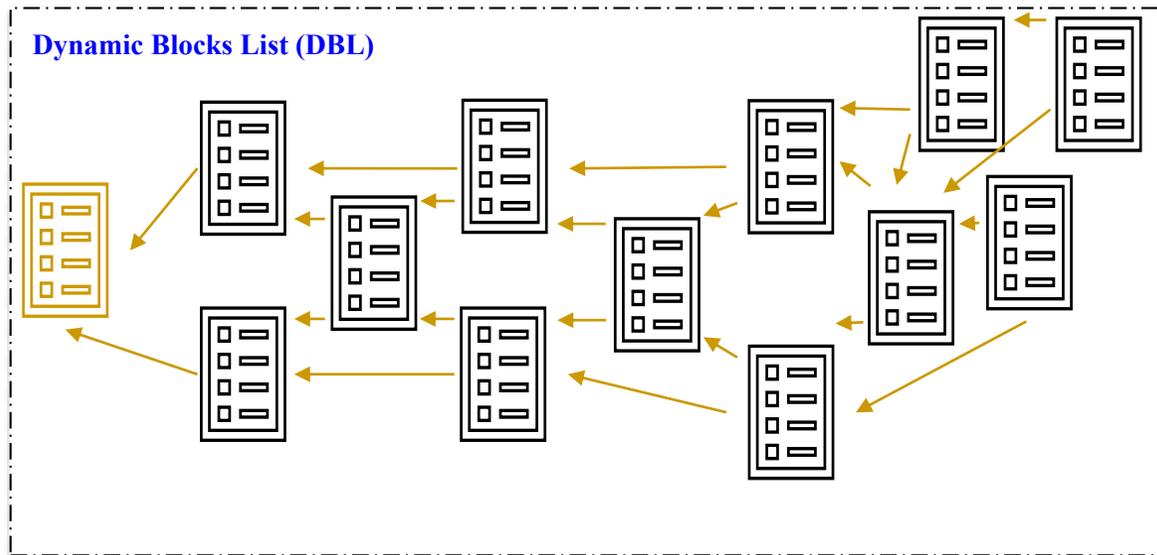
Source: A. J. Alkhodair, S. P. Mohanty, E. Kougianos, and D. Puthal, "McPoRA: A Multi-Chain Proof of Rapid Authentication for Post-Blockchain based Security in Large Scale Complex Cyber-Physical Systems", *Proceedings of the 19th IEEE Computer Society Annual Symposium on VLSI (ISVLSI)*, 2020, pp. 446--451.

A Perspective of BC, Tangle Vs Our Multichain

| Features/Technology | Blockchain (Bitcoin) | Proof of Authentication | Tangle | HashGraph | McPoRA (current Paper) |
|-------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Linked Lists | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> One linked list of blocks. Block of transactions. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> One linked list of blocks. Block of transactions. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> DAG linked list. One transaction. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> DAG linked List. Container of transactions hash | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> DAG linked List. Block of transactions. Reduced block. |
| Validation | Mining | Authentication | Mining | Virtual Voting (witness) | Authentication |
| Type of validation | Miners | Trusted Nodes | Transactions | Containers | All Nodes |
| Ledger Requirement | Full ledger required | Full ledger required | Portion based on longest and shortest paths. | Full ledger required | Portion based on authenticators' number |
| Cryptography | Digital Signatures | Digital Signatures | Quantum key signature | Digital Signatures | Digital Signatures |
| Hash function | SHA 256 | SHA 256 | KECCAK-384 | SHA 384 | SCRYPT |
| Consensus | Proof of Work | Cryptographic Authentication | Proof of Work | aBFT | Predefined UID |
| Numeric System | Binary | Binary | Trinity | Binary | Binary |
| Involved Algorithms | HashCash | No | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Selection Algorithm HashCash | No | BFP |
| Decentralization | Partially | Partially | Fully | Fully | Fully |
| Appending Requirements | Longest chain | One chain | Selection Algorithm | Full Randomness | Filtration Process |
| Energy Requirements | High | Low | High | Medium | Low |
| Node Requirements | High Resources Node | Limited Resources Node | High Resources Node | High Resources Node | Limited Resources Node |
| Design Purpose | Cryptocurrency | IoT applications | IoT/Cryptocurrency | Cryptocurrency | IoT/CPS applications |

Source: A. J. Alkhodair, S. P. Mohanty, E. Kougianos, and D. Puthal, "McPoRA: A Multi-Chain Proof of Rapid Authentication for Post-Blockchain based Security in Large Scale Complex Cyber-Physical Systems", *Proceedings of the 19th IEEE Computer Society Annual Symposium on VLSI (ISVLSI)*, 2020.

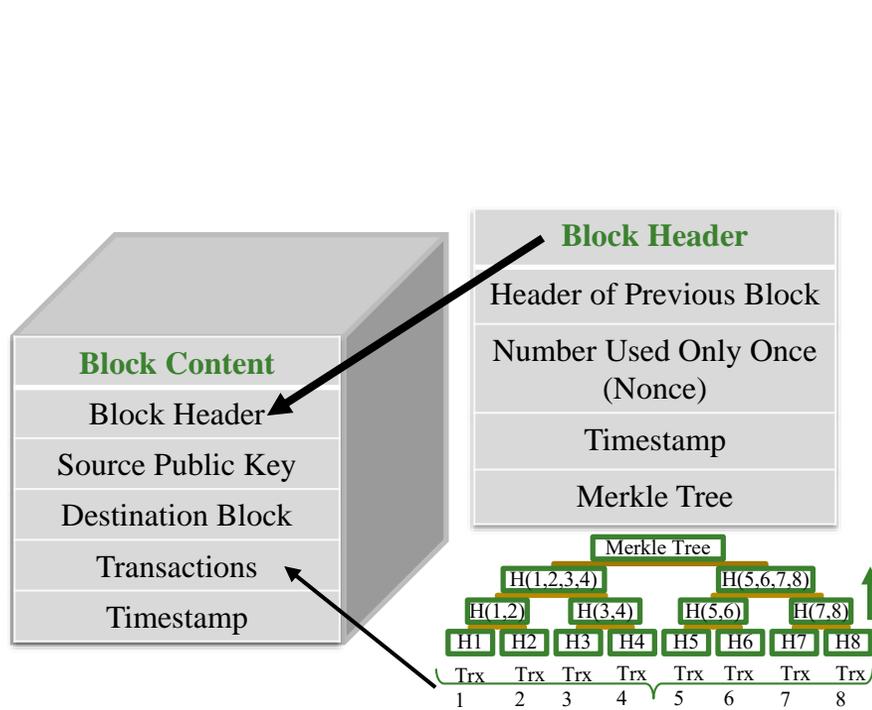
McPoRA based MultiChain -- Components



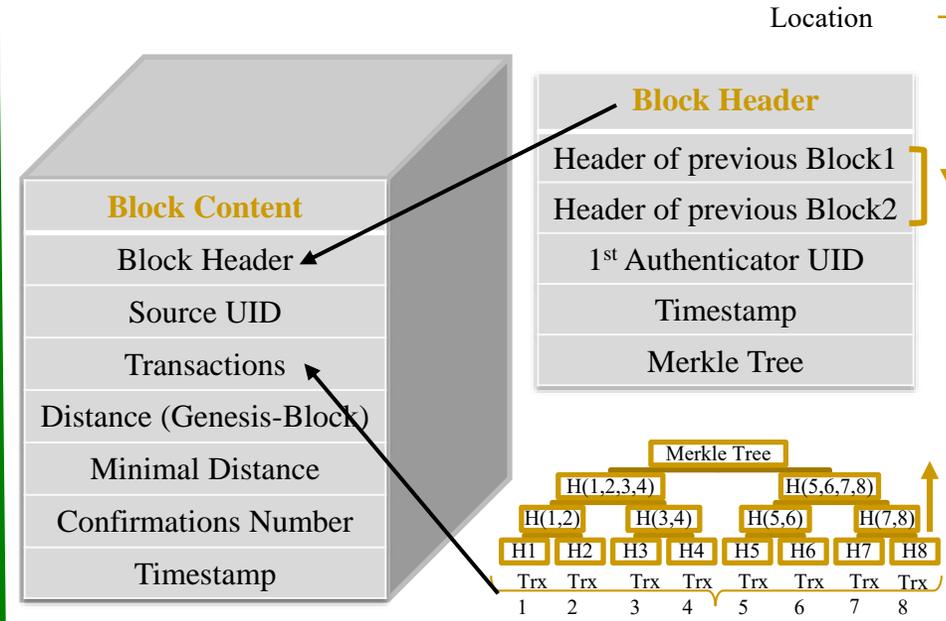
Consensus Time – 0.7 sec (Avg)
 Power Consumption – 3.5 W
 Performance – 4000X faster than PoW

Source: A. J. Alkhodair, S. P. Mohanty, E. Kougianos, and D. Puthal, "McPoRA: A Multi-Chain Proof of Rapid Authentication for Post-Blockchain based Security in Large Scale Complex Cyber-Physical Systems", *Proceedings of the 19th IEEE Computer Society Annual Symposium on VLSI (ISVLSI)*, 2020, pp. 446—451.

Block Structure in McPoRA



(a) For Traditional Blockchain

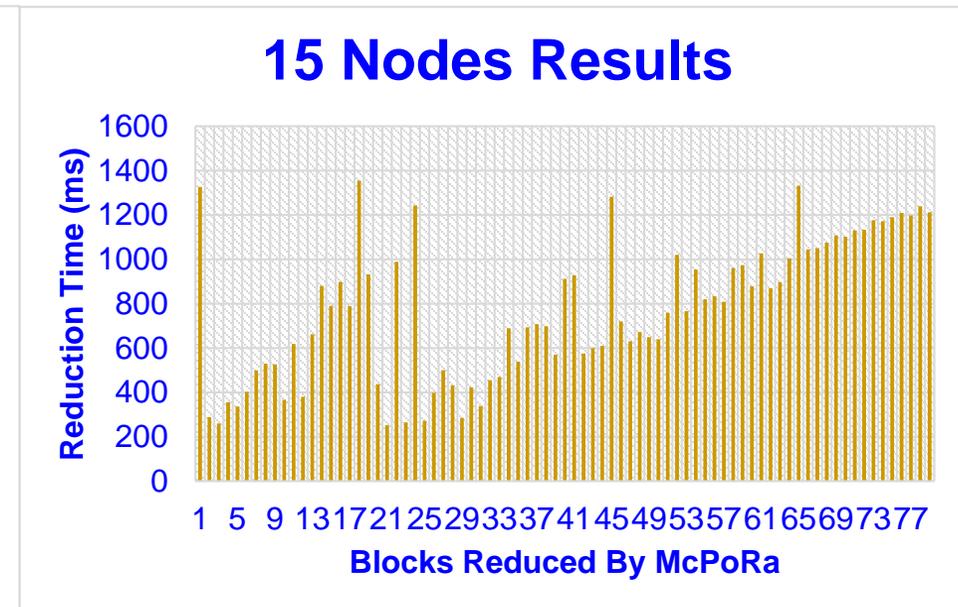
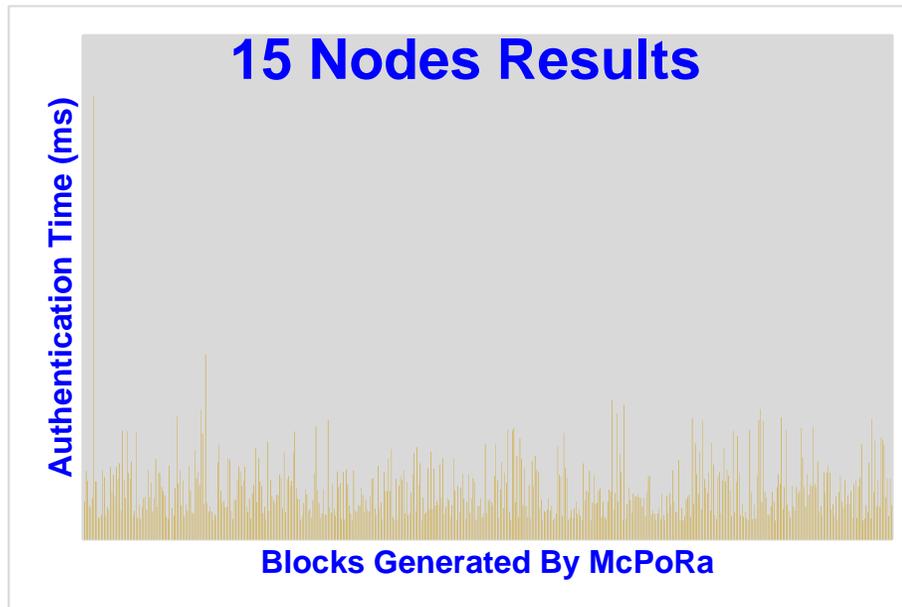


(b) For Proposed Post-Blockchain

Source: A. J. Alkhodair, S. P. Mohanty, E. Kougianos, and D. Puthal, "McPoRA: A Multi-Chain Proof of Rapid Authentication for Post-Blockchain based Security in Large Scale Complex Cyber-Physical Systems", *Proceedings of the 19th IEEE Computer Society Annual Symposium on VLSI (ISVLSI)*, 2020

McPoRA – Experimental Results

| Time (ms) | Authentication (ms) | Reduction (ms) |
|-----------|---------------------|----------------|
| Minimum | 1.51 | 252.6 |
| Maximum | 35.14 | 1354.6 |
| Average | 3.97 | 772.53 |

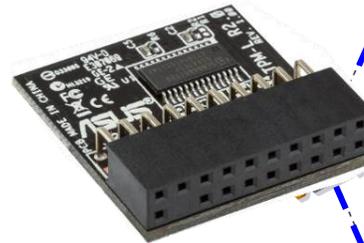


Source: A. J. Alkhodair, S. P. Mohanty, E. Kougianos, and D. Puthal, "McPoRA: A Multi-Chain Proof of Rapid Authentication for Post-Blockchain based Security in Large Scale Complex Cyber-Physical Systems", *Proceedings of the 19th IEEE Computer Society Annual Symposium on VLSI (ISVLSI)*, 2020, pp. 446—451.

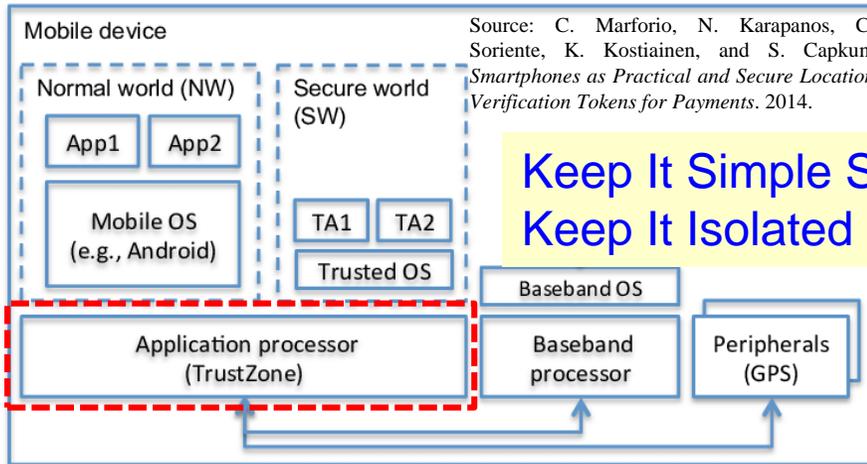
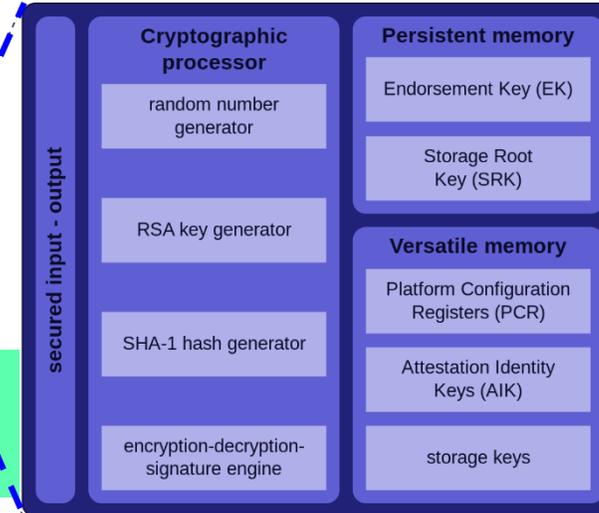
Hardware Security Primitives – TPM, HSM, TrustZone, and PUF



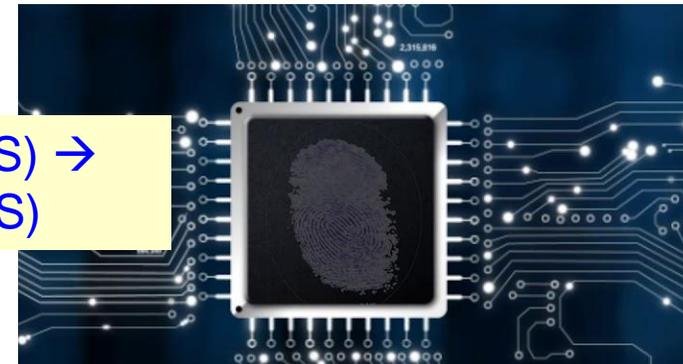
Hardware Security Module (HSM)



Trusted Platform Module (TPM)



Keep It Simple Stupid (KISS) →
Keep It Isolated Stupid (KIIS)

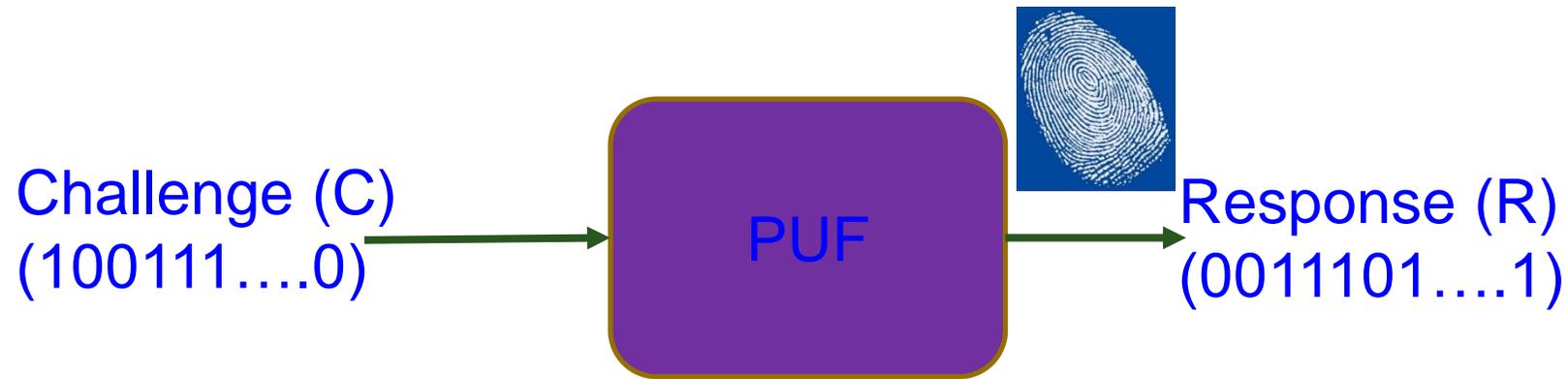


Physical Unclonable Functions (PUF)

Source: Electric Power Research Institute (EPRI)

Physical Unclonable Functions (PUFs) - Principle

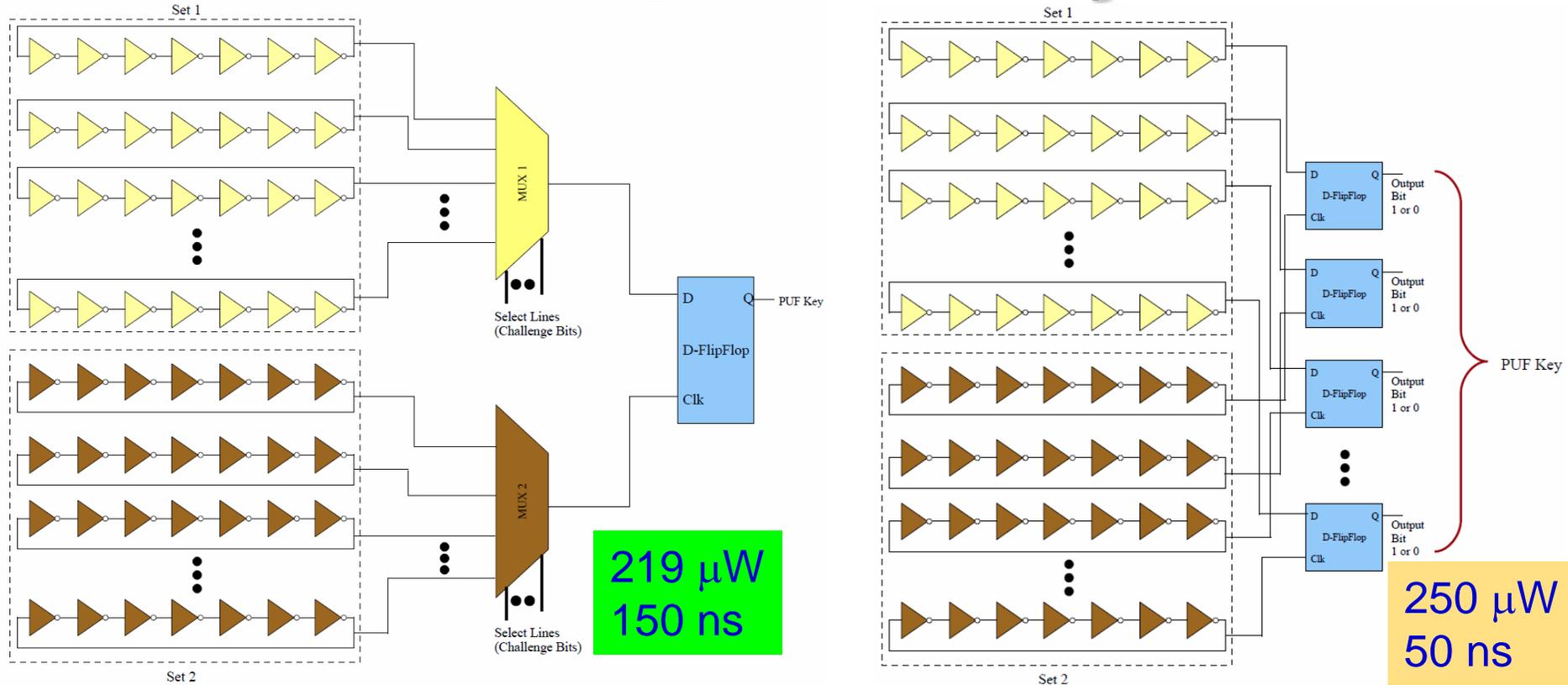
- Physical Unclonable Functions (PUFs) are primitives for security.
- PUFs are easy to build and impossible to duplicate.
- The input and output are called a Challenge Response Pair.



PUFs don't store keys in digital memory, rather derive a key based on the physical characteristics of the hardware; thus secure.

Source: S. Joshi, S. P. Mohanty, and E. Kougianos, "Everything You Wanted to Know about PUFs", *IEEE Potentials Magazine*, Volume 36, Issue 6, November-December 2017, pp. 38--46.

We Have Design a Variety of PUFs



Power Optimized Hybrid Oscillator Arbiter PUF

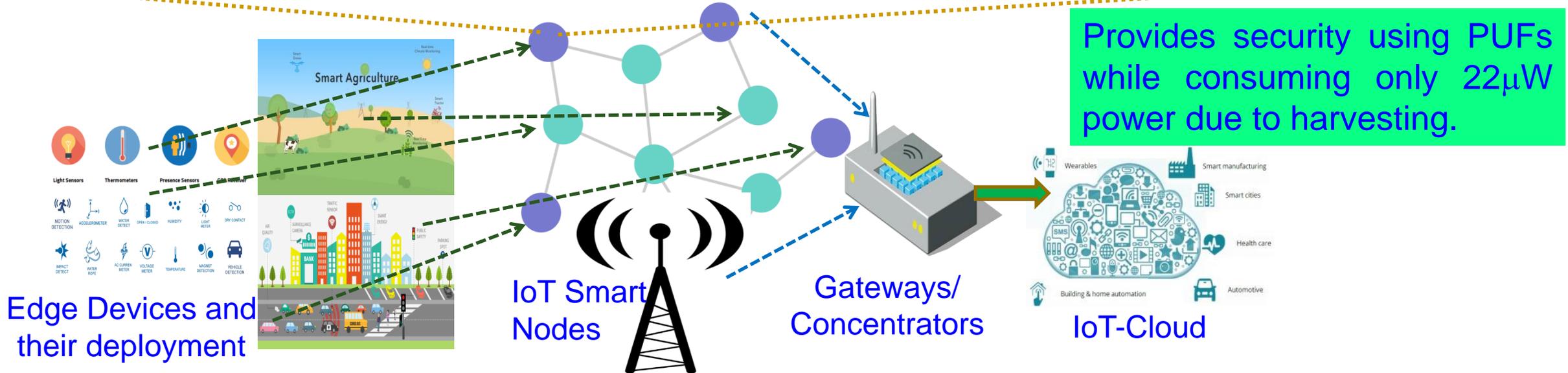
Suitable for Healthcare CPS

Speed Optimized Hybrid Oscillator Arbiter PUF

Suitable for Transportation and Energy CPS

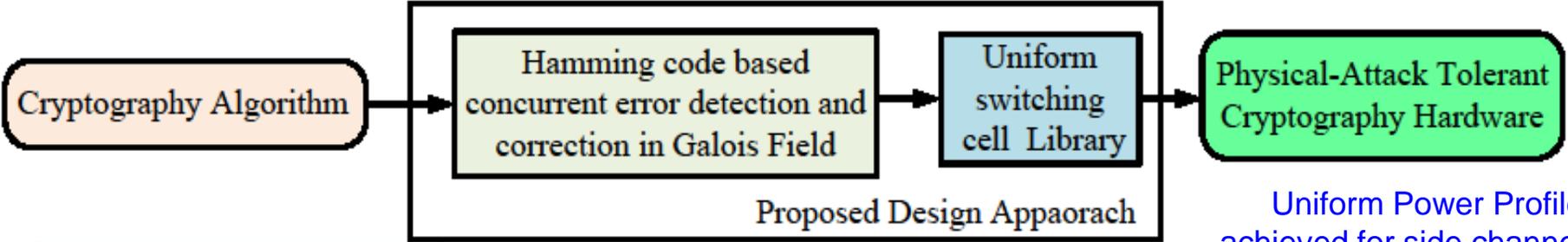
Source: V. P. Yanambaka, S. P. Mohanty, and E. Kougianos, "Making Use of Semiconductor Manufacturing Process Variations: FinFET-based Physical Unclonable Functions for Efficient Security Integration in the IoT", *Springer Analog Integrated Circuits and Signal Processing Journal*, Volume 93, Issue 3, December 2017, pp. 429--441.

Our SbD: Eternal-Thing: Combines Security and Energy Harvesting at the IoT-Edge

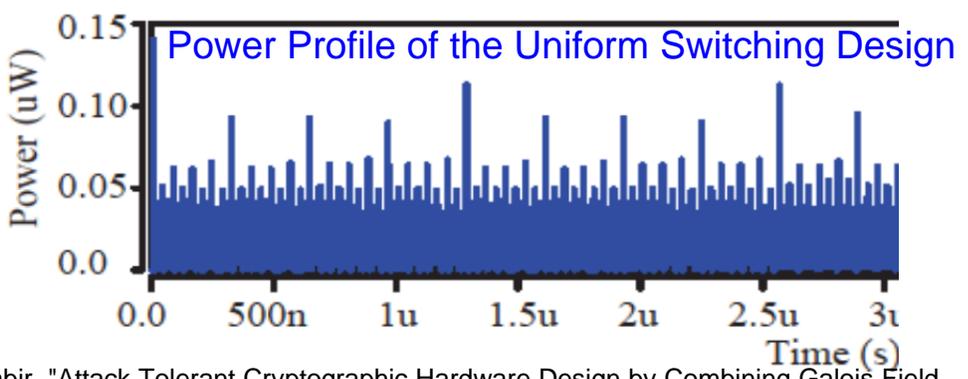
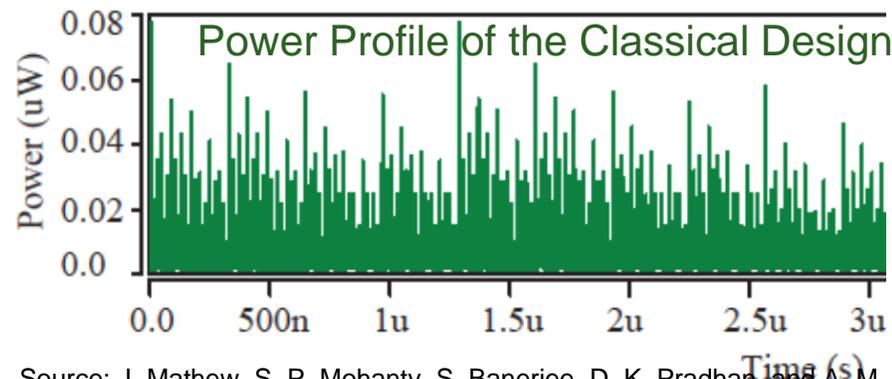
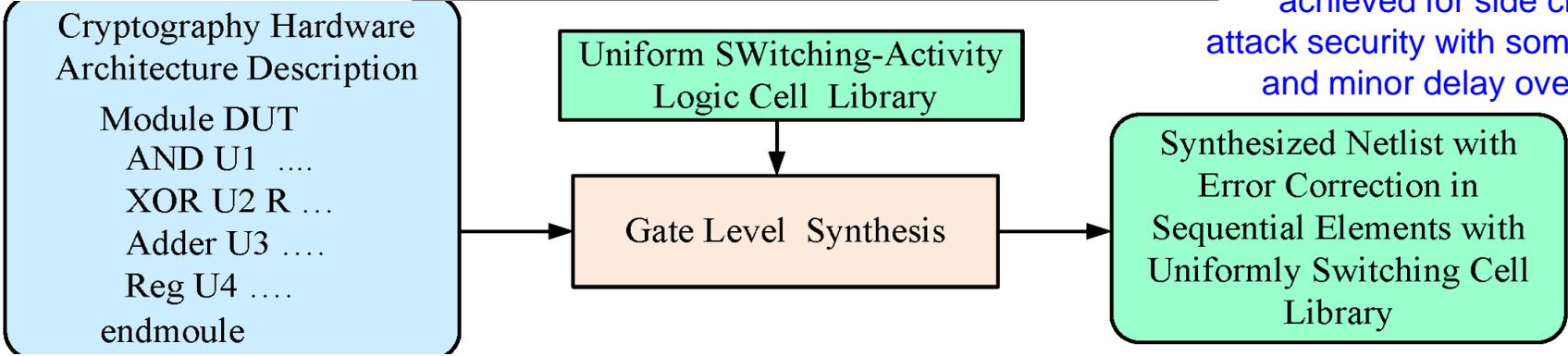


Source: S. K. Ram, S. R. Sahoo, Banee, B.Das, K. K. Mahapatra, and **S. P. Mohanty**, "Eternal-Thing: A Secure Aging-Aware Solar-Energy Harvester Thing for Sustainable IoT", *IEEE Transactions on Sustainable Computing*, Vol. XX, No. YY, ZZ 2021, pp. doi: 10.1109/TSUSC.2020.2987616.

Our SdD: Approach for DPA Resilience Hardware



Uniform Power Profile achieved for side channel attack security with some area and minor delay overhead.



Source: J. Mathew, S. P. Mohanty, S. Banerjee, D. K. Pradhan, and A. M. Jabir, "Attack Tolerant Cryptographic Hardware Design by Combining Galois Field Error Correction and Uniform Switching Activity", *Elsevier Computers and Electrical Engineering*, Vol. 39, No. 4, May 2013, pp. 1077--1087.



Where to Store and Process Data for ML Modeling, and where to Execute ML models?

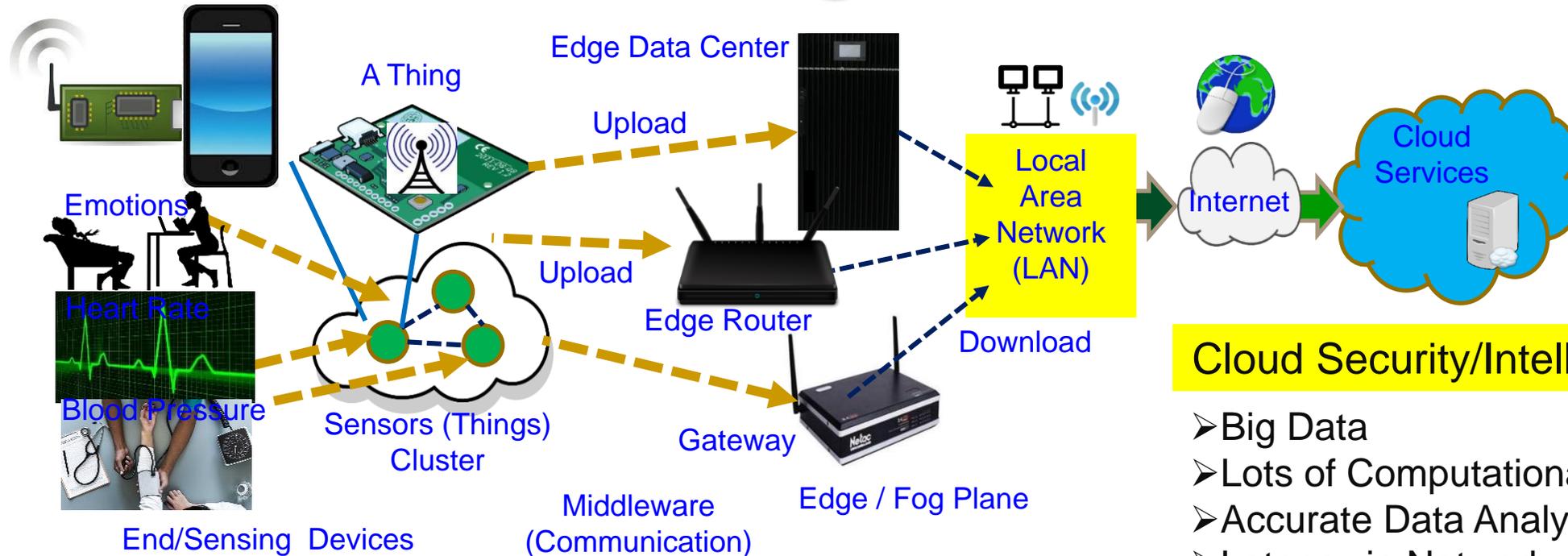


Sensor, Edge, Fog, Cloud?



ASIC, FPGA, SoC, FP-SoC, GPU, Neuromorphic, Quantum?

CPS – IoT-Edge Vs IoT-Cloud



Cloud Security/Intelligence

- Big Data
- Lots of Computational Resource
- Accurate Data Analytics
- Latency in Network
- Energy overhead in Communications

Heavy-Duty ML is more suitable for smart cities

End Security/Intelligence

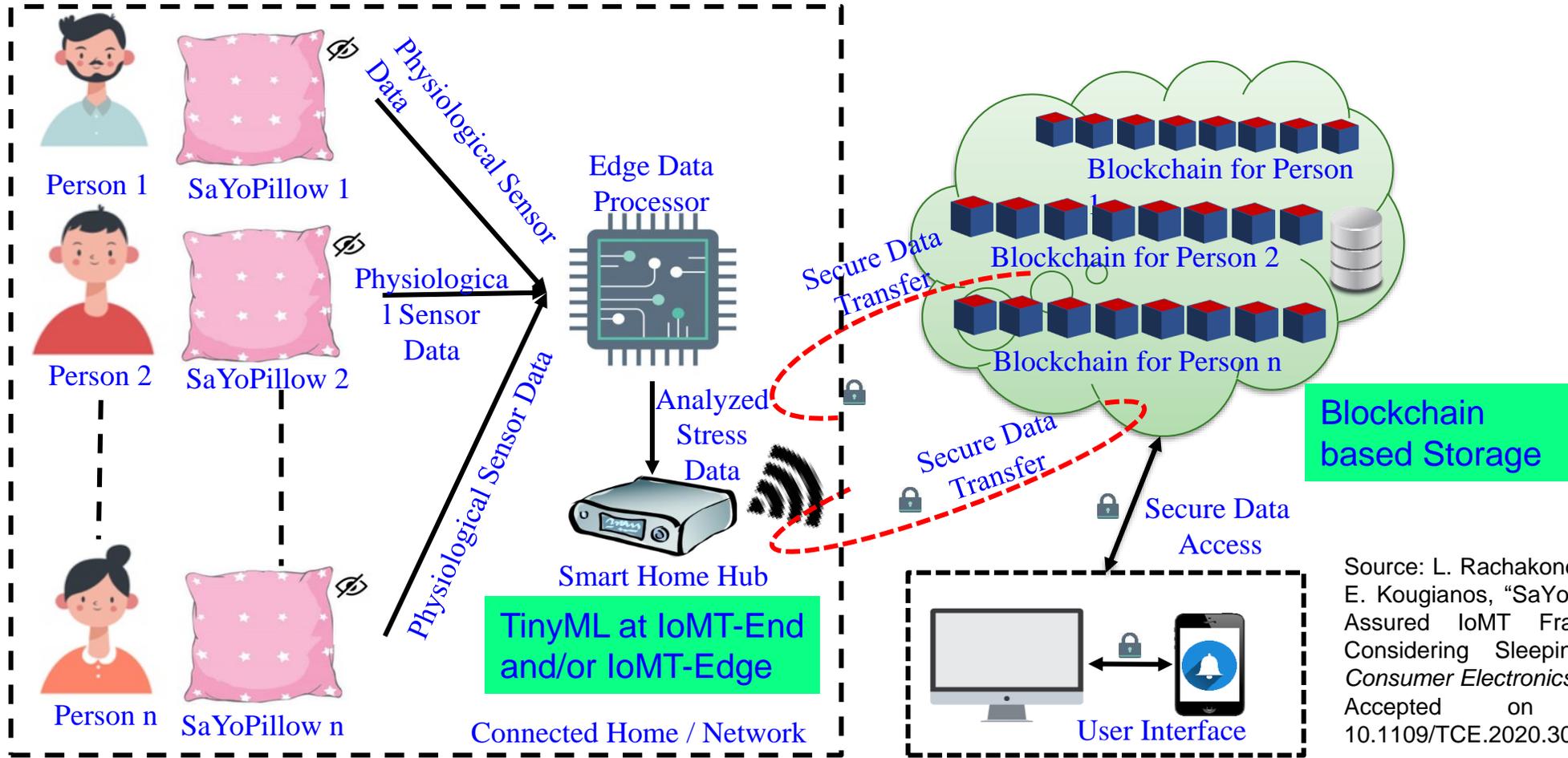
- Minimal Data
- Minimal Computational Resource
- Least Accurate Data Analytics
- Very Rapid Response

Edge Security/Intelligence

- Less Data
- Less Computational Resource
- Less Accurate Data Analytics
- Rapid Response

TinyML at End and/or Edge is key for smart villages.

Our Smart-Yoga Pillow (SaYoPillow) with TinyML and Blockchain based Security



Source: L. Rachakonda, A. K. Bapatla, **S. P. Mohanty**, and E. Kougianos, "SaYoPillow: Blockchain-Integrated Privacy-Assured IoMT Framework for Stress Management Considering Sleeping Habit", *IEEE Transactions on Consumer Electronics (TCE)*, Vol. XX, No. YY, ZZ 2021, pp. Accepted on 07 Dec 2020, DOI: 10.1109/TCE.2020.3043683.

Data Holds the Key for Intelligence in CPS

Smart Healthcare - System and Data Analytics : To Perform Tasks

Systems & Analytics

- Health cloud server
- Edge server
- Implantable Wearable Medical Devices (IWMDs)

Machine Learning Engine



Data

- Physiological data
- Environmental data
- Genetic data
- Historical records
- Demographics

Systems & Analytics

- Clinical Decision Support Systems (CDSSs)
- Electronic Health Records (EHRs)

Machine Learning Engine



Data

- Physician observations
- Laboratory test results
- Genetic data
- Historical records
- Demographics

Source: Hongxu Yin, Ayten Ozge Akmandor, Arsalan Mosenia and Niraj K. Jha (2018), "Smart Healthcare", *Foundations and Trends® in Electronic Design Automation*, Vol. 12: No. 4, pp 401-466. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1561/10000000054>

Challenges of Data in CPS are Multifold



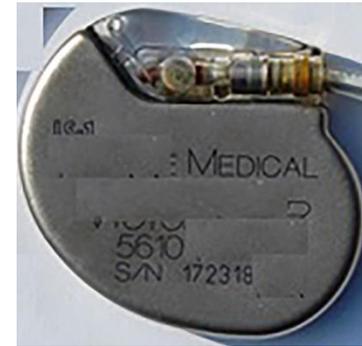
Fake Data and Fake Hardware – Both are Equally Dangerous in CPS



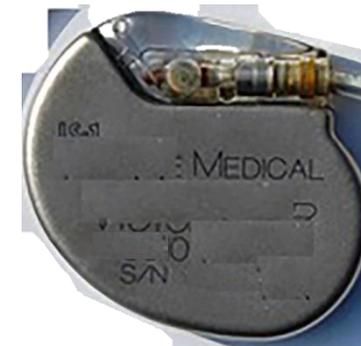
AI can be fooled by fake data



AI can create fake data (Deepfake)



Authentic



Fake

An implantable medical device



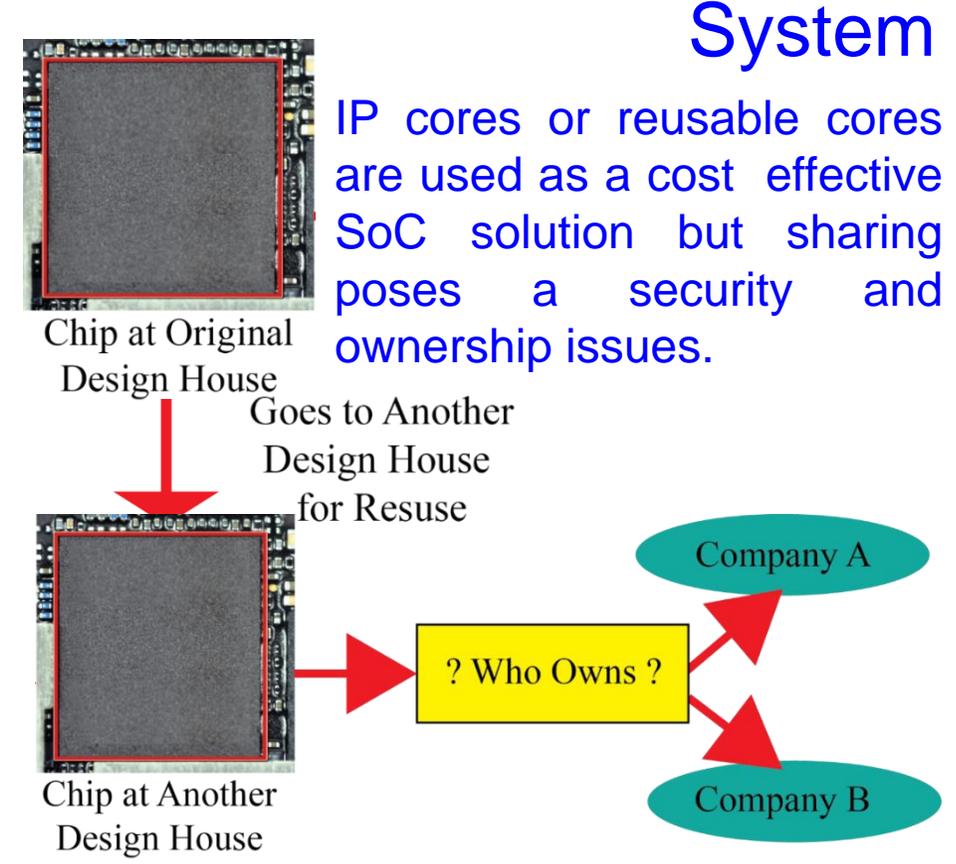
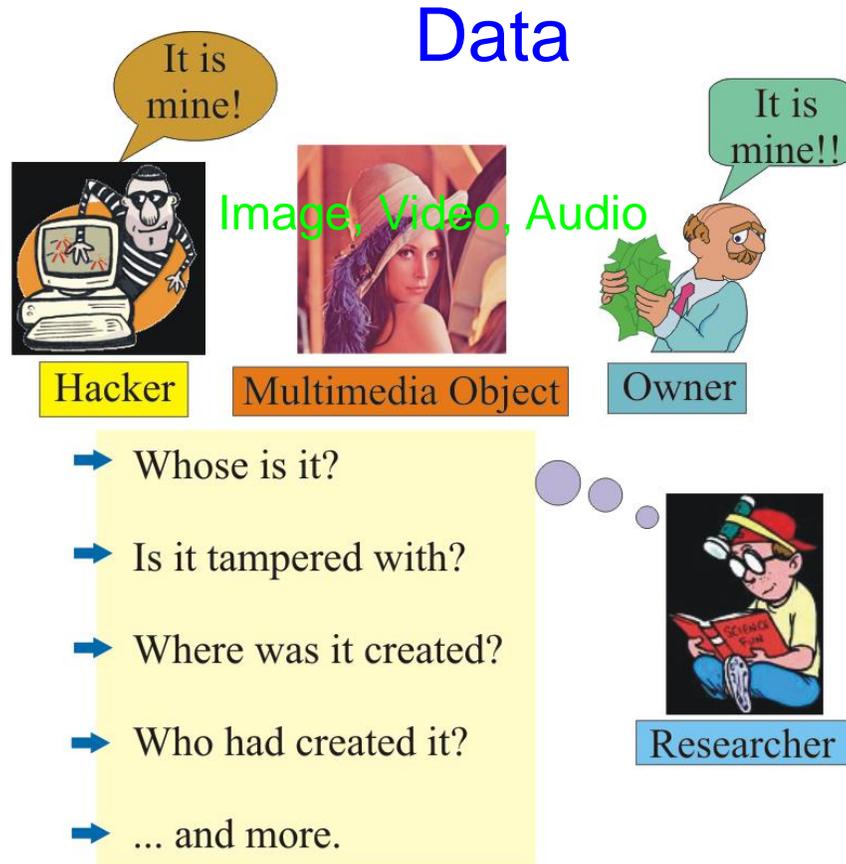
Authentic



Fake

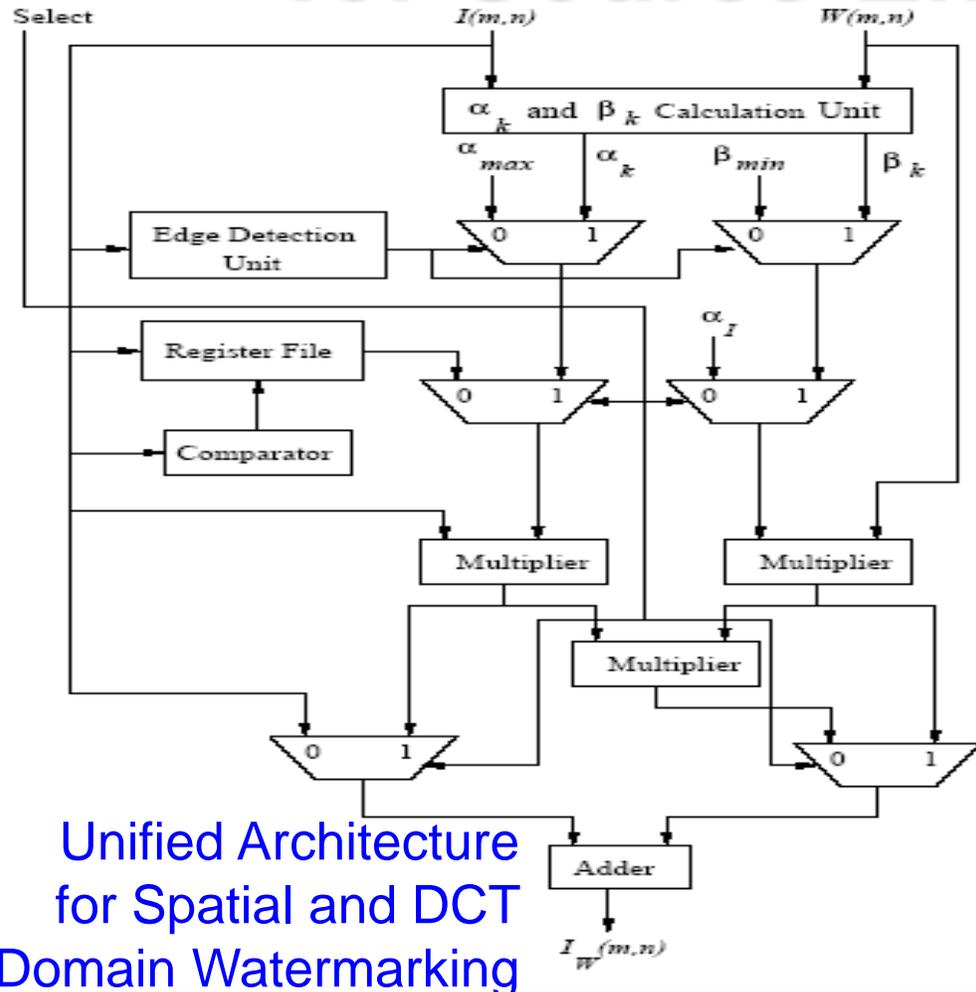
A plug-in for car-engine computers

Data and System Authentication and Ownership Protection – My 20 Years of Experiences

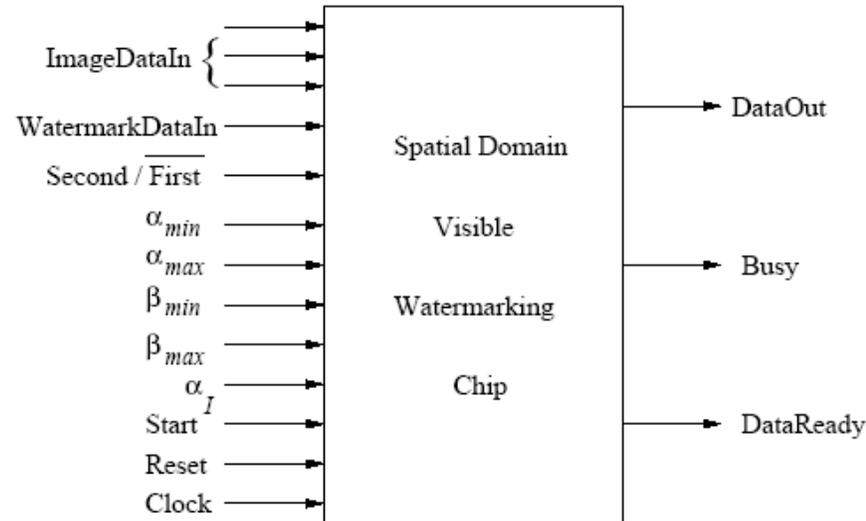


Source: S. P. Mohanty, A. Sengupta, P. Guturu, and E. Kougianos, "Everything You Want to Know About Watermarking", *IEEE Consumer Electronics Magazine (CEM)*, Volume 6, Issue 3, July 2017, pp. 83--91.

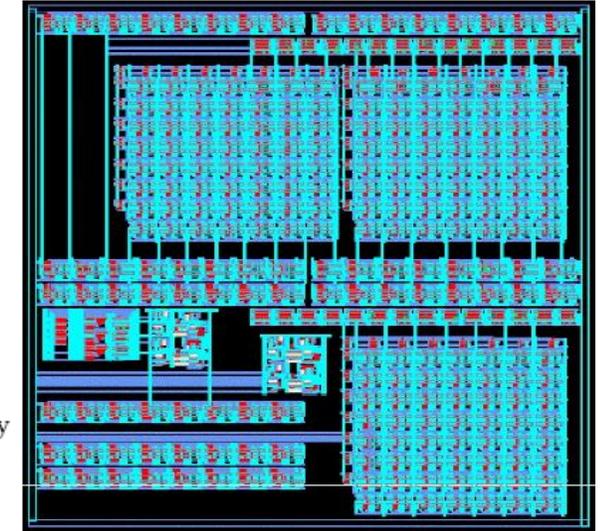
Our Design: First Ever Watermarking Chip for Source-End Visual Data Protection



Unified Architecture for Spatial and DCT Domain Watermarking



Pin Diagram

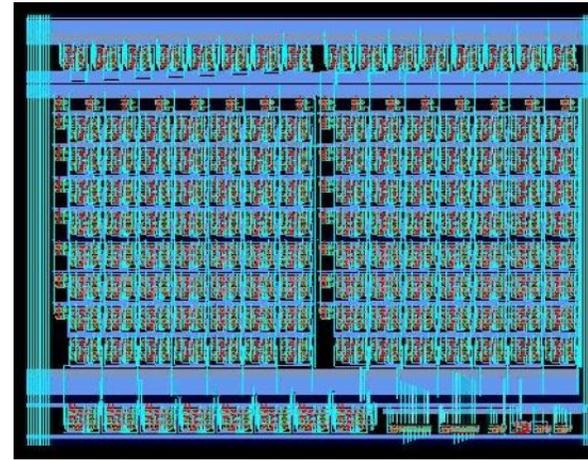
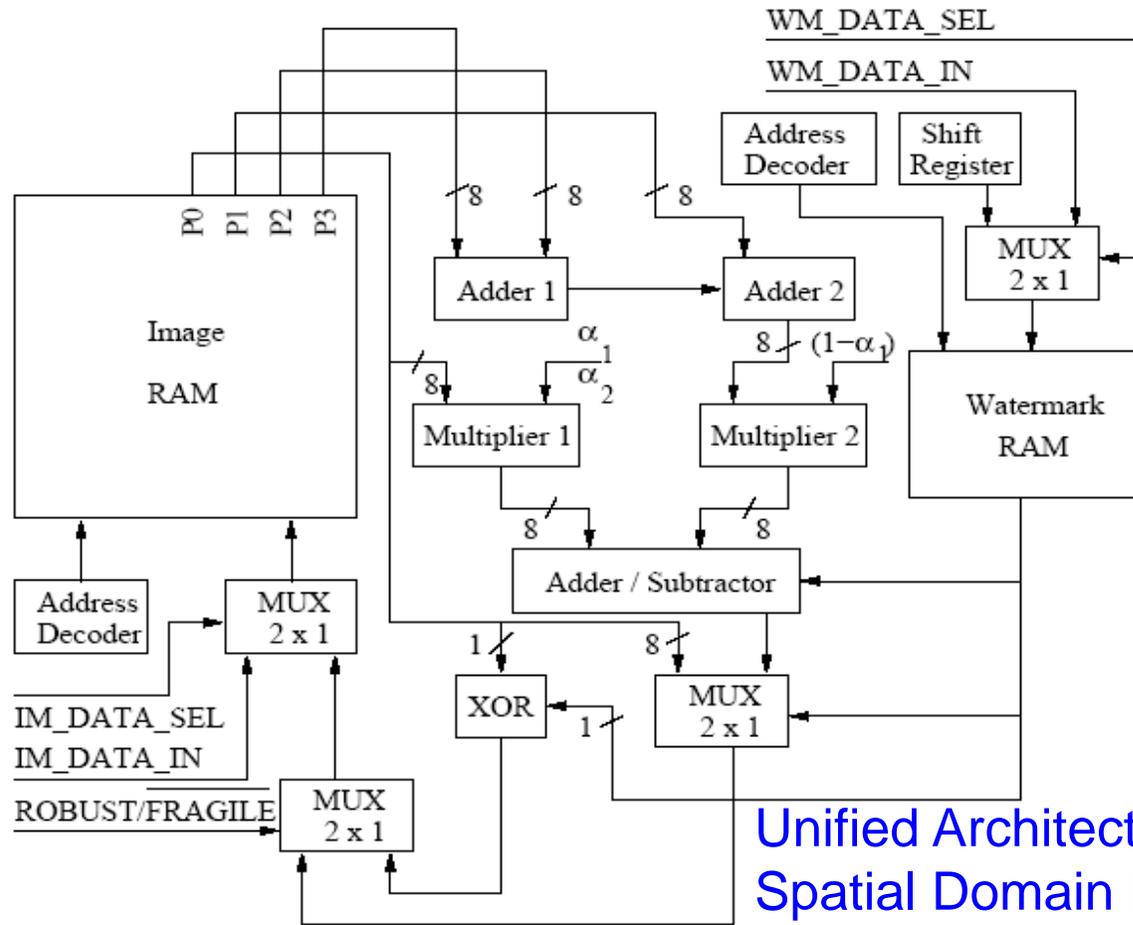


Chip Layout

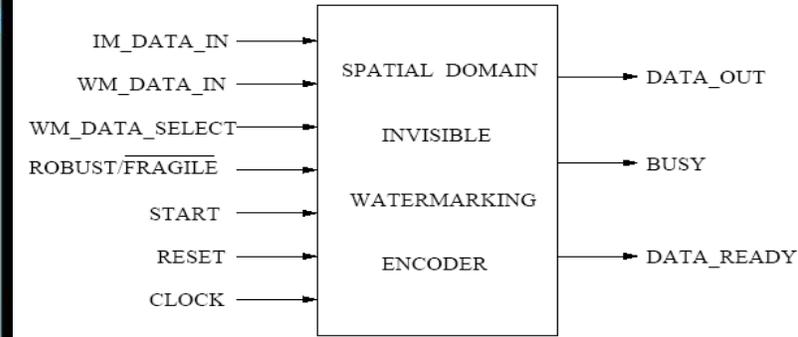
Chip Design Data
 Total Area : 9.6 sq mm, No. of Gates: 28,469
 Power Consumption: 6.9 mW, Operating Frequency: 292 MHz

Source: **S. P. Mohanty**, N. Ranganathan, and R. K. Namballa, "A VLSI Architecture for Visible Watermarking in a Secure Still Digital Camera (S²DC) Design", *IEEE Transactions on Very Large Scale Integration Systems (TVLSI)*, Vol. 13, No. 8, August 2005, pp. 1002-1012.

Our Design: First Ever Watermarking Chip for Source-End Visual Data Integrity



Chip Layout



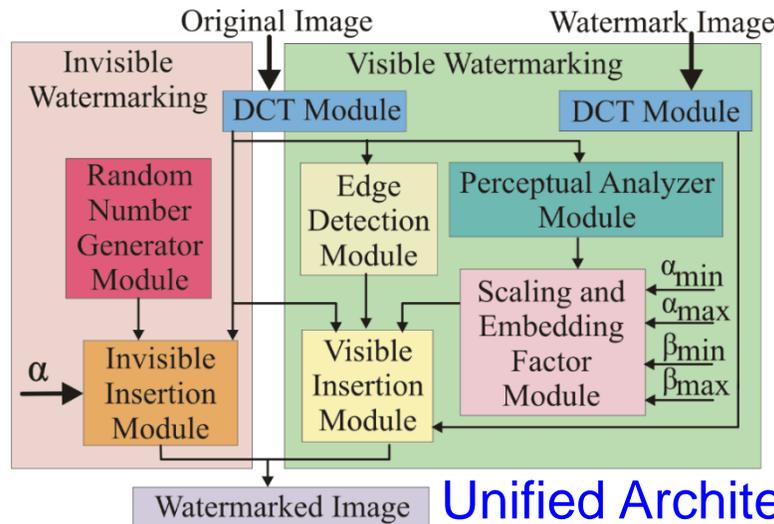
Pin Diagram

Chip Design Data
 Total Area : 0.87 sq mm, No. of Gates: 4,820
 Power Consumption: 2.0 mW, Frequency: 500 MHz

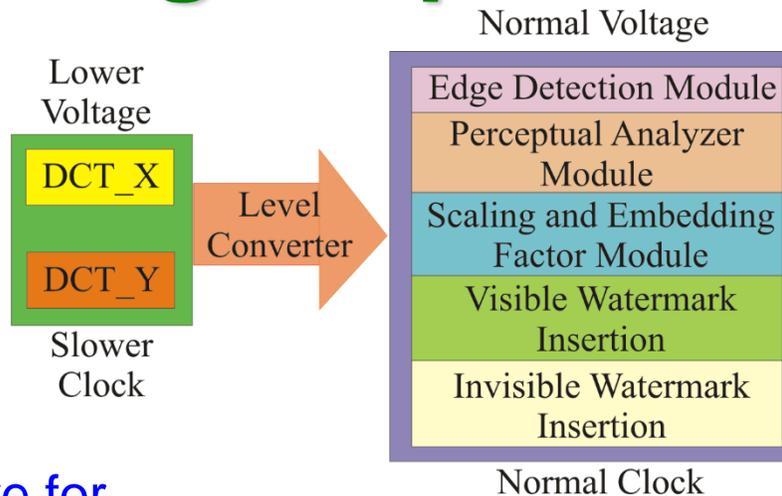
Unified Architecture for Spatial Domain Robust and Fragile Watermarking

Source: **S. P. Mohanty**, E. Kougianos, and N. Ranganathan, "VLSI Architecture and Chip for Combined Invisible Robust and Fragile Watermarking", *IET Computers & Digital Techniques (CDT)*, September 2007, Volume 1, Issue 5, pp. 600-611.

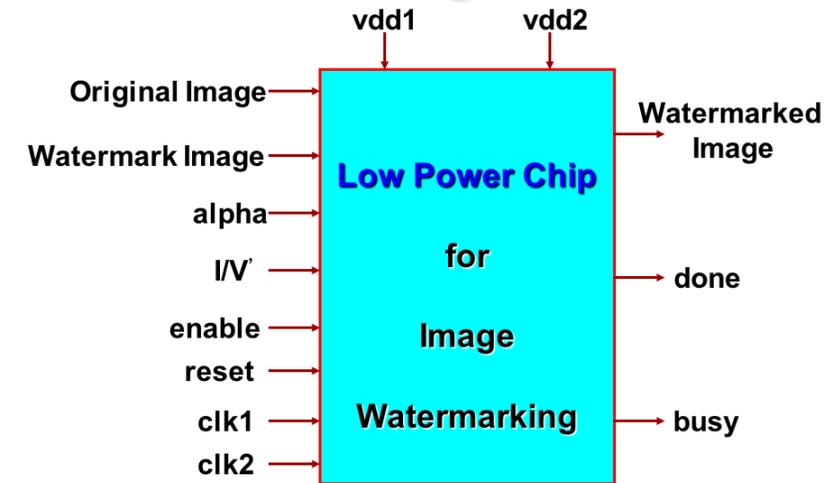
Our Design: First Ever Low-Power Watermarking Chip for Data Quality



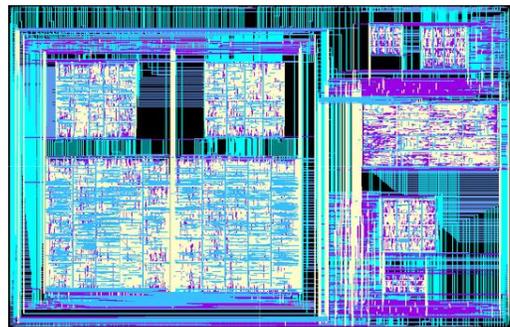
Unified Architecture for DCT Domain Watermarking



DVDF Low-Power Design



Pin Diagram



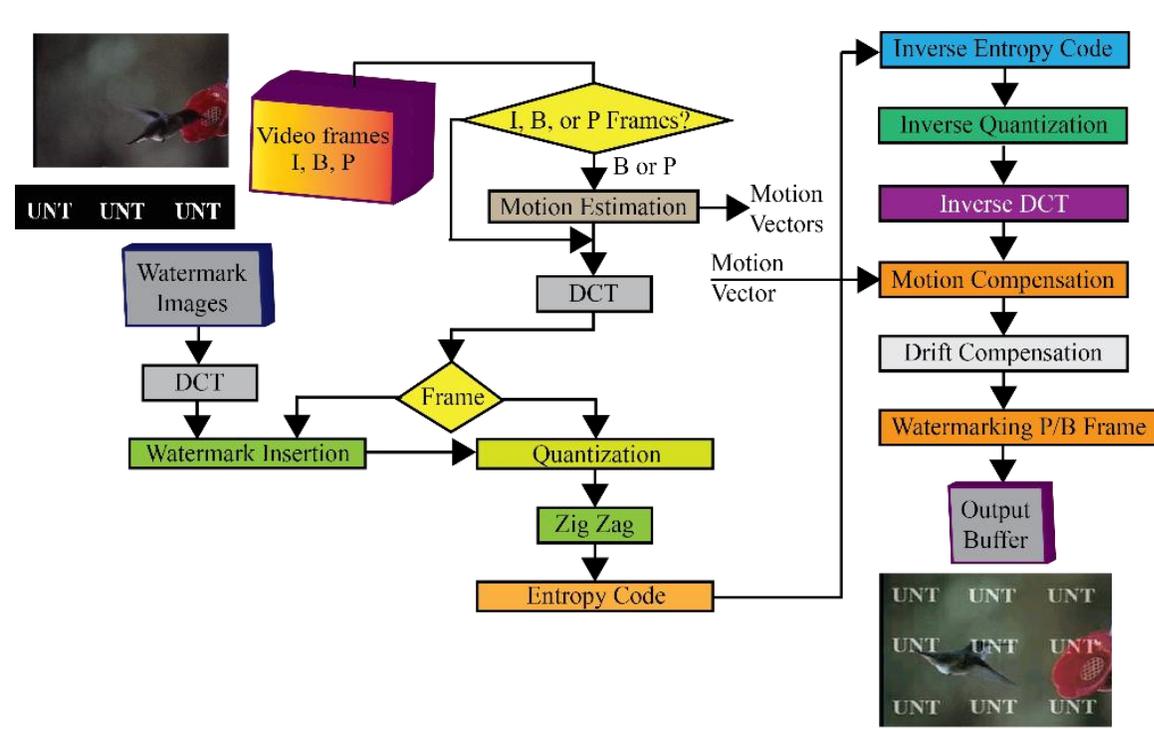
Chip Layout

Chip Design Data

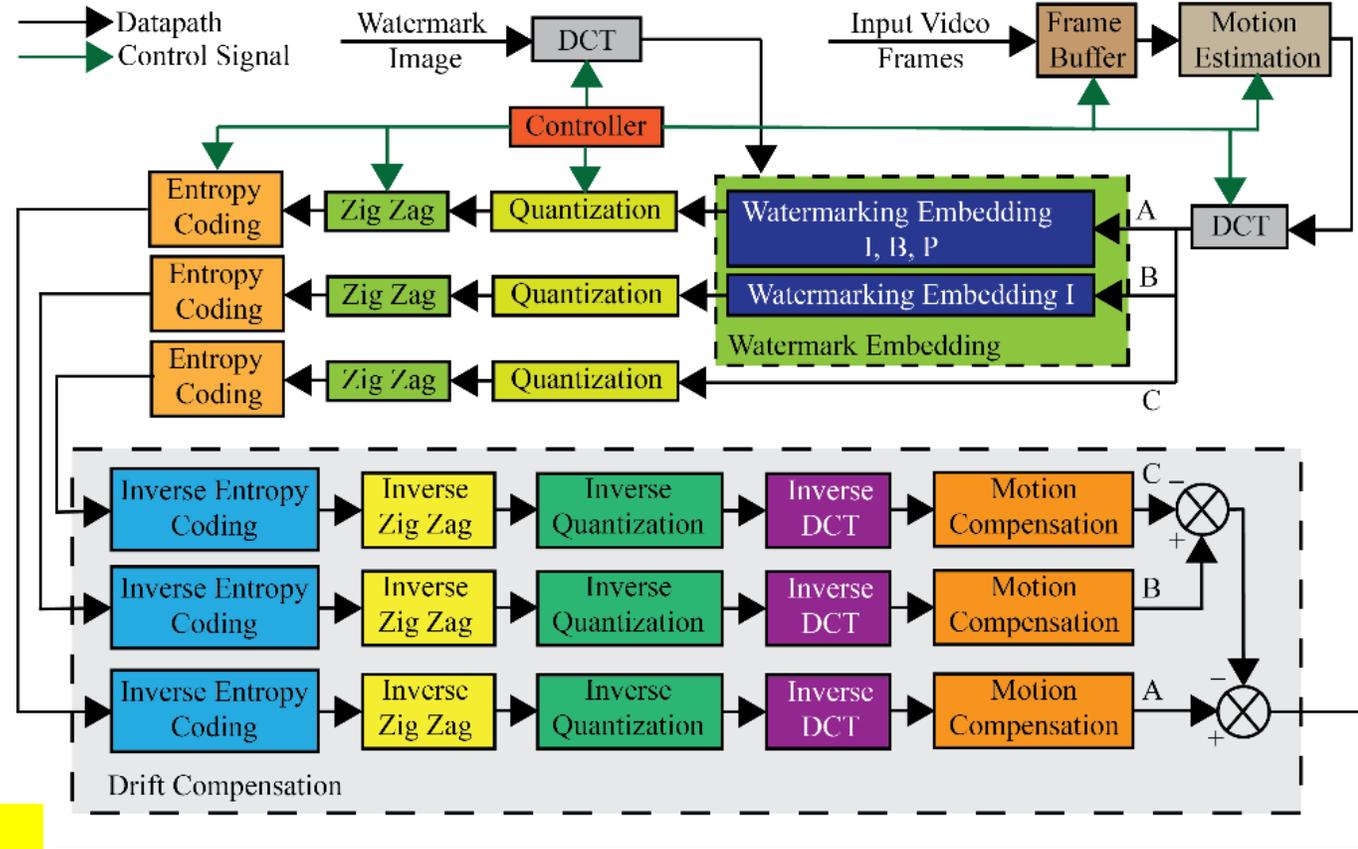
Total Area : 16.2 sq mm, No. of Transistors: 1.4 million
 Power Consumption: 0.3 mW, Operating Frequency: 70 MHz and 250 MHz at 1.5 V and 2.5 V

Source: S. P. Mohanty, N. Ranganathan, and K. Balakrishnan, "A Dual Voltage-Frequency VLSI Chip for Image Watermarking in DCT Domain", *IEEE Transactions on Circuits and Systems II (TCAS-II)*, Vol. 53, No. 5, May 2006, pp. 394-398.

Our Chip for Real-Time Video Watermarking



(a) Video Watermarking Algorithm as a Flow Chart

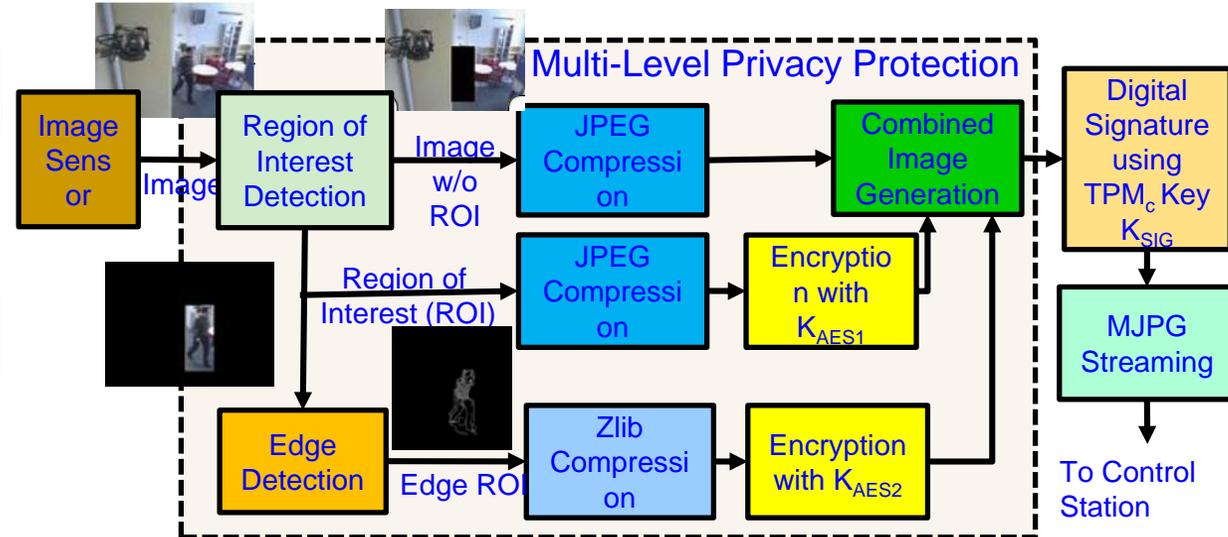
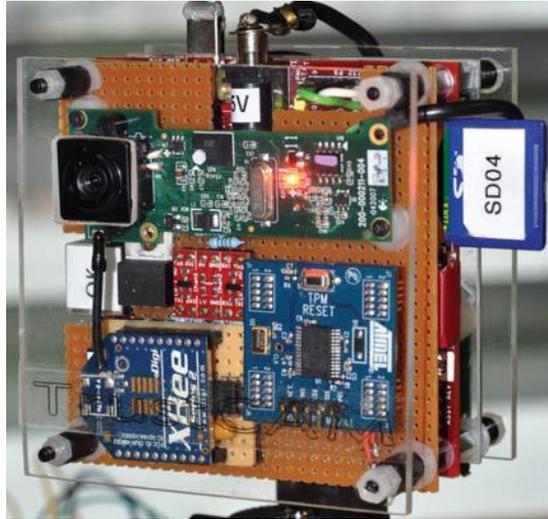


(b) Architecture of the Video Watermarking Algorithm

Source: **S. P. Mohanty** and E. Kougianos, "Real-Time Perceptual Watermarking Architectures for Video Broadcasting", *Journal of Systems and Software*, Vol. 84, No. 5, May 2011, pp. 724--738.

FPGA based Design Data
 Resource: 28322 LE, 16532 Registers, 9 MUXes
 Operating Frequency: 100 MHz
 Throughput: 43 fps

My Watermarking Research Inspired - TrustCAM

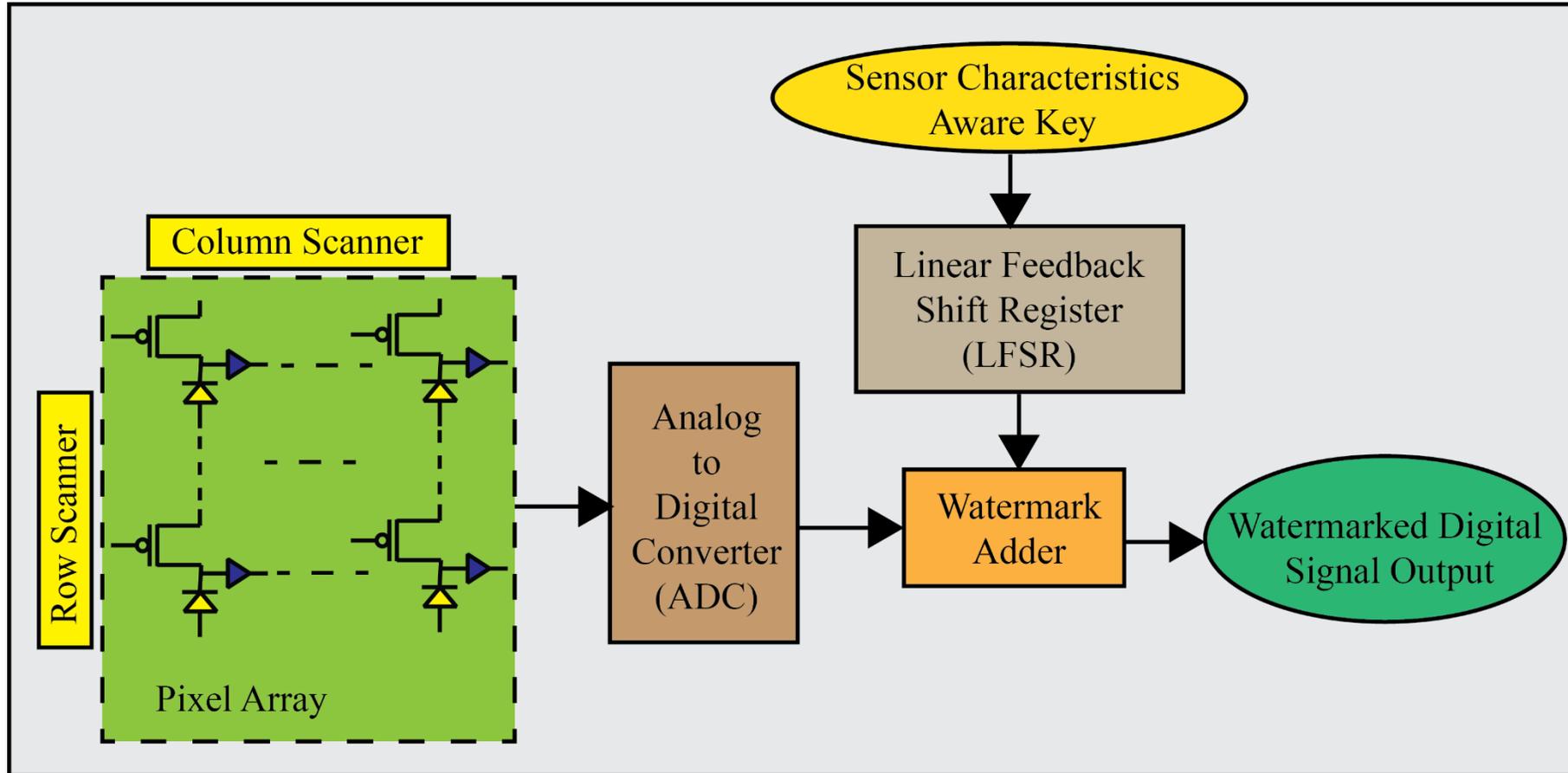


For integrity protection, authenticity and confidentiality of image data.

Source: https://pervasive.aau.at/BR/pubs/2010/Winkler_AVSS2010.pdf

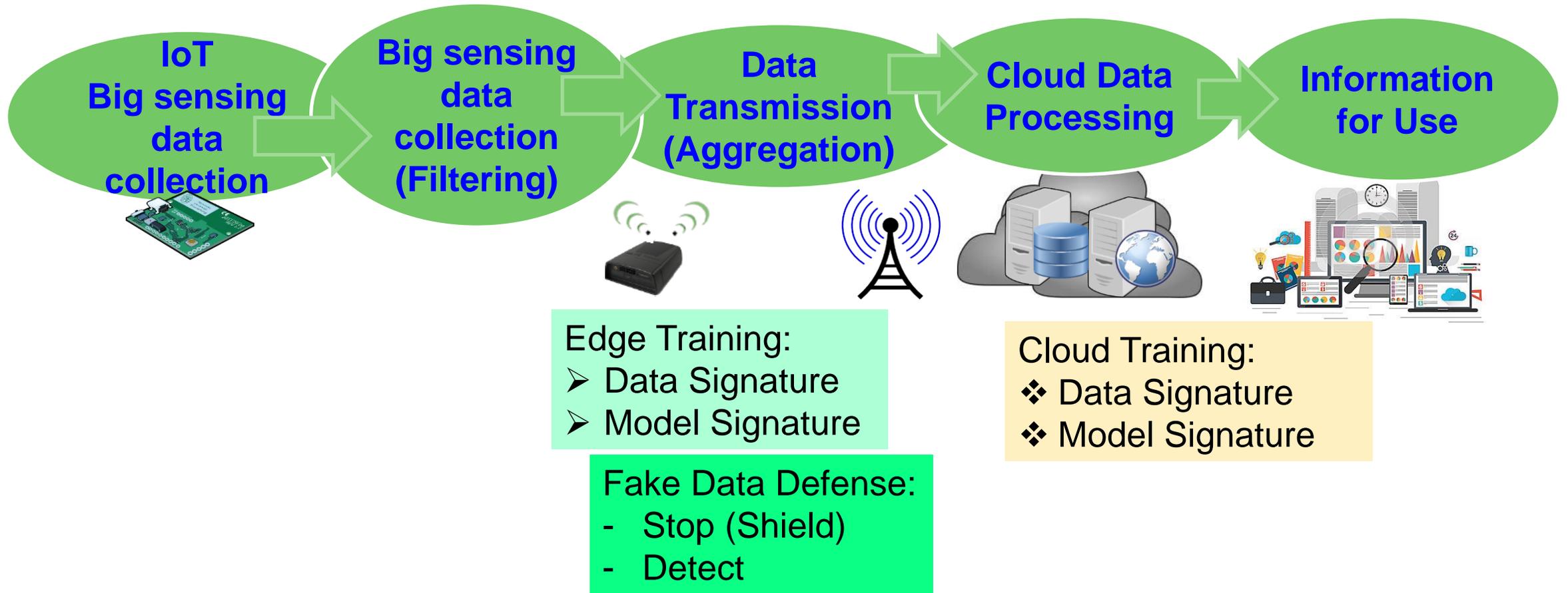
- Identifies sensitive image regions.
- Protects privacy sensitive image regions.
- A Trusted Platform Module (TPM) chip provides a set of security primitives.

My Watermarking Research Inspired – Secured Sensor



Source: G. R. Nelson, G. A. Jullien, O. Yadid-Pecht, "CMOS Image Sensor With Watermarking Capabilities", in *Proc. IEEE International Symposium on Circuits and Systems (ISCAS)*, 2005, pp. 5326–5329.

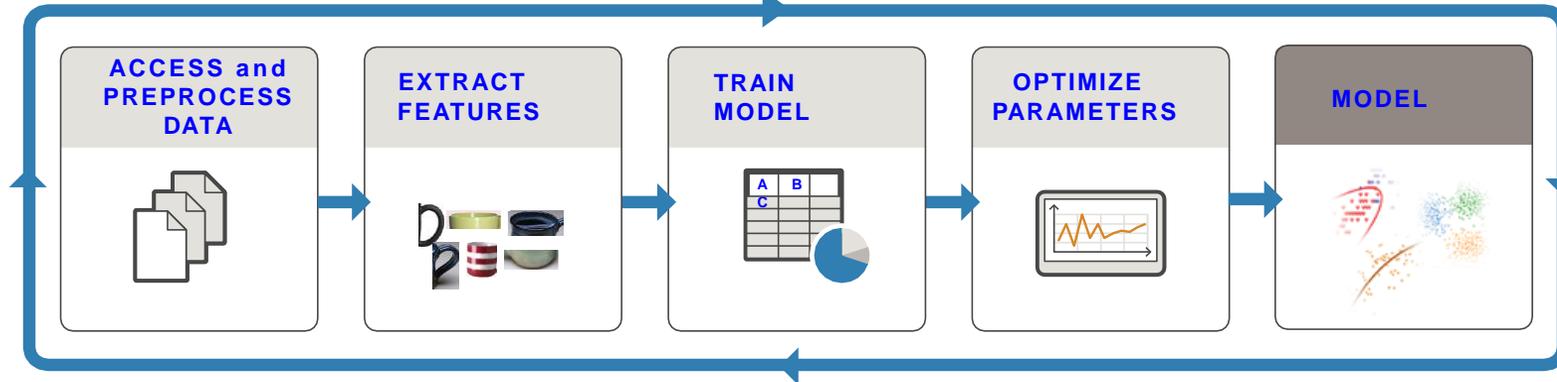
Secure Data Curation a Solution for Fake Data?



Source: C. Yang, D. Puthal, S. P. Mohanty, and E. Kougianos, "Big-Sensing-Data Curation for the Cloud is Coming", *IEEE Consumer Electronics Magazine (CEM)*, Volume 6, Issue 4, October 2017, pp. 48--56.

TinyML - Key for Smart Cities and Smart Villages

TRAIN: Iterate until you achieve satisfactory performance.

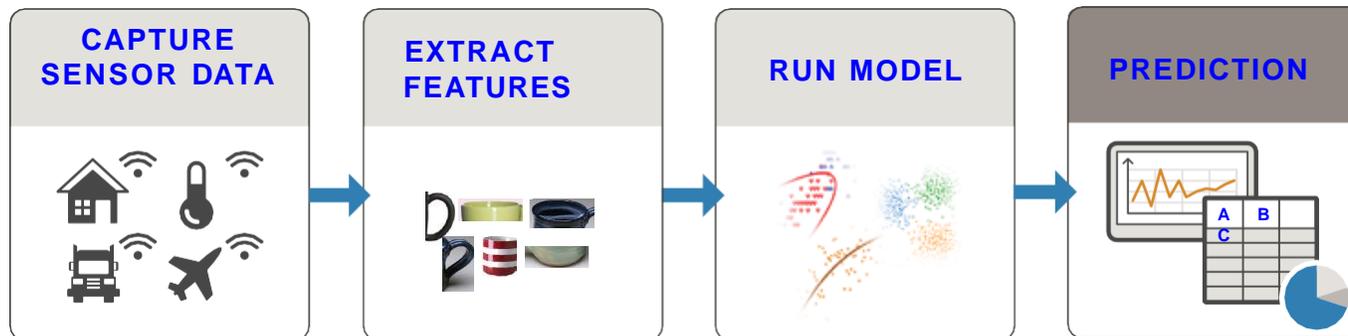


Needs Significant:

- Computational Resource
- Computation Energy

Solution: Reduce Training Time and/or Computational Resource

PREDICT: Integrate trained models into applications.



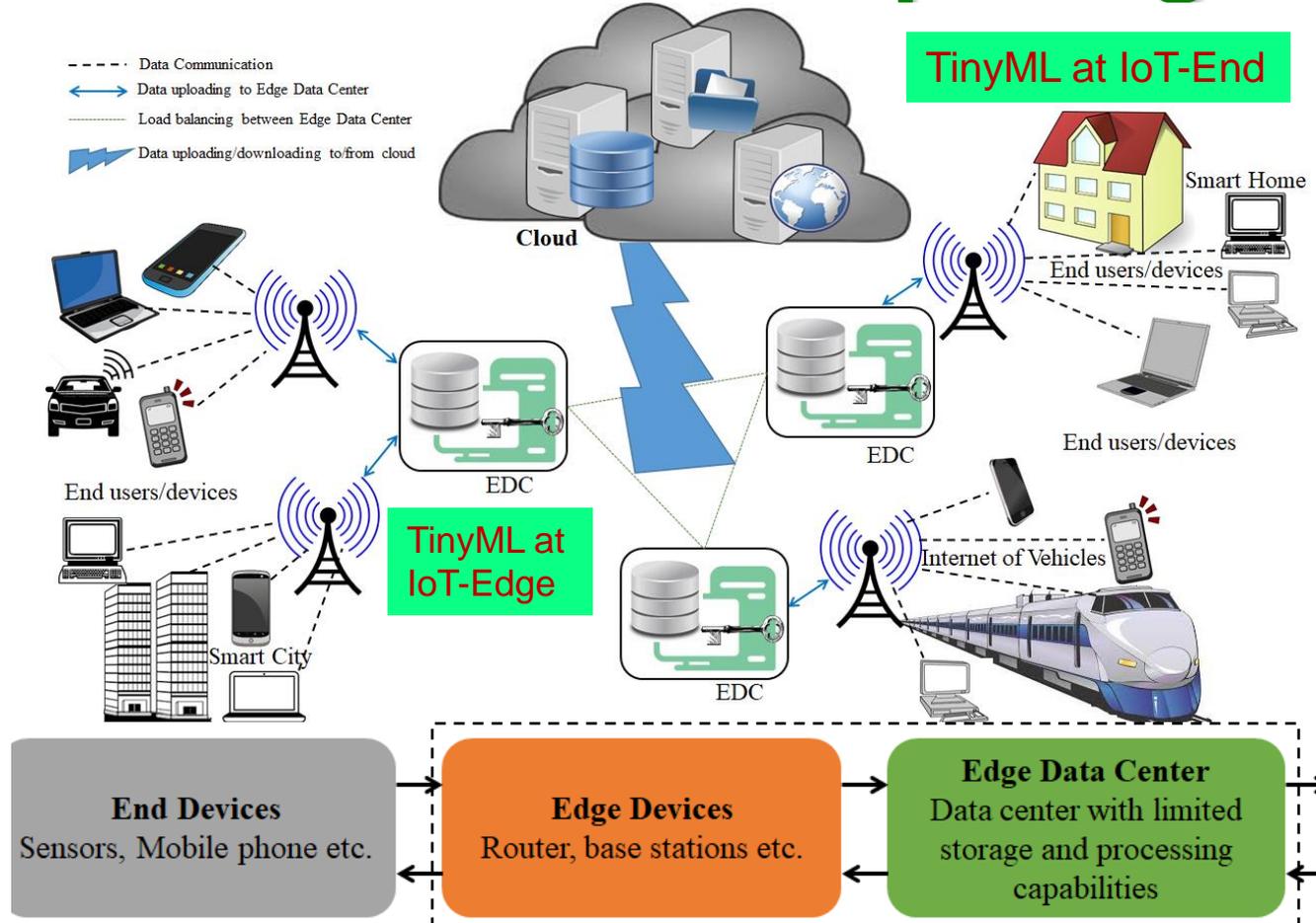
Needs:

- Computational Resource
- Computation Energy

Solution: TinyML

Source: <https://www.mathworks.com/campaigns/offers/mastering-machine-learning-with-matlab.html>

Collaborative Edge Computing is Cost Effective Sustainable Computing for Smart Villages



Collaborative edge computing connects the IoT-edges of multiple organizations that can be near or far from each other
 → Providing bigger computational capability at the edge with lower design and operation cost.

Source: D. Puthal, M. S. Obaidat, P. Nanda, M. Prasad, S. P. Mohanty, and A. Y. Zomaya, "Secure and Sustainable Load Balancing of Edge Data Centers in Fog Computing", *IEEE Communications Mag*, Vol. 56, No 5, May 2018, pp. 60--65.

Conclusions



Conclusions

- Security and Privacy are important problems in Cyber-Physical Systems (CPS).
- Various elements and components of CPS including Data, Devices, System Components, AI need security.
- Both software and hardware-based attacks and solutions are possible.
- Security in H-CPS, E-CPS, and T-CPS, etc. can have serious consequences.
- Existing security solutions have serious overheads and may not even run in the end-devices (e.g. a medical device) of CPS/IoT.
- **Hardware-Assisted Security (HAS): Security provided by hardware for: (1) information being processed, (2) hardware itself, (3) overall system. HAS/SbD advocate features at early design phases, no-retrofitting.**

Future Directions

- Privacy and/or Security by Design (PbD or SbD) needs research.
- Security, Privacy, IP Protection of Information and System (in Cyber-Physical Systems or CPS) need more research.
- Security of systems (e.g. Smart Healthcare device/data, Smart Grid, UAV, Smart Cars) needs research.
- Sustainable Smart City and Smart Villages: need sustainable IoT/CPS



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- Topics of interest to consumer electronics: Video technology, Audio technology, White goods, Home care products, Mobile communications, Gaming, Air care products, Home medical devices, Fitness devices, Home automation and networking devices, Consumer solar technology, Home theater, Digital imaging, In-vehicle technology, Wireless technology, Cable and satellite technology, Home security, Domestic lighting, Human interface, Artificial intelligence, Home computing, Video Technology, Consumer storage technology. Studies or opinion pieces on the societal impacts of consumer electronics are also welcome.

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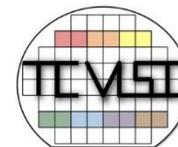
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